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SERENADE.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.
BY F. J. WILLOUGHBY.

The winds have gone unto their rest,
The lamps of heaven burn,
And glimmer down on rill and lake
That all their rays return.
With folded wing,
The bird hath hushed its twittering,
While I beneath thy casement sing,
Sweetheart, alone to thee!

Rest sweetly in thy dainty bed,
Till stars forget to shine;
And could a lover's prayer bring dreams,
Delicious would be thine:
Of shady groves,
Where lovers wander with their loves,
And each the other's loving proves,
And lists the tender vow.

And in thy dream thou'dst seem to be
Where summer loves to wait,
To press upon the glowing land
Her kisses passionate!
And I alone
Would be a-near, with lover-tone
To murmur in thine ear—"My own,
My own for evermore!"

KING FARO
AND HIS SATELLITES;
Being Leaves from the Diary of
A REFORMED BOWERY BOY.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER
BY JOHN COOPER VAIL,
AUTHOR OF "THE HEBREW GLADIATOR," "LA TOUR DE NESLE," "LIFE SCENES IN OUR GREAT CITIES," ETC.

BOOK IV—PART I.
THE TAPIS FRANC AND OTHER LIKE INSTITUTIONS.

At number 10 Ann street, between Broadway and Nassau, where the noise and bustle of active life never ceases throughout the hours of daylight, and where the noble art of John Faust and Benjamin Franklin flourishes with great prosperity to enlighten the world, once stood the famous Tapis Franc. The house, though substantially built, was in a dilapidated state when its worthy proprietors, John L—— and Peter C—— opened it as a temple of fortune, where any and everybody who had the nerve were welcome to come and tackle the tiger in his lair. The tiger of the Tapis Franc was no velvet-footed *animile*, with well trimmed claws and teeth pulled out, so that a novice could handle him with impunity. When D—— or McG—— were in the seat he bit, tore and slashed around with a vim that made the boys turn pale and shiver, but they took him into camp sometimes (though not often), and then there was rejoicing and merriment to the tune of "Tickle me, tickle me, tickle me, do, tickle me and I'll tickle you;" but the beast would break loose and cut up rough, spite of all their manly efforts to keep him chained. When he was mad he could have chawed up a VanAmburgh in a minute, and would have given a Samson the liveliest kind of a brush. The front room of the establishment had a bar after the fashion of the English ale house style. The back apartment, where the various games of chance were carried on, was some four or five feet beneath the level of the street. It was a dark room, even in the clearest of weather, as most of the light was derived from two rear windows that opened on a high boarded yard only some eight feet square. It was hot enough there even in the depth of winter, when the morning game was in full blast, if we are to judge of one young gentleman who used to sit there in his drawers, piling 'em on every part of the layout, with the sweat standing on his forehead in great beads, though the thermometer at Sweeney's, opposite, was plum down to zero. His coat, pants, vest and boots, being in the tender care of his uncle, it was enough to keep him red hot and still a-heating, and, unless the *keards* came his way before his last check went Jack-king, (the chap who was hung in Boston), or on the queen (sometimes denominated *nymph du pave* of Babylon), he had the happy thought that he would be obliged, when the shades of night set in, to wend his way homeward in a flour barrel. Short cards and tin-pot banks were the rule during the afternoon at the Tapis Franc. Some ambitious young man, who had made the observation that the *artistes* who sat in the seat wore diamond pins, and double time lightning, second duplex chronometer levers, made by Tobias or Jules Jurgensen, while those on the other side of the table were often attired in linen dusters, when an over-coat breeze was sweeping round the street corners, would open a tin-pot bank as soon as the thoroughbreds had retired, and invite the crowd warmly to sail in and take him at a two dollar and a half limit.

Often the boys would gobble up an embryo dealer so quick that it made his head swim, but on the other hand he sometimes took them all into camp, the even leaving them a quarter to allay the pangs of hunger at the restaurant over the way. The gentle lambs of the Tapis Franc were ripe for anything that would recruit their finances then; the boldest sallied forth to twist a super; those with less nerve to heel a countryman or staff a watch.

The patrons of the house ranked in almost every sphere of society. Heavy and well to do merchants and bankers attended the morning game, with men of leisure of every rank and politicians of every grade, from an Alderman to a bar-room spouter. There were garroters (known to be on it) who were welcome as long as their money lasted, and dark browed men who had sailed on board of pirates and slavers, and who could, if they would, tell tales that would chill the blood of a novice. There were colonels of imaginary battalions on land and captains of phantom ships on sea. Even a veteran was often puzzled how to cypher up a patron of the Tapis Franc. The biggest dead beat in the crowd dressed, talked and acted like a Methodist clergyman, while a rough featured fellow, who had but little to say, was thought to be a burglar until some one ascertained that he was a highly respectable grocer up town, and, aside from his love for Faro, no man could utter a word against him.

As the rain, according to Scripture, descends on the just and unjust, all men at the gaming table are favored alike if they have money to play. The greenbacks that line the wallet of a bludgeoner are as acceptable to the man in the seat as the wages of the honest mechanic, earned with many an hour of toil. More so, perhaps, for we have known those who backed the game warn working men not to play, even when they had what is called among the sporting fraternity "a good thing," when they would have skinned a swindler to his last dime without mercy. The Tapis Franc, like most other places of the kind accessible to the general public, was favored with the presence of shysters, suckers, dead beats and check charmers. They hung around the place, taking the chance to keep the cues or to beg, borrow or steal a stake. Of all the cosmopolitan crowd the check charmer was most to be dreaded. Rooster K——, whose veracity was unimpeachable, said that he once knew a check charmer who could stand at twenty feet distance and whistle a check to him off of anybody's pile. That fellow could give Blitz and Hermann chalks at their own game; the sucker of the Tapis Franc was an ingenious cuss, with a mechanical turn of mind. He would sometimes send to the grocery and purchase a turnip, which he would pare, and then cut into slices of the same size and thickness of the checks the banker was using. He would then slily wedge himself in among the crowd, and, after putting a good white check on a pile of those manufactured from the turnip, would watch the effect of his skill with intense anxiety. If the cards came his way, nine times out of ten the dealer would measure up a pile alongside without discovering the trick, and the sucker would try the same game over again; but, on the contrary, if the bank won there was generally some tall swearing when the dealer went to lift the bet and the slices of turnip were scattered about the room. Aleck H—— was rather superstitious, and one day nearly fainted in the chair to see a half dollar fly off of a card at which he happened to be looking at the time he made the turn.

"Good gracious, boys," said Aleck, "just look at that half dollar dancing."

The piece of money had a hole in it, to which the ingenious sucker who played the trick had attached a very fine silk thread. When the card on which it was placed won he let it lay, and was paid a couple of quarter checks, but when he lost he would suddenly jerk the coin in his lap. There were times when the lambs of the Tapis Franc felt rather wolfish, and then woe to the traveler who happened to blunder in there with a well lined pocket book if he did not ask the boys to take a smile. This was particularly the case after dark. On a sudden, shrieks, cries and prayers for mercy would resound from the back yard, to the great horror and astonishment of the unsophisticated countryman.

"What in the name of the Lord are they a-doing of out there?" he would inquire.

"Nothing much," one of the boys would reply, as he puffed at his cigar with easy nonchalance; "they are only a-planting of him."

"Planting of him? What's that?"

"Burying him, of course."

"What! alive?"

"To be sure. You are not certainly such a damned fool as to think that a dead man can holler murder?"

"Lord bless us! what a place New York is! I never heard of such a thing. Bury a man alive! What the devil did he do?"

"Why he came in here, had plenty of money, put on airs, and wouldn't ask the boys to drink."

"I say, ge-ge-gentlemen, let's all try a little something," the countrymen would stutter forth, and, after the boys had all imbibed, he would make the tallest kind of tracks from the terrible vicinity. The farmers of Long Island and New Jersey, around the evening fireside, often related to their horror stricken families how men were robbed, murdered, and even buried alive, in the dark shadows of the terrible Tapis Franc. An astonished countryman, who once happened in there when all the crowd had gone stone broke against the tiger, inquired anxiously (and meant it, according to his looks) if there was not a vacation in hell. Many thoroughbreds obtained the first rudiments of their education within the classic walls of the Tapis Franc. There Chauncey J——, then a youthful clerk in a down town store, was first initiated into the mystic rites of King Faro. He came from a highly respectable family in the rural districts, and was as pleasant and good natured a young fellow as one could meet in a day's walk. One unfortunate morning the tiger clawed him hard, and poor Chauncey lost his situation. He took it easy, however, for he had made up his mind to become a gay gambolier. The first four months of his initiation things were rough with him, according to all appearances, for he was reduced to a bombazine coat, and the toes of his boots were out in the depth of winter. Still he never desponded, and if you met him in the darkest hour and said:—

"Chauncey, old boy, how is things?" he would reply, with his usual winning smile:—

"Things is working."

"Then your luck has changed, Chauncey?"

"Well, I can't say that exactly, my boy, but they seem to be coming a little my way, for I have just run a shoe string up to five dollars; but you know the next deal may run the five dollars down to a shoe string, and then things won't look quite so lovely."

Ten years afterwards Chauncey J—— was the terror of many a heavy Broadway banker, when he played the flyer every turn out of the box, and his lightest call was for a thousand dollars' worth of checks. One of the thoroughbreds of the Tapis Franc at the date of our story was a young man of pleasing address and polished manners. He always dressed in the most fashionable style, and his deportment was that of an accomplished gentleman. Generous to a fault, and ever ready to assist an acquaintance in the dark hour of misfortune, rendered him a favorite among all classes of society who battle against the strong arm of the law. Bankers, whose treasures were guarded by the strongest of bolts and bars, trembled at his name, and many a first class hotel had reason to repent if he appeared on their books under the assumed name of Wilkes, Brown, or Tomlinson. No one, not even his most intimate friends, ever saw him write a line, and yet he was a perfect master with the pen. The mysterious forgery on Groesbeck, a Wall street banker, for twenty-six thousand dollars, was one of the most curious occurrences that ever took place in the annals of the New York police force. Thomas K—— presented a check at the bank for the amount stated above, and was paid. A highly respectable merchant from the west presented a similar check for a like amount, and it was pronounced a forgery. The merchant swore that he had received the check from the bank in the way of business, and his witnesses for truth and probity were undoubted. The check passed by Thomas K—— was genuine, and Groesbeck did not attempt to deny his signature. The way that K—— made the exchange never came to light, for no detective on the force could make anything out of him. He had an invincible enemy, however, in officer Robert B——, and that officer followed his track for years without being able to hunt him down. The chase was long and earnest, and the wily officer for once seemed to have met his match. At length a clue was obtained though perhaps the slightest that ever incarcerated a man in the gloomy walls of a prison. The Phœnix Bank, of Westerley, Rhode Island, was broken into and robbed of a large amount of money in bills and coin, and though K—— proved that he was not within a hundred miles of Rhode Island on the night the robbery took place, officer B—— arrested him for the crime. The only evidence against him was that a fifty dollar bill of the bank was found in his possession. On this slender thread of evidence he was convicted, and served a term of seven years in a dreary prison. The evidence would not have convicted any other man living but Thomas K——. Banks were thought to be unsafe institutions when he was at large and a devoted satellite at the court of King Faro. Sometimes, when there was a full game at the Tapis Franc, the expressions made use of by the players were most quaint and curious. There were always a large number of *kickers* (as sporting men term those who chafe at the loss of their wagers), and the way they would go on when the tiger clawed them hard, rendered the place a perfect pandemonium. Any quantity of boot heels accumulated under the table, which was a source of profit to the sons of St. Crispin. "There I come again and there I go," never ceased to respond to the click of the dealing box. One day, when John L—— was in the chair, an enthusiastic kicker, maddened with splits, fired his gold watch at the artist, and he returned the compliment by breaking the cue box over the grapey gentleman's head.

Strange bets were often made among the thoroughbreds, merely to wile away the time till they spread their nets to catch fresh suckers. Reuben R—— once wagered ten dollars with Thomas C—— that he would not dare to cut his hair as short as he would. R—— had no idea that C—— would take him up, for C—— owned Hyperion curls that were the pride of his heart. C—— accepted the wager, however, and won, for he had his beautiful locks shaved off with a barber's razor. R——, on the contrary, had been clipped with the shears and showed a crop on his cranium an eighth of an inch long. Benjamin P—— was an inveterate player and experienced the various changes of a sporting man's up and down life. One day he won thirty-five dollars at the Tapis Franc. The game had closed, and, like a respectable citizen, he was quietly wending his way homeward on the eastern side of town, when he met a friend, who remarked:—

"Old top, there's a sure thing around the corner."

"Where?" said P——, who was always open for chances and ready to double his capital.

"Right around the corner, over the baker's shop. A sucker has got a hundred dollar bank open, and I think you are smart enough to catch the turn on him."

P—— felt flattered by the compliment, and resolved, as gamblers say, to scoop in the *kushong* of the novice. He found the bank open, with two or three players, who were putting down a chip at a time. It was a winter's night, and the place was as cold as a barn. P—— resolved to do business quick, and started his bets at five dollars. He afterwards stated that he could not tell how many times he got split on that deal, but it was so often that it made his head revolve. The king coming a case, he put what money he had left on that card and lost on the turn. The dealer had not paid him a single bet, and P—— felt ready to commence civil war on the general run of mankind, when the baker's shop took fire below and the smoke began to pour up through the cracks of the floor. This was the feather that broke the camel's back, and P—— started up with the remark:—

"Here I was a decent and respectable man, going home to my wife and family with money in my pocket, when a shyster must fall in my road to tell me about this infernal tin-pot bank. If he has my wishes he will break his leg before morning. As for you, Mister Dealer, you have split me out, froze me out, smoked me out, and, as you want to burn me out, I'll be damned if I don't break out," and so saying he kicked the door from its hinges and rushed into the street, shrieking fire at the top of his voice.

The heavy players, such as John C——, Frank S—— and Louis H——, would often attend the morning levees of King Faro at the Tapis Franc, and then the game was interesting, and the kickers were sternly told to simmer down or vacate the premises. Five hundred dollars was not an uncommon wager when such veterans tackled the tiger. Number 8 Barclay street, where they held out at this period, was considered the heaviest gaming establishment in the United States. Players were always ready to stack up thousands over the limit that the bank would take. Louis H——, known better as Kite H——, once placed his pocket-book on a card at the game, number 3 Park row, and dared the dealer to turn for it (it seems there was some animosity between the parties), but the latter, aware of the nerve of his man, declined to accept the wager. It was well he did so, for the wallet lay on the ten spot, and H—— would have won. The wallet contained fifty-five thousand dollars, and the capital of the bankers was not quite half that sum.

In the summer of 1843 a youth, only seventeen years of age, made his appearance in Park row, whose nerve and abilities as an *artiste* astonished the veteran thoroughbreds. Where he came from originally was never clearly established, but he played with remarkable good luck, and often staked the limits of a game where the flyer was not beyond two hundred dollars. He was not partial, but would set-to with any veteran who challenged him to play at seven-up at a hundred dollars the rubber. He came off victor in every encounter till he tested his powers with Kite H——. At short cards they stood about even after a contest that lasted several days, but H—— finally broke the bold youth by roping him into tossing a penny. After H—— spun the penny in the air, the boy was to cry head or tail, and so sanguine was he that he had the best of it, that he freely wagered a thousand dollars on each toss of the coin.

The boy lost eight thousand dollars (which was the amount of his capital) in the course of a half hour's play. Then H—— informed him that, allowing him the privilege to toss, and an opposite party to *guess*, if he had players enough to compete with, he could win all the money in the world. We have heard old players assert that even if a bank had not the advantage of splits, that no single player could win if he followed up the game steadily for a year's time, as his being obliged to *guess* the winning cards would be a strong per centage against him. How they arrive at such a conclusion is beyond our arithmetic, for modern players have finessed things down so close that if the dealer did not have the advantage of splits (two-and-a-half to three per cent., according to Doctor Brown), no bank could contest long against the manœuvres of the scientific thoroughbreds.

Counting to sixty, and deeming it an advantage to play the card that reaches that number, is a childish theory unworthy of a moment's consideration. Where the limit is a liberal one, doubling on the cases as they come is a strong advantage in favor of the player; but sometimes there occurs a deal (as if Satan himself had rigged them through) that would puzzle Archimides or Zerah Colburn, and then all systems and theories vanish like smoke into empty air. The shysters and check charmers who congregated at the Tapis Franc were called "Rats" by the dealers, and their custom was never solicited, as they were thought a great detriment to the welfare of the game. Hunkey Dorey (whose name is now familiar to every one) was a celebrated check charmer in the palmy days of the Tapis Franc. He was always in hard luck, and earned a very precarious living by running to the pawnbroker's with any articles that the players desired to pledge. For the service he would receive a small stake, but he seldom got out of the house with a dollar. We have heard young ladies often make use of the remark, "That's Hunkey Dorey," when they happened to take notice of a handsome dress or beautiful shawl, but they would never use the expression if they could once set eyes on the double of the facetious Hunkey. He used to shuffle along rather than walk, and was partial to linen dusters in January. As he was invariably short of pocket handkerchiefs, among other trifles he had a fashion, not recognized as being just the thing in polite circles, of wiping his nose on his coat sleeve.

One morning, when John L—— was in the seat, kind fortune seemed to smile upon Hunkey. He was almost alone, for most of the players had discontinued to wash his luck, which bordered for a time on the wonderful. The more he put down the more he took up, and it seemed impossible for him to lose. He won so many bets that he finally began to play with a nerve, and he would stake five, ten and even twenty dollars at a time. They were coming his way, and he sang "Tickle me, do," and "Smile on me, fortune," with a gusto that was anything but pleasant to the ears of the dealer. When he first commenced to win he said if he could only raise enough to buy an overcoat he would be perfectly satisfied, but as he raked in bet after bet, his ideas expanded, and he mentioned casually that he was bound to patronize Brooks & Co. for a prime broad cloth suit, but the patent leather boots that he was about to order, he said, should take the shine out of everything. Every turn of the cards in his favor suggested some new idea about *them boots*. The dealer squirmed, not that he cared so much about his losses, for he was a man of undoubted nerve, but Hunkey telling him every moment how fancy he was going to dress up off his money, was more than human nature could bear. L—— kept quiet, however, until at length Hunkey got split on the largest bet he had made. Fortune had ceased to smile, and thenceforward he lost every wager he made in rapid succession. At length he was reduced to his last quarter check, which he grasped nervously, and asked L—— if he would oblige him with two splits. He was accommodated, and he placed one flat foot on the line, and the other nine-five. The nine lost on the turn, and Hunkey said:—

"There, I go broke."

Then the dealer's time for revenge had come. He looked up and remarked in an affectionate tone of voice:—

"Hunkey, don't you think that you can manage to get along with a pair of paper boots this winter?"

The Chatham street games, twenty-five years ago, were extensively patronized by the Israelites, in whom there was no guile. It was more than funny to hear their expressions when they bucked against the tiger in hard luck. There was one Jew who resembled Matthew Pocket, so ably described by Charles Dickens. Every time he would lose a check he would grasp his bushy hair with both hands and strive to lift himself out of the chair. Another individual, who was known by the name of "Glass Pudding," used to chaw the ends of his neck handkerchief to tatters, and bite his finger nails to the quick. One would say:—

"Did you ever see such luck, Mr. Benjamin?" and the other would respond—

"No, so help me G—d, Mister Levi, I never did."

There are few who live up to the law of Moses who buck against the tiger, who seem capable of following the advice of the itinerant thimble rigger. "You should'nt play, my gentlemans' sons, if you canta bear to lose." If there ever was a rough alley house, it was at number 96 Barclay street. Few dealers had the temerity to open bank there, though there was plenty of money among the crowd who patronised the place. The boys would have things come their way, and when they were in hard luck would grab for the bank. They bonnetted a dozen dealers in succession, and finally not a man could be found who was willing to take the seat. John Darg, a sporting gentleman from the far west, happened in one day and made an engagement with the proprietor for the use of his back room, at the same time stating that he wanted it to open a Faro bank, with a very liberal limit. The boys thought they had a sure thing to take the new dealer into camp, but John Darg was no novice in affairs of the kind. He had credentials to show that he had come off first best in half a dozen duels, and was only short an ear after a terrific encounter in a dark room with bowie knives. He had rather a pleasing exterior, black, bushy whiskers, and an eye that shone like a glass bottle. The day that he opened he took his seat in the chair with the grace of a Count d'Orsay. The boys eyed him as hawks eye the pigeons on which they are about to pounce. He gave the cards two or three velvety shuffles and placed them in the box, saying:—"Gentlemen, I hope there won't be any trouble here," and at the same moment he laid a formidable bowie knife and a silver mounted revolver on the table. Such arguments were very persuasive, and there was no trouble. There never was a more obliging or lucky dealer than John Darg. He won all the boys' money, watches and trinkets, and was kind enough to play for their coats, hats and boots. He kept a special shyster continually running to and from the pawn-brokers. It was a happy day for the crowd when he made up his mind to journey once more to the far west. Every old sport to this day must acknowledge that John Darg was invincible.

The proprietor of No. 96 Barclay street used to treat his guests with a chowder every Saturday night, at twenty-five cents a head, and powers of Lot's wife, Cape Cod and Turks Island. Was he not liberal with salt? Every man who indulged was sure to be dry for a week to come, and it was a sure thing that the chowder night caused two-thirds of the trade at the bar. Fish and clams were supposed to be the ingredients of which it was composed, but pepper sauce, catsup and salt anybody could swear to. David H—— found a tooth brush in his dish one night, but having an appetite like an Ogre, it did not seem to disturb his equanimity, for he laid it as he would a fish bone alongside of his plate and swallowed the contents of the dish to the last sup. Robert A—— used to hang out at No. 96 Barclay street, and was known among the boys as the dice friend. He earned the title by a very singular freak. His hobby was dice, and he would throw an antagonist for all the money he had in his possession. He once challenged Joseph E—— to throw for five dollars and the latter planked up the money, which A—— covered. Events take place in gambling that there is no accounting for by mathematical solution. A—— made the first throw and four showed on the dice—the lowest throw he could possibly make. E—— followed and also threw four. A—— picked up the dice, with the remark:—"If I throw four again I'll swallow *them* dice." The crowd gathered around, for they began to feel interested in the result. They knew if A—— did chance to throw four again he was stubborn enough to do as he said. Astonishing as it may seem, although the chances were a million to one against it, four actually turned up once more. A—— called for a glass of gin and a hammer. He pounded the dice into small fragments and drank them down with the liquor.

On another occasion, after a run of very hard luck, he buried his dice out in the back yard and placed a tombstone over them with great solemnity. To have meddled with his arrangements would have been injudicious, for he had an unpleasant way of firing a tumbler, bottle, or any thing else that came handy at any one's head who happened to incur his displeasure. Whenever he got broke against bank, he would take a seat in one corner of the room, and sing for hours together the nonsensical ditty:—

"Eat your meat and save your crumb,
Wait bime-by and the baby come."

What he meant by it, nobody had the temerity to ask him, for when A—— was broke, he was in a very *grapey* frame of mind. Sometimes, when the business of the day was over, the boys would assemble in the back room at number 96 Barclay street, and rehearse stories that were quaint and curious connected with various games of chance. Rooster K—— was perfectly at home in that line of business.

Wooley M——, who was inclined to be religious, always vouched for Rooster K——, and that, of course, satisfied all parties. Some one in the crowd would say:—

"Rooster, tell us about the man you met going up Broadway with a back load of anchors."

"Well, boys; you can bet a million that what I said about him was true. Every time he took a step he went up to his knees in the curb stones. They had to send next day to the commissioners to have the pavement re laid."

"Oh, that's played out, K——."

"Well, if you don't believe me you can ask Wooley M——."

"Oh, that's so," M—— would chime in. "I was there, and wondered why they didn't have him arrested for a public nuisance. Why, one of the anchors weighed nine hundred and fourteen pounds eleven ounces and three-quarters. He went down to his waist once, and I thought he had made a fair start for China. He was the best man on the heel I ever saw in my life."

"How did you come to have the weight of that anchor down so fine, Wooley?" suggested one of the listeners.

"Why, I thought some fool who doubted my veracity might ask about it, and so I went and had it weighed."

"Yes," said the sold individual, "but it was not quite so heavy as that bell that Rooster says fell in Yucatan and buried half the town."

A general laugh would follow these tough yarns, and some one of the party would ask all hands to take a sociable drink. The boys who patronised number 96 Barclay street were always up with the lark, for they went on the principle that "The early bird catches the worm." When on the lay, they often made a hundred dollar strike before breakfast, but with such men as John Darg in the seat, it was impossible for them to accumulate enough to feed the capacious maw of King Faro.

TO BE CONTINUED.

A WOMAN'S REASON.—A young widow, on being asked why she was going to get married so soon after the death of her first husband, replied:—"I do it to prevent fretting myself to death on account of dear Tom."

JAPANESE AT THEIR FENCING EXERCISES.

STAGE REALISM.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER
BY DIOGENES.

We remember having heard of a man who was too lazy to say his prayers. He wrote out his devotions on foolscap, however, and tied them to the foot of his couch. Before retiring he would hold them up to heaven and exclaim "them's my sentiments," and jump into bed. This man was an anti-realist—an enemy to free Raphaelism, who desired the full effect without the trouble of detail. Another anecdote will illustrate the realist.

An old sea captain, sojourning on shore for a brief period, was unable to sleep unless he heard the "vasty deep" plashing about the windows. So he posted his man, Scipio, outside to dash water against the panes, while he surrendered himself to Morpheus. This was fine for the captain, but rough on Scipio, who would sometimes, when the old salt was wrapped in slumber, give over, to catch a bit of the "balmy" himself. But the fever of association was so strong that the captain would wake up in a moment and roar out, in a voice that shook the conqueror's namesake with terror, "Sip., Sip., you damned black rascal, heave it up thar, heave it up—more tempestuous," and then turned in again to the music he loved to hear.

Now this gentleman was as conscientious in the matter of detail as Raphael himself; Millais, his later day representative, or the hundred and one stage artists who are particular as to the turning of a leaf or the shading of a twig.

Stage realism is sometimes new. Kemble, it is true, was a bold innovator in the traditions of the stage, and many of the old Park representatives were as correct as it was possible to be. But the scrupulous and almost unnecessary attention to detail that marks the stage representatives of to-day are a novelty to the youngest of stage goers, and must be considered a fault from the fact that it detracts in many cases from the dramatist's original ideas.

From Dr. Doran's exhaustive work (which, by the way, has done more in the way of research and "items" for some of the mush and milk critics on both sides of the water than it will ever get credit for) we glean the following:—Betterton wore in "Hamlet" a laced handkerchief, the "likes of which" had never been heard of in Denmark. Afterwards, in Garrick's time, the Dane was attired in a full court suit of black, "coat, waistcoat, kneebreeches, short wig, with que and bag, buckles in the shoes, ruffles at the wrists," and the ample ends of a cravat floating over his bosom. Woodward's Mercutio was attired as a young English squire of about the middle of last century. In Queen Anne's time, Cato was represented in a *flowered gown and flowing wig*. Garrick's Richard was one of the few characters he dressed correctly. It was boasted by a great actor that he played, during one season, *fourteen characters in one costume*. Macklin's Macbeth had no savor of antiquity, being clothed in a semi-military dress of the time. Garrick, in the same character, was said to resemble a Scottish sergeant-major of the line. Macklin's Hamlet was elegant, in a fine suit of black that any gentleman might have worn last century. Even Kemble, who was generally correct in his costuming, played Othello in the dress of an English general of the time—scarlet coat, three-cornered hat, epaulets and all. Indeed, the actors who were correct in this respect were few and far between, and indeed they were none the more popular on this account. The actor who makes his character an exposition of costume and the personal manners of the time, to the slighting of the more æsthetic portions of his task, commits a grave, unpardonable mistake. Before our time, the stage was the medium for the illustration of great, ennobling sentiments, the subtle delineation of character and the workings of passion and eccentricity. The actor was an actor—nothing more. Benedict might have walked amongst a set of dreary, daubed "flats," but his philosophy was as pulpy and delicious as they could be in the finest setting. The flower-pots were perhaps a thickness of pasteboard, but the words were still golden. His dress might not have been extremely correct in the representation, but the *characterization* was exquisite—was nature, or else the actor had in future better hide his light.

Now-a-days the gentleman struts about on a stage half covered with grass mats and sods. The walks are gravelled, a fountain plays in the centre, and a dazzling gush of sunshine half floods the scene, while the rest is skilfully shaded. The artisan has cunningly deceived the eye, and we see the long range of arbors and bowers dying away in the distance. Ladies recline on rustic benches, and their gallants are *posed* about them. As Benedict mouths his convenient vaporings and stalks about clad "historically correct," he cuts with his real Toledo side knife a real bunch of grapes that dangle from a real vine, which in turn clambers over a real, substantial wall, and he crunches the fruit daintily, let us hope, with real teeth, and carelessly gives vent to his philosophy like it was a horrid bore, and the sooner he got through with it the better—an idea silently subscribed to by the audience, as the profound reverence that the public have manifested for Shakespeare is a pleasant, agreeable fiction. So thoroughly demoralized have our theatre goers become that there is not really one-quarter of those who have attended the late numerous revivals that really appreciate the almost supernatural delineation of character that came from the immortal pen. The extraordinary knowledge of humanity, the exquisite beauty and truth of its reason and poetry are matters not readily understood, and it will take a season of less attention to accessories and more attention to the delineation of character before they can be educated up to it. They know, of course, when Othello throws Iago from him in a fine phrenzy that there is acting, and they applaud; but they do not grasp the truths and finer beauties of the play, and think, on the whole, it is dreary and flat. They like, like bottom, a part to "tear a cat in," and it is nothing but their *reverence* for the divine William and their love for the scenic artist and stage carpenter that keep them in their seats. It is also actually amusing to notice how some of our leading tragedians have given into this popular fallacy, and sacrifice the beauty of a rendition for the applause that comes from ignorance. In a recent representation of Othello, the representative of the noble Moor, in delivering the defence (which has passed into tradition and the reading books, more's the pity, as one of the finest passages in our language), uttered the concluding lines, the outspoken protest of a frank, plain-spoken soldier, whose great heart is throbbing under a dark accusation, but sure of convincing his judges of his innocence, lays open his bosom thus:—

"She loved me for the dangers I have pass'd,
And I loved her that she did pity them."

This was his entire justification, words that should have been spoken with passionate softness, and with an intense appeal for his love, arising not so much from a fear of losing his personal freedom as that his wife may be taken from him. And how did our tragedian render these lines? Why, like a penny dramatic bully; and when his head should have fallen on his bosom, and he should for the moment have become passive, he strode the whole length of the stage, swinging his arms in such a manner that one might expect, with justice, that the next words that issued from his mouth would be:—"Hold me back, you that know my temper best;" and the ignorant applauded, the common sensible snickered, and our young tragedian was satisfied.

Every well wisher of the stage desires to see the perfect combination of the actor's and the painter's arts. But if the combinations are foreign, if the actor's art is to become secondary on the stage, let's banish the paint brush at once. We have had lately too many nauseating examples of what our stage will become if this style of thing is to be persisted in. Dramas written to suit a fine series of stage pictures, or mechanical novelties; spectacles appealing to the grosser senses, and destroying the refined delight that is experienced when Shakespeare is really enjoyed. When the dramatic art in its own home becomes secondary to any other, it has acknowledged its own weakness, its own failure, and it must become eventually prostituted and debased. Let us, if we can, have forests of foliage, cascades of water, forked lightning, steamboats, railroads, and all that sort of thing; but let us, at the same time, have the living ideas of the poets clad in full integrity, vigor and truth.

It is a sad, yet convincing proof that in the recent numerous revivals of Shakespeare, gorgeous in rich scenery and dresses, making a season never before equaled in the number of showy, elegant spectacles presented on the New York stage, there was not one of these many revivals, which were all great scenic successes, that could be chronicled otherwise than as histrionic failures. Of course there were individual exceptions, who did "excellently well," but these *were* exceptions, and a revival taken on its respective merits was not attended by an average amount of ability. If this result, and it is painfully patent to every one, comes from a too scrupulous attention to details, "*Let's no more of them.*" What was commenced as an attraction and a novelty has become an abuse and a wrong, and it will finally crumble the theatrical profession like chaff.

Shakespeare was no "realist," as he sacrificed propriety for effect, and throughout his works we find incongruities creeping in that have an application and meaning, but are not, in a strict sense, in date with the time, place or period. For instance, we find Bottom prating thus:—

Bottom.—I will discharge it in either your straw-colored beard, your orange-tawny beard or your French crown color beard—your perfect yellow.

Quince.—Some of your French crowns have no hair at all, and then you will play barefaced.

French wigs, forsooth, in the days of Thesius.

Again we find Iago singing an English ditty, with the full benefit of broad dialect, and Cassio swears—"Fore heaven, 'tis a most exquisite song."

If we are to have a "realist" representation of Shakespeare, why not chop up the original text and cook it into a pre-Raphaelite pie. We are drifting towards that point where appearance is everything, sentiment nothing.

Simple justice requires us to say that some of the lighter comedies presented at Wallack's Theatre have been perfection itself. The scenes presented in the "Flying Scud," "Ours," "School," "Rosedale," and some others, were actually exquisite, and the acting was none the worse on that account. The interiors at this theatre are always elegant and in good taste. But when a piece is gilded and loaded to death, as was the case in "Much Ado About Nothing," it is to be censured in the strongest terms. We were a trifle surprised to notice Miss Eytinge's extravagant dress in the second act of "Caste," which is at war with the whole sentiment of her character, whose simplicity brought the high-bred lover to her feet. We would

also suggest that it is incorrect in a realist view, as panniers "came out" long subsequent to the Sepoy War in India.

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NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1869.

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FRANK QUEEN, Editor and Proprietor,
Nos. 88 and 90 Centre st., corner of Leonard.
Box 7,580, New York P. O.

NOTICE.

☞ CORRESPONDENTS advertisers, and all others writing in relation to matters connected with this or any other department of the CLIPPER, are respectfully requested to address their favors to the editor and proprietor, and thereby avoid omissions, mistakes, and confusion, which are likely to occur when such communications are addressed to our assistants.

NOTICE.

ADVERTISERS must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

To Correspondents.

COUNTRY READER, Iowa City.—1. The population of the nine largest cities at the taking of the last census in 1863 was:—New York, 813,669; Philadelphia, 565,529; Brooklyn, 266,661; Baltimore, 212,418; Chicago, 200,000; Boston, 177,840; New Orleans, 168,675; Cincinnati, 161,044; St. Louis, 160,773. Or 2,826,609 in the aggregate, while the present population of London is 3,170,754, leaving a difference of only 344,145 in favor of London; so as it is almost beyond doubt that the nine cities have increased more than said difference since 1863, we should think that London does not contain more population than the nine largest cities in the United States. 2. Sayers' arm was not broken, but was severely sprained.

YACHT CLUB.—1. The term "starboard tack" means turning to the right hand, and "port tack" means in the opposite or left hand direction. "Port" is a modernized technicality. It used to be called "larboard." but a similarity of sound or pronunciation to "starboard" led to its being changed to "port," as mistakes were less likely to be made by "the man at the wheel" and others when shouted at by the officer in command, in storms, etc. 2. We consider ourselves sufficient authority, having had considerable experience on the "salt sea wave," and as captain of the CLIPPER, for several years, but a reference to Webster will endorse our decision.

YOUNG BOXER, Boston, Mass.—1. The "Cast Iron Man," Charles Collins, is on record as having fought only once—with George Roo: e. 2. Not probable—they are not matched; Rumble—they are "wanting" evidently. 3 Tim Collins was born Dec. 25, 1845, stands 5 feet 5¼ inches in height. He beat Picket, Jesse Hutton's Spider, Cronin, Joe Bent, Jem Rollins, and Bill Gilham (twice on the same day) July 15, 1868; was beaten by Jerry Hawkes and Bob Furze, and fought a draw with Dockham.

WYOMING, Baltimore, Md.—1. There is no light or heavy weight belt in America, nor is there any recognized champion of *any* weight in this country. 2. Sam Collyer never fought "Billy McCoole." He did fight Billy Edwards, though, and was defeated by him in 47 rounds, 1 hour 14 minutes. 3. Do you refer to Abe Hicken and Maguire, or Harry Hicken and Carroll?

E. W., Boston.—We have no record of anyone playing "Macbeth" at the Howard Athenæum in August, 1858. The season opened Aug. 13th, and the stock played one week, followed by Emilie Melville. Probably some one of the company played one of the Thane of Cawdor. Frank Roche was the leading man and W. H. Collings heavies.

GIN AND SUGAR, Paris.—1. Mrs. D. P. Bowers and Jane Lander are considered very good as Comic. 2. Kate Fisher is probably the best at present before the public. 3. It was gotten up by a fraud for a revengeful purpose, and at the hearing the Judge dismissed the case. 4. Of the two, Collyer has proved himself to possess more power of enduring punishment.

TOM, Washington, D. C.—the fastest mile time was made recently by Herzog, at Cincinnati, in 1:43½. Henry Perrott's time is not regarded now as authenticated or reliable, and it has been expunged from the record. There is no reliable record of Flying Children's time.

TWO-FORTY, Cincinnati.—1. The fastest trotting time on record is Dexter's 2:17¾, running time, Herzog's 2:17¼. 2. We cannot undertake to pronounce which is the fastest race track in the United States. The Saratoga, Cincinnati and Metairie tracks are all very fast.

T. A. W., Cincinnati.—1. We have no means of ascertaining the exact distance between the two points. 2. Betting on a certainty does not invalidate the wager, unless fraud and misrepresentation were used to induce the making of the bet, in which case it is void.

P. P., Philadelphia.—It was called the Pennsylvania Theatre, located in Coates street, near Third. Northern Liberties, and was opened by Logan & Co., Nov. 7th, 1858, with "Passing the Wind," "Charles the Second," and "The Affair of Honor." The following season it was a German theatre.

SUBSCRIBER, East Birmingham, Pa.—1. James Nuttall ran 880 yards in 1 min. 55¾ sec. in England, Aug. 31, 1857. 2. We do not think it is the person you refer to. 3. Tom Sullivan beat "Bodger Crutchley" at Peyton's Island, Ohio river, March 20, 1857; the fight lasted over three hours.

A. H. R. Rose.—1. Jem Ward. 2. Sayers won the belt in 18 7 and retired after his fight with Heenan in 1860. 3. The second fight between Mace and Brettle lasted 19 minutes, during which 11 rounds were fought. 4. Sayers never fought Heenan.

A. W.—The origin of the game has never been definitely settled, but it is supposed to have been first played in Germany. As the question cannot be answered on good authority, your bet had better be drawn.

JNO. E. F., Marietta, O.—1. Yes; an Englishman named Lambert is recorded as having accomplished the feat of walking 1,000 miles in 1,000 hours at Stewart's gymnasium, Boston, in 1857. 2. Will answer the question next week.

WILLIE, Rondout.—1. We are unable to state how many steam fire engines there are in Philadelphia; perhaps some of our correspondents can inform us. 2. England has the largest navy of the four powers named.

RACER, Cincinnati.—The English sporting press gave Gladiateur's time, in the Two Thousand Guineas, as 1:39. We have no record of the fastest time in France. Herzog's fastest mile in this country is 1:43¼, and this stands at the head of the record here.

J. C. C., Baltimore.—The shot on which the five points were made was a part of the game; therefore, the points were also a part, and should have been credited to C's score, which, as we stated last week, made C the winner.

ROSS, Rock Island.—The operation has been performed, but has only proved successful in a few instances, being always attended with danger.

F. D. F., Leesport.—American Girl was sired by Cassius M. Clay, Jr.; her dam's pedigree, beyond that she was a well bred mare, is unknown.

NORTON, Washington, D. C.—The dealer is not compelled to tell the number of cards drawn by each player. They must individually look out for themselves.

W. S. G.—No man ever ran one hundred yards in eight seconds; 9¾ seconds, made by Gee, Seward, in England, is the fastest time on record.

A. B. C., Boston.—1. He is to receive $300 per night. 2. He was married about seven months ago for the second time. 3. Mr. Jefferson returned from Europe in September, 1866.

CONSTANT READER, N. Y.—"At cribbage A plays a tray, B a seven, A a tray, B a five, A an ace, B a four and a deuce, for which he claims a sequence of five. Is his claim correct?" Yes.

CRIBBAGE, Pittsburgh.—1. The ace counts only with the deuce, tray, etc., in a sequence at cribbage, and not with the king, queen, etc. 2. Ace, king, queen, is not a sequence.

SAM, Troy, N. Y.—1. Either the Sixth, Seventh or Eighth avenue cars. 2 Atlantics. 3. The first nine. 4 Mr. F. F. Rivers. 5. Yes. 6. They are so considered.

HARRY'S GHOST, Green Castle.—1. She's from Philadelphia, and was in the profession before she married. 2. Never saw the Mr. Perkins you refer to. 3. Harry was born in Canada.

T. B. H., Horatio, O.—1. About 195 lbs.—can't state exactly. 2. Osburn could do so with Ned Price, and beat Harry Grindon and McCoole in the ring. 3. He is engaged in business in this city.

P. J. C.—1. The glove fight between John Maguire and Tom Dugan took place in a room in this city, April 13, 1867. 2. Call at this office.

A FRIEND, Washington.—Why not give the boy's name and address? Without these, a notice of his achievements would do no good.

W. MUNRO, Ontario, C. W.—The population of New York at the taking of the last census in 1860 was 813,669. The same question was answered in last issue.

C. C., Keeldridge.—1. See answer to "W. S. G." 2. Will answer next week.

W. A. W., Toronto, C. W.—Obliged for attention. Will be pleased to hear from you whenever convenient.

READER OF THE CLIPPER.—McCoole beat Aaron Jones in 24 rounds, occupying 56 minutes.

E. A., Philadelphia.—Mr. Charles O'Conner's address is No. 39 Wall st., N. Y. City.

A SUBSCRIBER, Chicago, Ill.—Tom Sayers died November 11, 1865, aged 39.

F. HILL, Newark, O.—You can obtain it by writing to Ed. Wilson, care of this office.

CHARPOS.—Parties who teach the art advertise in the CLIPPER, whose address you will find in another column.

J. J. F., Chicago.—We cannot inform you where the gentleman is located at present.

OPERA.—"Lurline" was produced in this country for the first time at the Academy of Music, this city, by the Fiske-Maretzek Troupe.

F. T. S.—Lydia has been married, and her husband died in England a few years ago.

R. D., Quincy, Ill.—There is no such title as champion roller-skater that we know of.

DUBUQUE.—You had better advertise for what you want, or negotiate through a dramatic agency.

NEMO, Toronto.—Many thanks for your offer, but we do not think of employing any one there at present.

J. A. T., Long Branch, N. J.—The fastest 100 yards time on record is 9¾ seconds. No such time as that you mention was ever made.

CHRISTIAN HILL.—Where there is a tie in counting for game, the non-dealer scores the point.

EXTRA COPY.—Not intended to interfere with you. Merely a few items. Send as usual.

CONSTANT READER, Toronto.—We really cannot inform you as to her present whereabouts.

RAILROAD JACK.—1 He is not the best Ethiopian comedian on the stage. 2 It is a matter of opinion.

D. C., North Platte.—No such parties are to be found there, and we think that you have been swindled.

H. P. T., Philadelphia.—Some of our best builders will no doubt be able to accommodate you. See their cards.

L. M. T., Bristol.—1 Accepted, and will shortly appear. 2. It is a wedding.

K. TAUBA.—We replied to you at the time. We do not agree with you that the country does not progress.

SUBSCRIBER, Washington.—A proper name should have accompanied the item as a guarantee of the correctness.

IXION, Baltimore.—The game being played with the euchre pack the Jack is the highest card.

C. E. H., Macon, Ga.—Joe Coburn stands 5 ft. 9 in. in his stocking feet.

GEO. F. J., Philadelphia, Pa.—Geo. Seward's time was 9¾ secs., the best on record.

E. C. S., Huntingdon, Pa.—We will endeavor to gain the information you ask by next week.

H. A. B., Franklin Conn.—Dexter, Flora Temple, American Girl and Lady Thorn.

TWO-FORTY, Cincinnati.—Flora Temple is living, and recently had another foal.

C. E. N., St. Louis.—He has played brief engagements at the theatre but was not engaged there for the season.

JACKSON, Vicksburg.—Your questions were answered two weeks ago.

J. T. R. Boston.—The straight of 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 beats that composed of 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

R. H. H., Baltimore.—Forty-five cents for each insertion. Duplicate copy if you wish it inserted.

OLD PATRON, Providence.—Saul Sertrew and others have advertised in our columns to attend to such matters.

230 STREET.—He must play a diamond if he has one; if not, he not obliged to play his ace of hearts.

LAKE NEWALL, Shreveport.—Our opinion is that he cannot go alone.

P. H. M., Philad'a.—1. We shall be pleased to examine them. 2. The copyright will answer for all parts.

FRENCH THEATRE.—We have heard nothing of the new troupe.

C. A. P.—The lady is about twenty-six years of age.

FRANK.—The letter is for R. F. Snyder.

BEATEE, Newcastle.—1. Yes. 2. No.

WHISKERS.—See our advertising columns.

CONSTANT READER, St. Louis.—The average is about nine.

C. R., Kansas City.—Patsy Reardon was never defeated.

EMPIRE, St. Louis.—See section 1 of rule 3.

SALEM SCUDDER, Galesburg, Ill.—1. 31 to 29. 2 Dion.

WHITTICAR.—It is a business secret which we cannot divulge.

J. J. V.—It is not quite up to our standard.

C. N. S., Baltimore.—Not married.

J. C., Philadelphia.—We do not remember receiving such a song.

A FARMER IN MASSACHUSETTS, while ploughing recently, turned up a watch, which had been missing fourteen years. That was lost time, in earnest.

"OVERWHELMING REVULSION IN PUBLIC SENTIMENT."

The dramatic censors of this flourishing metropolis are to be commended for the sudden alacrity exhibited by them in throwing about the stage the mantle of virtue, and, above all, in seeing that no interlopers from abroad are allowed to intrude upon us with their "foreign trash" hereafter, no matter how extensive may have been their celebrity in the "principal theatres of Europe." We are left to the inference that this assumed celebrity is taken for granted, that something worse is contemplated than has ever been presented to the most censorious public under the face of heaven, and more especially, that our boards have heretofore been exclusively monopolized by "American talent." It all shows how ignorant we may be, after all, of what is transpiring around us. Without being particularly exercised over the subject, we had all along labored under the delusion that talent within a certain range of theatrical entertainment, had for many years been all but monopolized by the "imported" element. The public have flocked in crowds to witness burlesques and comic operas in the casting of which not a single familiar name was recognizable, in which, whether as regards subject or language, there was positively not a smack of novelty, if we except the "local allusions," which hung upon the original framework like an ill fitting suit of clothes upon a broken down dandy, and with which "the critics" were positively in raptures. It was all at once discovered that that was a new element in the drama, and that element, travesty. Having witnessed the representation of all the finest satirical efforts of Planche and his contemporaries, executed in the highest style of the art by tip-top performers, we were reluctantly obliged to confess that we had been laboring under a delusion, and that we had never until recently attended at the representation of a genuine burlesque. The great mass of play-goers not only winked at these modern innovations, with their attendant follies, but demanded *more* of them, and, Lord knows! the craving was supplied without stint; but as to *supplanting*—no, it must be confessed that in this specialty our native boards were not up to the requirements. What remained? Evidently, to recruit our exhausted supply from such source as we might. We were all at once overrun with talent, grace and beauty from the leading theatres abroad—with what result, in a financial point of view, let several of our legitimate managers, who had before been restricted to the most slender incomes, attest. The popular current had set in that direction, and the "show shops" were supplanting the theatres. The pens of the literary purveyors were busily occupied in laudatory notices; the name of Offenbach attained a sudden prominence. At last came the English blondes, and since then "Oliver" has been continually "asking for more." But we have arrived at the point where it becomes necessary to stem the tide of corruption, and it has been discovered in some quarters that the continued importation of foreign talent of this sort is calculated to exercise the most baneful effects. Some of the public caterers think the business ought to be stopped, and have endeavored to persuade the newspaper chroniclers to their way of thinking. A prominent argument used is that these strangers are *not* celebrities abroad, and that most of them have never been heard of at all—which is as much as to say that Rachel and Ristori had never been heard of before their first metropolitan triumphs. Years ago, an entertainment was given at a certain public resort in London—in fact, the thing was a nightly occurrence. A miscellaneous crowd sat about at small tables, sipping their ale and gin, while on a platform at one end of the room a succession of clever performers gave specimens of comic vocalism, which, though of somewhat the most slangy order, were received with "roars of laughter and thunders of applause." The feminine element was not wanting, and the warbling was received with equal spontaneity of delight. But of these prodigies of talent the newspaper world affected a remarkable ignorance, although we have seen the most immaculate critics laughing and applauding with the rest, and evidently enjoying a very good time. In the language of the poet, "time waves his wand," and we find our regards transferred to a cosy theatre—*not* a music hall—on this side the great herring pond, where multitudes are laughing at burlesque and extravaganza, and one might almost swear that the countenances and the voices are the same as those which threw thousands into spasms of ecstacy in a less exalted sphere upon a distant strand. The proverb about a prophet having no honor at home is verified here once again; and yet, these voices sing not too common among us, and that is partly the secret of their success. But they have talent in abundance, and are favorites with the public, whose *dictum* is law, and if that public is so perverse and pig-headed as to persist in overwhelming them with its patronage, who shall complain, or who shall wonder that the stage is to be invaded again and again by rival claimants for the honors and rewards of the footlights? Let them come on, and doubtless we shall continue to enjoy without molestation our Booths, our Adams, our Landers, our Davenports, our Barrets, our Jeffersons, our Mayos—yea, our Buchanans—and a host of celebrities who take no unusual pains to prevent foreign competition because they have none to fear, and who are content to rest upon their own merits solely.

IN BOND.—Among the changes wrought by our annual May-day transformation scene was the removal of our esteemed friend, Dr. Gouraud, from No. 453 Broadway to No. 48 Bond street, at which latter establishment he is now dealing in perfumery, soaps and all those pleasant toilet articles without which the ladies would be shorn of half their beauty, and the gents be divested of most of their attractive features. Doctor Gouraud was one of the earliest patrons of the CLIPPER, and one of the first to use its columns for business purposes, at a time when the CLIPPER was struggling hard to gain a foothold in the newspaper world, and when funds were at low tide with us. Years have passed since then, and many changes have taken place, but the Doctor's business card still keeps its place in our columns.

A BIG THING.—Everybody has heard of the Maelstrom off the coast of Norway, the great whirlpool credited with drawing vessels into its vortex, or waters. Recently, however, we hear statements which, if they be true, prove that the Maelstrom is far from being the terrible thing it has been represented to be, as the people can pass and repass it, "as they sail, as they sail," in safety. Some writers go so far as to assert that it is a myth, and never had an existence. If that is so, then the Maelstrom *is* what we have been led to believe it to be, viz., a *big take in!*

CHEAP DIVORCES.—An eastern paper suggests that divorce should be made cheaper, so as to bring it within the reach of the poor. It is true that suits for divorce involve great pecuniary expense, and they are often decided at the expense of Justice. This reminds us that by an act of the South Carolina Legislature lands are provided on favorable terms to settlers. A good way for them to do would be to fix their divorce laws as they have them in Indiana. That would induce settlers at once.

FOREIGN GOSSIP tells us that Napoleon's son has a way of imitating his father's serious *air*, and causes much amusement to the people of Paris. We cannot see why the Prince's imitation of his father *subjects* him to criticism from the *subjects* of his father. Being his father's *heir*, there is no harm in imitating his *airs*. By the way, has this imperial *heir hair* enough on his face yet to raise an *imperial?*

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—Some of our papers justly complain that sewing women, servants, and other real laborers, are never allowed to have anything to say at the so-called Working Women's Assemblies. It seems that the women who engineer these affairs are not working women in the sense of women who labor, but women who are working to serve some purpose of their own.

OWING TO THE RECENT STRIKE of some Pennsylvania coal *miners*, owners of mines were quite uneasy, fearing that they might be *mine-us all* their workmen. It must be a great pleasure to the mind of the mine owners to see miners *going down in the world.*

COPPY GOOPT, our broken-German contributor, has been dissecting the brokers of Wall street, and now promises to turn his attention to the gold board. "Our Jim" says he has often heard of *silver bricks*, but never of a *gold board* before.

ABOUT DOGS.—All dogs in Janesville, Wis., "are to be muzzled or shot, except those from the country, *coming in on business.*" That means, probably, that no dog but a country dog *has any business* in the town.

INTERNATIONAL YACHTING.—Influential yachtsmen on both sides of the Atlantic are *taking measures* to ensure a fair and square race between the fastest yachts of England and America.

FUNNY OLD CHAP, that, out in Ohio, who willed all his money to fit up an infirmary for cats. It will be an *amusing* spectacle, this congregation of cats.

NEW QUOIT CLUB.—A number of the disc casters of Newark, N. J., formed a quoit club on the 29th ult., adopting the title of "Passaic," and electing the following officers:—President, Wm. Wooley; Vice President, Douglas Graham; Secretary, Asa Mott; Treasurer, W. H. Whitemore. The ground is located on Ferry street, corner of Madison. The opening day will be on the 9th inst., when all quoit players are cordially invited to attend.

Squibs and Things.

— A horse ran away in Central Park on the evening of the 1st inst., and knocked down and seriously injured three young ladies, who were taken to the hospital. Park equestrians should be more careful as to what sort of an animal they drive, and how they drive it.

— A youth of thirteen summers at Watertown, Wis., out-thumbs Tom Thumb in brevity of stature, it seems, as he is only 29½ inches high, and weighs but 18lbs. He has one club foot and no thumbs, but uses his forefingers therefor.

— An organ grinder's lodging house in Utica sleeps fifty tuneful tuners per night, but "no pent up Utica contracts their powers", for Baxter street, in this city, accommodates hundreds of the organic men.

— Lobsters are abundant round about Provincetown, Mass., this season, some fishermen catching an average of one hundred per day, and selling them as low as five cents a piece.

— "The guillotine of the soul" is the Rev. Dr. Fowler's, of Chicago, verdict on the theatre. He won't suffer from it evidently, for his senseless opinion evinces that he has no soul.

— The new Ohio marriage law prohibits marriages between first cousins, of girls under sweet sixteen, and of girls or young ladies under 21, without their parents' consent.

— The Americus Club's first clam bake of the season took place on the 3d inst., at Greenwich, Ct., at which about one hundred prominent political guests were present.

— $500 in greenbacks or a city lot was the prize drawn in a lottery by Barbara Reis, recently, at St. Paul, Minn., at a fair held by the Sisters of the Good Shepherd.

— The first divorce ever granted in South Carolina was decreed in favor of a wife, at Greenville, on the 21st ult., on the ground of ill treatment and abandonment.

— The Italian Rifle Association and Columbia Guards commenced their second annual festival at Columbia Park, Morrisania, N. Y., on the 7th inst.

A man took into Knoxville, Iowa, recently, 629 gopher scalps, for which he got a bounty of 10 cents. He intends to go for another lot.

— Repeating rifles are rapidly retrograding in repute in Europe, because of their complications, and breech loaders are being preferred.

— 126 miles in 22 hours on Arab horses is a fast feat, with which Hon. Sunset Cox is credited as having recently performed in Africa.

— A house and 40 acres were drawn as a prize in a lottery at St. Louis a short time since, by Patrick Murphy, a Red Bend, Ill., farmer.

— H. J. Barnes, a notorious horse thief, was hung to a tree on the 3d inst., at Shelby, Tenn., and his body was riddled with bullets.

— Gen. Sheridan and Breckenridge met on the judges' stand at the recent Cincinnati races, at which others than Sheridan took a ride.

— The 12th Regt., N. Y. S. G., were reviewed on the 1st inst. Their muster was strong, and their band and *drum corps* were A No. 1.

— Sea fish can be kept alive in a tank of water for an indefinite period by pumping in fresh air as fast as it is exhausted by the fish.

— Two iron clads, one French the other English, are to have a friendly race to decide a bet between Lord Lyons and Marshal Niel.

— An impromptu *matinee dansante* took place at the Brooklyn Navy Yard on the 2d inst., on board the receiving ship Vermont.

— Simon Edwards had a fine levied on him on the 1st inst., for being so coarse as to take a bath in public at Newark, N. J.

— 15 yacht clubs in England give employment to some 1,500 persons, and afford recreation to several additional thousands.

— A herd of cattle numbering about 1,500 stampeded at Mateno, Ill., the other day, and their "cattlepult" created a big scare.

— Original, earnest and evangelical sermons, are advertised to be lent for a fee of 10s., by a London clergyman.

— For selling lottery tickets without a special license, Daniel Griscald was fined $150 in Baltimore on the 3d inst.

— A penny dated 1622 was recently found by a child, while playing in the garret of an old house in Danbury, Ct.

— A 400lbs. feminine is reported to have been seen by Sunset Cox, who is traveling in Northern Africa.

— Tourist clubs to visit the United States this summer are forming in Hamburg, Leipsic and Berlin.

— 60,000 seal skins, valued at $500,000, arrived within a few days past at San Francisco, from Alaska.

— The Sportsmen's N. Y. State Convention held their first meeting at Syracuse, on the 31st ult.

— Fighting the tiger in New York is said to cost the belligerent rights men $2,000,000 per year.

— 12,000 barrels of maple sugar were produced in Grand Traverse Co., Mich., the past season.

— Mrs. Colt, widow of the Colt pistol man, has a comfortable income of $40,000 yearly.

— Oysters are cheap in Newark, N. J., where they are selling "oyster supe 6 cts a bole."

— Thirty-seven opossums were bagged by a Kentucky Nimrod one day last week.

— A 163lb sturgeon was caught in Wisconsin river a few days since by Mr. Duenser.

— 50,000 lbs of milk per diem are used in Lenawee Co., Mich., in making cheese.

THE BUTCHERS' CHAMPION TOURNEY.

A CHICAGOIAN WINS THE BELT.

Sometime since the Butchers' Society, of the Garden City, desirous of finding out by practical illustration which city boasted the possession of the most expert Knight of the Cleaver, caused to be manufactured an elegant belt, which they offered to the fastest and best butcher on a single bullock for market use, the work to commence after the animal had been pretched up, with the two fore feet off; each butcher to be allowed a helper, but to open the carcass breast and neck, but not chop or saw them, with the privilege of washing the carcase on the floor—also, to adjust the "beef tree" and hoist up the bullock, clear the entrails and split the kidneys. The trophy was manufactured by Mayo, and consists of silver plates, with a gold centre piece, each piece having the figure of an ox tastefully engraven upon it. According to the rules governing it the winner is to be declared champion of America, must give proper security for its safe keeping and be ready to accept challenges every three months, and if he retains possession of it one year it becomes his personal property; he has the privilege of compelling the challenger to wager from $500 to $1,000 on the contest, and the party challenging has to notify the champion prior to the match. The scene of the contest, which took place on the 15th ult., was held and Sherwin's packing house, Bridgeport, a short distance from Chicago, and at one o'clock the establishment was well filled, the crowd being composed principally of cattle dealers and butchers, though there was a large delegation of sporting men from different sections of the country. The contestants were six in number, as follows:—Thomas Mulrooney, Chicago; Judge, John Halpin; Robert Woolsy, St. Louis; Judge, Daniel Hurley; Michael Hartigan, Toronto; Judge, John Fennessy; Mark Smith, Buffalo; Judge, John Wall; Charles Leyden, Chicago; Judge, John Madden. William Honan was appointed referee, George Geagan acted as time-keeper and Owen White as "starter." Thomas Gaines performed the duties of helper to the first four contestants, and John O'Dowd assisted Charles Leyden.

Thomas Mulrooney first stripped for the trial and floored his bullock with a single stroke. The head and fore feet having been taken off, "time" was called per agreement, and the little Irishman went in with great spirit. Throughout his performance he was warmly applauded, and finished in the space of 6 minutes and 55 seconds.

The next on hand, Robert Woolsey, a tall, well made Englishman, entered the arena, and having given his "knock down" blow in a masterly manner, proceeded with his work. At the outset it was evident he was rather slow in his movements, and few were surprised when on the completion of his part, his "time" was announced at 7 minutes and 41 seconds.

Mike Hartigan next tried his fortune. He made quick time with the sides and back of his bullock, but slackened on the "splitting" process and on the stripping of the "fore arms;" it was evident, however, that he would gain on the Englishman, and after a very creditable performance, his time was announced as 7 minutes and 22 seconds.

The judges next announced Mark Smith. The fated bovine having been roped near the "bed," the German athlete stripped for the trial and went at his work in a manner that showed him a master hand at his business. The keen knife stripped the hide off the bullock with lightning celerity; his "dressing" was splendidly performed, and it was only in the splitting down of the beef that he showed any lack of workmanship. Having finished his performance, the time was announced as five minutes and eleven seconds, and Smith retired amid the general plaudits of the crowd.

Chicago now appeared on the verge of losing the belt, and bets of high amount were laid on the Buffalo champion.

The fifth contestant entered the arena in the person of Charles Leyden, an Irish-American stripping of 19 years. The slight, boyish form of Leyden contrasted strangely with the magnificent appearance of Smith, but the young champion prepared for the trial of strength and skill with admirable spirit. To the cries of the crowd, he replied that they could not excite him as he was bound to win, and having floored his beast, on the call of "go," his knife flew over the carcase with electric swiftness. In an incredibly short space the beef was hanging on the "tree," the hide was stripped to the neck, and the backbone with amazing dexterity, and, having dressed the bullock, the time-keeper, amid the wildest excitement, declared the young man's work performed in the space of four minutes and forty-five seconds. Leyden was immediately hoisted on the shoulders of the crowd and borne off in triumph, those who knew him well asserting that he was fully equal to doing the whole thing inside of four minutes. There being no more competitors, the judges declared the contest concluded, and retired to give their decision. After considerable discussion, the referee, William Honan, ascended the platform and announced the result as follows:—

We, the undersigned, do agree that Charles Leyden, of Chicago, having made the fastest time, four minutes and forty-five seconds, is declared winner of the "belt" for the championship of America.

(Signed) JOHN MADDEN,
JOHN HALPIN,
D. HURLEY.
WILLIAM HONAN,
Referee.

John Wall and Thomas Fennesy declined to act in the matter, as they favored the claim of Smith to the prize.

VIRGINIA VS. NORTH CAROLINA.—The main, long on the tapis, between the chanticleer warriors of these states was contested on the 2d, 3d and 4th inst., and resulted in a tie. A full report is crowded out of this issue. Fresh articles have been entered into by Robt. H. Allen, of Richmond, and Thos. P. Alston, of the Old North State, who agree to meet at Weldon, N. C., on the 14th of July, and show twenty-one cocks a side, and match all that fall in weight, for $100 a battle and $1,000 the odd, the fighting to begin on the 14th prox., and continue three days; no cock to weigh less than 4 lbs., 4 oz., or more than 6 lbs. Dr. Blacknall, of Wilson, N. C., is stakeholder.

ST. GEORGE VS. PHILADELPHIA.—The Philadelphia Club will come this way on the 9th inst., and on that and the succeeding day engage in a match with the "Dragon Players" at Hudson City, N. J.

THE FIRST CRICKET match of the season at Toronto, C. W., was played on the 29th ult. between the 13th Hussars and the Trinity College eleven, the latter winning in one innings, by a tally of 66 to 65.

BILLIARDS.

THE CHAMPION COMPLIMENTED.

PRESENTATION OF A SET OF DIAMOND STUDS.

On the evening of the 31st ult. John Deery, the champion elect, gave an exhibition in Troy, and since then has appeared in similar entertainments at Schenectady, Auburn, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester and places further west. On the eve of his departure from this city his presence was requested at Braisted's rooms, where a goodly company had assembled for the purpose, unknown to him, of paying the champion a handsome compliment in the shape of the presentation of a set of diamond studs valued at $400. Advancing with the champion cue in his hand, Mr. Michael Phelan made the presentation in behalf of himself, the Hon. Wm. M. Tweed, Hon. Henry Smith, Hon. Edward J. Shandler, Maj. Gen. C. S. Graffulla, Jas. M. Macgregor, S. R. P. Camp, Coroner C. H. Keenan, Chas. Yallerlee, Edward J. Bassford, H. W. Collender, Peter D. Braisted, Jr., Francis Vanderbeck, John H. Black, John Payne, John G. Ketelas, William King, Andrew J. Garvey, K. B. Hill, John J. Dowd, Harry Cocke, George St. John, W. H. Griffith, S. Pierson and George W. Bassford. The remarks of Mr. Phelan, tending as they do to explain some of the proceedings during the tournament, and serving as a rebuttal of the charge made by a contemporary that Rudolphe was not accorded fair play, are given in full:—

MR DEERY.—Some two weeks ago it was my pleasing task to present you this, which, if on you must needs defend it against every comer, no matter from what land, is necessarily the emblem of the billiard supremacy of the world at the game it more particularly represents—i e legitimate four-ball carom, our national game. I then pronounced you champion of the world at the game in question, by virtue of your having met and fairly vanquished all the acknowledged experts who had ventured to enter the lists, which were open to the world. Permit me now to recall to your mind an incident that occurred when you were about to play the deciding and most important game of the tournament. The player you were pitted against was the only one who had violated the rules of propriety to which all the contestants had attached their signatures, and in so doing he had rendered himself obnoxious, not merely to the players whom he had insulted, but also to the large body of spectators, who had from time to time noted his actions. The impression having been formed, because of the highly reprehensible conduct of certain parties with whom the player in question had twice before been involved in a personal difficulty, that under once more disposed to deal justly with your opponent, you requested me to state, before the game began, that you simply desired fair play, and requested of the spectators that the same courtesy should be extended your antagonist as he enjoyed, or from you hoped for was a fair test of skill, and, if successful, it could not then be charged but that you had won upon your merits. You were successful; and, as a test both of skill and nerve, the contest was necessarily, from the decliveness of its nature, by far the most trying of the tournament. The incident I have related, together with your gentlemanly deportment throughout the tournament, gained for you the esteem of the entire audience, which numbered on that occasion some 2,000 of our more prominent citizens, and embraced, also, a large number of ladies. A few of the gentlemen who were present that night have undertaken to show their appreciation of your conduct and skill. I am desired to tender you this beautiful proof of their esteem; and the only regret I feel is that they had not selected some one more competent. Please accept, from the gentlemen around you, this valuable set of diamond studs. In conclusion, permit me to say, we are one and all satisfied that in defending this cue, which now from natural causes must change, it will be the height of your ambition to continue to merit the esteem of the donors and the public at large, and, if it goes from your keeping, it will be as the diamonds just presented to you—without blemish.

The response of the surprised champion was modestly brief, but to the point:—

MR. PHELAN AND GENTLEMEN.—I know not how to thank you for such evidence of your kind regard. But, believe me, I will endeavor always to merit the high esteem you have to-day shown for me in such a substantial manner. With so many experienced players already aspirants for this cue, and so many excellent players constantly coming up, it would be folly for me, does not think it to say that I shall continue in possession of the emblem. But, this I may say, that I hope to retain it; and this I can truly say, that if in my coming trial I am defeated, it will not be through inattention or neglect of practice before the contest, or lack of effort during it.

A BILLIARD SOIREE was given at Auburn, N. Y., on the evening of the 3d inst., by John Deery, assisted by Mr. Billy Owens, of Syracuse. The game was 750 points, caroms, on a four pocket table. The score of the game shows but little difference until the fourth hundred, when Deery got the balls together, and counting was done by him with but little effort. The hundreds were turned as follows:—Deery, 113; Owen, 208; Deery, 208; Owen, 210; Deery, 324; Owen, 297; Deery, 438; Owen, 362; Deery, 490; Owen, 509; Deery, 601; Owen, 552; Deery, 709; Owen, 562; Deery, 751; Owen, 682. Owen's run of 72 on the fourth hundred was well played for, and had the best shot of the game. Deery, in the fifth hundred, also made a good run for 80, these two being the only notable features of the game. The exhibition of fancy shots after the game, on a carom table, was carefully watched by the spectators, and the caroms made appeared almost incredible to good amateur players, and were loudly applauded. The exhibition closed with great satisfaction, and the small audience was only accounted for by the short notice of Mr. Deery's appearance.

MCDEVITT BEATEN IN PHILADELPHIA.—John McDevitt visited Palmer's rooms, Philadelphia, on the 2d inst., and played for games, both of which he won. One, consisting of 50 points "French," was with Mr. Palmer, and that gentleman won by 16, the winner's average being about 2¾. The best run was 10, made by McDevitt. The other, consisting of 325 points, push shots barred, was played with Victor Estephe, who won in 13 innings, by 63. The best runs were—Estephe, 72; McDevitt, 73.

TOURNAMENT IN CHICAGO.—A tournament for the title of "Master Amateur" and money prizes, is to be inaugurated on the 8th inst. in Chicago. The games are to be 500 points, without push, each carom counting three.

OPENING IN BROADWAY.—The handsome billiard room, containing six of Phelan and Collender's tables, was opened on Broadway on the 2d inst., with much *eclat*. Coroner Flynn is the proprietor.

ILLINOIS CHAMPIONSHIP.—It is stated that about the latter part of the present month Joseph Vermeulen and Frank Parker will play their match for the championship of Illinois.

AMATEUR MATCH.—In Chicago, on the 29th ult., Frank Lyman and Charles F. Spear, amateurs, played the three ball game, 100 points, for $50 a side. Lyman won by 9.

BASE BALL.

MUTUAL vs. ECKFORD.

THE FIRST CHAMPIONSHIP GAME.

THE ECKFORDS VICTORIOUS.

The first contest for the championship came off at the Union ground on the 7th inst. The clubs engaged were the Mutuals, of New York, and the Eckfords, of Brooklyn. The largest crowd present at a base ball game this season had gathered to witness the meeting, which it was expected would prove interesting. Nor were the visitors disappointed, a more brilliant fielding game, while it lasted, is seldom seen. The Eckfords fairly astonished their admirers by the manner in which they handled the ball, while their batting was excellent. The Mutuals, on the contrary, neither batted nor fielded in their usual style. Their inability to hit Martin's medium-paced "twisters" was very evident. They either popped the ball into the air, when it was sure to be caught on descending, or they sent it flying or bounding behind the bat, to be taken care of by Jewett. While the Eckfords did not commit an error, their adversaries made several glaring mistakes, which told against them to the number of at least half of the six runs made. Flanly lost two chances for double plays, and C. Mills and Swandell were also credited with muffs.

But the thousands who were present, while expecting to witness an interesting contest, had no idea that the game would end so

THE TURF.

AMERICAN TURF.

The Jerome Park Spring Race Meeting.

THE MATCH DAY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2D.

The racing campaign in the north has now fairly opened, for the most important racing carnival, that at Jerome Park, is now in progress. It commenced on Wednesday, the 2d instant, which day was devoted to the running of matches, so as not to interfere with the regular racing days of the meeting. The weather was very unfavorable, for in the early part of the day the sky was overcast with heavy, lowering clouds, which before the racing commenced at three P. M. began to discharge their aqueous contents, and did not cease till the four matches on the programme were decided. The attendance was consequently confined to some prominent turfmen.

The first match that was run was one that had only been made a few days before between Mr. Lawrence's Passaic, with 85 lbs. up, and Mr. Purdy's Rocks, carrying 100 lbs. Palmer rode Rocks and Downs Passaic, the latter being the favorite at $100 to $70. After one false start, in which both horses ran nearly the whole of the distance, five furlongs, the flag fell to an even send off. Passaic soon showed in front, and at the head of the homestretch he came away and won easily by ten lengths in 1 min. 14¾ seconds.

THE TEN THOUSAND DOLLAR MATCH

was the next, as it was confessedly the most important event of the day. It was between Mr. Cameron's bay filly by imp. Leamington out of his imported mare Jerusalem, by Jericho, and Messrs. Denison and Crawford's bay colt by Censor out of The Gloamin, by Glencoe, for $5,000 a side, half forfeit, one mile. The match was made when both were yearlings, Mr. John Hunter making it on behalf of the Censor colt, which was bred and then owned by Mr. James S. Watson, at Valley Brook, N. J. When the latter sold all his stock of Censor yearlings to Messrs. Denison and Crawford, they assumed the responsibility of this colt's match, which was given additional importance by the magnitude of the stakes, as well as the circumstance that it was regarded as a test of the superiority of the merits of the imported and native bred racing sires, Leamington and Censor. Leamington was imported by Mr. Cameron three years ago; he twice won the great handicap, the Chester Cup, and, carrying the top weight of 122lb., the Goodwood Stakes. The filly in the match in question is handsome and racing like, with plenty of power and substance. She was trained at Holmdell by the veteran Charles Lloyd, and looked very fine. The Censor colt is good looking, except in being narrow across the loins, and has been trained at Mr. Watson's place, in company with Narragansett and the Pasta and L'Angiaise fillies, by Mr. Puryear. He was the favorite in the betting at slight odds, bringing in the pools $280 to the filly's $230. Thomas rode the latter, while Pearsall piloted the colt, which manifested an amorous feeling towards his lady opponent. A capital start was had, but the filly quickly showed ahead and led a length around the turn, which she slightly increased as they went around the club house bluff. The filly was running under a strong pull and leaving her opponent at every stride. At the turn into the quarter stretch she was fully five lengths ahead, and the Censor colt cutting it altogether, she galloped home, full of running, a winner of the rich stake by a dozen lengths. Time, 1:54¼. Mr. Cameron was also overwhelmed with congratulations on his success in winning the match, and with the first of the produce of his favorite sire that has appeared here in public.

The next was a match for $1,000 between three year olds, one mile, Mr. Belmont matching his imported b c Glenelg, by Citadel, dam Bapta, by Kington, 110 lbs., against Mr. L. W. Jerome's b f Rapture, by imp. Lapidist, dam Parachute, by imp. Yorkshire, 107 lbs. Rapture had run well last season, as a two year old, winning two or three races, and she looked and went so well that odds of $100 to $80 were laid that she won. Palmer rode Rapture, while Charley Miller rode the imported colt, Mr. Belmont having retained him to ride for his stable when Captain Moore does not require his services. Glenelg, who is a quick starter, soon took a decided lead, and was two lengths in front as they went around the turn. Miller then took a pull at him and the filly got almost to his quarters at the pole, but Glenelg again shot away from her as they went around the Club House hill, and, leaving her at every stride, he galloped home a winner, hands down, by six lengths, in 1:43¾, the time, considering the heavy track from the rain, being remarkably good.

The fourth race was a match for $2,000, half forfeit, three quarters of a mile, between Messrs. Hunter and Travers' ch f Intrigue, 2 yrs., by Balrownie, dam Jenny Rose (the dam of Captain Moore), and Mr. Littell's ch c, 2 yrs., by Balrownie, dam Emma Johnson. Gray rode Intrigue and Charley Miller the other. The betting was $100 to $70 on Intrigue, for it was known that Mr. Littell's colt was short of work. Intrigue outpaced him from the start and won in a canter by a dozen lengths. Time, 1:25¾.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, JUNE 5TH.

The morning of Saturday, the first day of the regular meeting, was ominous of rain, but, fortunately for visitors to Jerome Park, about midday the sun broke through the veil that had concealed him, and everything gave promise of a beautiful day. The attendance was large, the grand stand being filled in every part. Most of the leading turfmen of the country were present, and we noticed among them Col. Buford, Capt. Moore and H. P. McGrath, of Kentucky; Messrs. McConnell, Franklin and Thompson, of Ohio; Major Doswell, of Virginia; Mr. Hall, of Maryland; Dr. Weldon and J. J. Dav.s, of Missouri; Dr. Kirwin, of Canada; Messrs. Travers, Cameron, Morris, Belmont, Denison, Crawford, Hunter, Watson, Purdy, Livingston, Russell, Jerome, Chamberlin, Puryear, Coffey, Babcock, Genet, Townsend, A. and G. Hopper, Minor, Littlefield, Elwes, McCullough, Duncan, etc., of this and the adjoining state of New Jersey.

THE HURDLE RACE HANDICAP

was the first on the programme, and had six horses entered for it, all of which started. These were the famous western mare, Lobelia, 6 yrs., 147 lbs., who last year carried all before her, and was purchased for $5,000 at Saratoga by her present owners, Messrs. McConnell and Thompson; Wm. F. Beacon, formerly called Underwood, 5 yrs., 146 lbs.; Harry Booth, 4 yrs., 140 lbs.; Mitchell, 3 yrs., 120 lbs.; Simon Kenton, 6 yrs., 139 lbs., and br m, 4 yrs., by Dick Cheatham, 133 lbs. Lobelia was the favorite and Harry Booth next, the former selling in pools for $150, Booth $115 and the field $80. The distance was one mile and three quarters, and the race, after the first mile, laid solely between the two favorites and the newly named Underwood. At the last hurdle, half way up the homestretch, the latter were abreast as they cleared it in grand style, but Harry Booth, quickest in recovering his stride after landing, drew away, and despite the exertions of Roche, on Lobelia, the former won cleverly by two lengths, Underwood beating the favorite for second money, which amounted to $250 nett, being the entrance money. The winner took the purse of $500, Dowsing rode Harry Booth, Pepper was on Underwood, Griffin on the Kenton gelding, Midgely on the Weldon mare (who fell at the second hurdle, and took no further part in the race) and Gaffney on Mitchell—the latter being fourth at the finish. Time, 3:25½.

THE FORDHAM STAKES,

a handicap for all horses; $50 each, p. p., and $10 if declared, with $500 added by the club, had twenty acceptances out of the thirty-four entries, and of these eleven came to the post. The distance was a mile and a quarter; the second horse was entitled to twenty-five per cent. of the stakes, and the third saved his entrance money. The starters were Mr. Eckerson's Metairie, 115lbs., and Uncle Vic Colt, 103lbs.; J. O'Donnell's General Duke, 114lbs.; Dr. Weldon's Jubal, 109lbs.; L. R. Holland's Corsican, 103lbs.; Dr. Kerwin's Kitten, and Mr. Sanford's La Polka, each 104lbs.; Mr. Holland's Sweet Home, 98lbs., and Bowie and Hall's Legatee, 90lbs. The pool betting was, Eckerson's pair $325, La Polka $210, Corsican $200, General Duke $250, Jubal $125, field $265. Metairie cut out the running for his stable companion, the Uncle Vic Colt, who lay second, with General Duke waiting on the latter, Haywater next, La Polka and Corsican the next couple. In this way, without any material change, they ran the first mile, when, on entering the stretch, Metairie having accomplished his task, fell back, and the Uncle Vic Colt took up the running; General Duke, who had passed Metairie, being second, two lengths behind. Coming up the homestretch Hardy Durham, on the Duke, made a determined struggle to reach the Uncle Vic Colt, but the latter, who was full of running, shook him off easily, and won in a canter by three lengths; General Duke second, Metairie third, and Corsican fourth. Time, 2:14¼.

THE BELMONT STAKES

was next, and the race is for three year olds exclusively, one mile and five furlongs, $200 entrance, half forfeit, with $1,500 added; the second horse receiving $300 out of the stakes. There were thirteen entries, of which eight started, viz:—Mr. Belmont's Fenian and Glenelg; Mr. Colton's Onyx; Mr. Cannon's Stone River; Mr. Cameron's Invercauld; Mr. Constables's Glengary; Mr. Sanford's Salute, and Mr. L. G. Morris' Viola. Mr. Belmont's pair were the favorites against the field, for Fenian had shown himself a good horse by winning a two year old sweepstakes from a large field last fall over this course, and Glenelg had won his maiden race on Wednesday previous in grand style, beating Mr. Jerome's smart filly Rapture, in their match, with consummate ease. The betting foreshadowed the issue of the race, for Fenian and Glenelg ran first and second; Mr. Cameron's filly, who lost a deal of ground by not getting off well, being third. Time, 3:04¼.

THE MEMBERS' CUP,

value $250, added to a handicap sweepstakes of $50 each, and only $20 if declared not to run, over a mile and an eighth, and to be ridden by members of the club. There were four entries, Climax, 157 lbs; Alma, 147 lbs; Morrissey, 147 lbs, and Rocks, 145 lbs; but the latter, not having recovered from the grueling he got on Wednesday in his match with Passaic, did not start. Climax was a great favorite at $200 to $100 against the field. He was ridden by Mr. Elwes; Morrissey by Mr. Livingston, and Alma by Mr. McCullough. The latter made the running at the start, Climax laying several lengths in the rear, and it was not until they had passed the quarter pole, and were skirting the base of the club house hill that he began to close up. As soon as Mr. Elwes gave the old horse his head, he shot out, cut down his two opponents with perfect ease, and galloped home, "hands down," the easiest of winners by ten lengths. Time, 2:07¼.

TWO-YEAR OLD SWEEPSTAKES

of $200 each, half forfeit, for fillies foaled in 1867, had eight entries, of which three started. These were Mr. Morris's Relentless, (full sister to Ruthless); Mr. McConnell's Anna Mace (by Leamington, out of Lucetta, by Lexington), and Mr. O'Fallon's filly by Glendower, dam Fenella. Relentless and Anna Mace were about even favorites, each bringing $105 to the Glendower filly's $90. The race was soon decided, for the Leamington filly outran her opponents from the moment the flag dropped, and won in a canter by three lengths, in 1:03¼; Relentless second, and Glendower a bad third. This is the second of the Leamington stock that has run in this country, and both have won their engagements like race horses.

Spring Trotting Meeting.

FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, JUNE 1ST.

The Spring Trotting Meeting at Union Course, L. I., commenced on Tuesday, the 1st inst. The first race was for a purse of $500, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, for horses that had never beaten three minutes, the winner taking $300, the second horse $125, and the third $75. The entries were eighteen in number, of which six came upon the track when the judges' bell summoned the starters. These were Dan Mace's b m Lydia Thompson (who had won the 2:45 purse at Prospect Park the week before), Ralph Ogle's s g Pet, John Murphy's br m Lady Sears, J. Chambers' b g Twist, M. Roden's bl g Eight Bells, and A. Patterson's br s Manhattan. Lady Sears won in three straight heats, the first by six lengths, with Manhattan second, the second by a head from Pet, and the third easily, with Manhattan second and Pet third. Time, 2:36; 2:35¼; 2:38.

The second race was for a purse of $800, mile heats, in harness, for horses that had never beaten 2:34 in harness. Of the twelve horses entered four started, viz:—Dan Mace's b g Sir John, A. Johnson's br s George M. Patchen, Jr., from Baltimore, T. Canarg's b g No Name, driven by I. Cudney, and W. Dall's bl s Mike Norton, driven by M. Roden. The betting at the start was $100 to $80 on George M. Patchen, Jr., and he won the race easily in three straight heats, Sir John taking the second money ($225), and Mike Norton the third money ($125). Time, 2:36; 2:34; 2:34½.

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2D.

AMERICAN GIRL WINS THE GREAT PURSE—FAST TIME MADE.

This was the great day of the meeting, for the $2,500 purse for all horses, mile heats, three in five, in harness, was to be trotted for, and the anticipated meeting of Lady Thorn with the Prospect Park Purse winner, American Girl, was regarded with great interest. Lady Thorn had beaten American Girl in their two previous matches this season, but her defeat was attributed to the inexperience and want of skill of her former trainer and driver, and, now that the Girl was in the hands of M. Rodin, her friends felt confident that she would turn the tables not only on Lady Thorn, but also repeat her victory over Lucy, whom she was again to meet, and who had defeated her a fortnight before on the Fashion Course, for the Proprietor's Purse of $1,000. The weather was very unfavorable, and the attendance was not very large. There were seven entries, viz., George Wilkes, American Girl, Lady Thorn, Bashaw, Jr., Lucy, Myron Perry and Goldsmith Maid, but four of them declined the race. These were Lady Thorn, George Wilkes, Bashaw, Jr., and Myron Perry. The field was consequently reduced to the Girl, Lucy and Goldsmith Maid, and all three were heavily backed by their respective friends, American Girl being taken against the field. The race was a capital one, and the time made, considering the heavy track, was very fast. After the first heat was trotted in 2:22½, a heavy rain fell, which made the track very slow and holding.

FIRST HEAT.—Lucy had the pole, and Goldsmith Maid the outside, while American Girl, in the middle, got the best of the send off. Lucy broke almost directly after the word was given, and fell off several lengths. At the quarter pole, reached in 36 seconds, the Girl led Goldsmith Maid a length, the latter six lengths before Lucy. At the half mile pole, passed in 1:11¼, American Girl was two lengths ahead, the Maid having broken as they went along the backstretch. On the lower end, the Girl trotted fast and squarely, opening the gap steadily, and leading four lengths at the three-quarter pole. Dobie tried hard to close on American Girl in coming up the homestretch, but he could not gain an inch, and the Girl won the heat by three lengths in 2:22½.

SECOND HEAT.—Betting now ran $100 to $40 on American Girl, with but few takers. Goldsmith Maid took the lead, and for some distance American Girl was in a pucker, and could not extricate herself. At the quarter pole (passed in 36 seconds) Lucy and the Maid were side by side, with American Girl a length behind on the outside. On the backstretch she trotted finely, soon got on even terms with the others, and the three went along together for some distance. As they passed the half mile pole, in 1:12, Lucy was a length ahead of the Maid, who was as far before American Girl. On the lowerstretch the Girl got even with Goldsmith Maid, and both passed Lucy before turning into the stretch, with the Maid nearly a length ahead. A fine race now ensued, Roden driving his mare admirably, gradually collaring and passing Goldsmith Maid, and winning the heat by a length in 2:23, Lucy, who was pulled up when her driver saw she could not win the heat, six lengths behind.

THIRD HEAT.—American Girl took the lead, and, both her opponents breaking soon after, she soon opened a gap of three lengths at the quarter pole, in 36½ seconds, which she maintained at the half mile in 1:13, evidently trotting well within herself. At the quarter pole she was so far ahead—both the other mares having broken—that $100 to $5 was offered that she won the race. The interest now laid in the contest between Lucy and Goldsmith Maid, for second money. They trotted finely together, the Maid slightly on the lead, but Lucy going steady as clockwork. Within ten lengths of the score Lucy carried the Maid to a break, and she ran over the score head and head with Lucy, both three lengths behind American Girl, who thus won the heat and race. Time, 2:25. We give the summary:—

Union Course, June 2.—Purse $2,500; $1,400 to the first, $500 to the second, $350 to the third, and $250 to the fourth horse; mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

W. Lovell entered b m American Girl	1	1	1
N. Holcomb entered b m Lucy	3	3	2
B. Dobie entered b m Goldsmith Maid	2	2	3

	Time.	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	0:36	1:11½		2:22½
Second heat	0:36	1:12		2:23
Third heat	0:36½	1:13		2:25

THIRD DAY, THURSDAY, JUNE 3D.

The weather presented a striking contrast to that of the preceding day, when the great race was trotted, for the sun was bright and warm, with an unclouded sky. The track was in excellent order. In the first race six heats were required to decide which horse was the winner, and five in the second race.

The first event on the card was in trot for a purse of $500, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, for horses that had never beaten 2:30 in harness. Four horses were entered for this race. Of this lot five horses started: Dan Mace's b m Lydia Thompson, A. Patterson's br s Manhattan, J. Cudney's b g Twist, and E. Wardle's g g Trenton. Lydia Thompson, having been a winner both at Prospect Park and here, was made a hot favorite, being heavily backed against the field. Her supporters, however, were badly taken in, for Manhattan, admirably driven by Alex Patterson, won the race in three straights, winning the $300 for the first horse, while Lydia took the $200, second money; and Twist the century for third horse. Trenton was distanced in the first heat. Time, 2:34½; 2:36; 2:37½.

The last race of the day and meeting was for a purse of $1,000, the winner taking $600, the second horse $250, and the third $150. It was for horses that had never beaten 2:29 in harness, mile heats, three in five. Four horses were entered, but M. Roden's b g Little Fred declining the contest, left Dan Mace's b g Western New York, F. J. Nodine's b m Belle of Brooklyn, and D. Pfifer's bl m Cora, to struggle for the purse. It was a most exciting race, five heats being required to decide it. Belle of Brooklyn won the first and second heats in such apparently easy style that the race seemed at her mercy, and $100 to $5 was laid on her winning it before the start for the third heat. She, however, turned out a nonstayer, for when she had gone half a mile she died away to nothing, and was last horse at the finish, Cora winning the heat and the two succeeding ones, to the inexpressible consternation of the layers of long odds on the defeated Brooklyn mare. Time, 2:31¼; 2:32½; 2:32; 2:34; 2:37. This race terminated the meeting.

Racing and Trotting Notes.

RACING IN CALIFORNIA.—The spring meeting of the San Jose Jockey Club, of the Golden State, was held on the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th ult., and was very poorly attended. On the opening day a sweepstakes for three year olds, $50, p.p., $100 added by the club, mile and repeat, was contested by Theo. Winter's s. f. Maggie Dale, and John Hall's b. c. Sacramento, the former winning in 1:51¼; 1:51¼. On the next day, John Hall's b. c. Jonathan defeated Geo. Treat's s. c. Thad Stevens and R. O'Hanlon's s. c. Al Bascom for the Proprietor's Purse of $150, mile and repeat; time, 1:50½; 1:47½. A purse and stake of $200, mile and repeat, was competed for on the 7th, W. Pierce's Della beating E. Smith's s. f. by Rifleman, R. T. O'Hanlon's b. c. Charley Foster and W. C. Keith's grey mare, taking the second and third heats and being fourth in the first; time, 1:54¼; 1:52¼; 1:57. A Proprietor's Purse of $150, mile heats, best 3 in 5, was the attraction for the closing day, and this brought to the post R. T. O'Hanlon's s. c. Al Bascom, Pierce's gr. m. Paloma and C. S. Williams' b. c. Compromise. Four heats were contested, the former taking the three last and the race, and gaining only third place in the first, which Paloma captured; time, 1:50½; 1:51¼; 1:52¼; 2:00½.

RACE COURSE AT LONG BRANCH, N. J.—We learn on good authority that the long wanted desideratum of a race course at that fashionable seaside resort, Long Branch, will not exist much longer. Mr. John Chamberlin, a well known wealthy sporting gentleman and ardent lover of the turf, has recently purchased sufficient land in the immediate vicinity of the place to construct a mile race course, and measures are being taken for its immediate commencement. It will be ready by next season, it is thought. For four or five years past the project of a race course at this favorite place of summer resort for New Yorkers has been entertained, but the exorbitant price asked by the owners of property for the land, when they became aware of the purpose it was wanted for, has prevented it being carried into effect. Mr. Chamberlin, however, has settled the matter decisively, by purchasing himself the land required, and he will employ the best engineering talent in the construction of the proposed course.

A NEW RACING STABLE.—Mr. H. W. Babcock, of this city, has recently become an accession to the northern turf, and is now actively engaged in forming a first class racing stable. In addition to the famous Bayonet, whom he purchased last fall, he has recently bought the flying three year old, Pompey Payne, by Vandal, out of Magnetta, by Mahomet; the three year old, Dublin, by Australian, out of Lavender; two two year olds by Jack Malone, one out of Delta, by Priam, and the other out of Vesper Light. Pompey Payne, it will be remembered, beat the renowned three year old, Herzog, at Lexington, Ky., in a mile heat race, in which he ran the last heat in 1:44½; but Herzog, at Cincinnati the week after, ran a second mile heat in 1:43¾, after making the first heat in 1:45. These horses will be trained at Paterson, N. J., by Tom Robbins.

LADY THORN'S WITHDRAWAL IN THE UNION COURSE PURSE.—Considerable surprise was expressed at the withdrawal of the famous big mare, Lady Thorn, from the $2,500 purse, and many expressed their belief that it was owing to her owners fearing to meet American Girl, after the display of speed shown by the latter at Prospect Park the week previous. The true reason, however, of her declining to trot on the Union Course was that her off hind ankle had swollen considerably and become inflamed, and perfect rest for a time was deemed politic by her trainer, Dan Pfifer. Lady Thorn is engaged in the $3,000 purse at Narragansett, and has also an eye to the great $10,000 purse at Buffalo, hence it was prudent to withdraw her in the race in question.

SALES OF THOROUGHBRED STOCK.—Mr. James S. Watson, of Valley Brook, N. J., has determined to retire from the turf, and his splendid stock of seven brood mares and six yearlings will be sold by auction on Wednesday next. The mares comprise Nannie Lewis, the dam of Aldebaran; The Gloamin, Pasta, the dam of Patti, Bonnie Lass, etc.; Minnie Minor, Chignon, a full sister to Climax; and Jessie Dixon, the dam of Narragansett. The yearlings are all by Censor and Jerome Edgar, with one by Prophet, and a two year old by the same horse, out of Narragansett's dam.

THERE IS A TWO-LEGGED COLT on exhibition in a tent located near Metropolitan Hall, Washington, D. C. The animal was born without fore legs, and is, indeed, a curiosity. The proprietor exhibited the colt on the race course near Washington a few weeks since, and while there an immense number of people examined the wonder. The animal walks with perfect ease upon its hind legs, and seems to be perfectly formed, with the exception of the deformity named.

HANDICAP RACE AT RIVERSIDE PARK.—A very interesting trot took place at the above New England track on the afternoon of Tuesday, 1st inst., bet ween the bay mare Jenny Spencer, in harness, and the sorrel gelding Sorrel John, to wagon, for a sweepstakes of $150. Seven heats were trotted, the first and fifth being dead, and the gelding taking the third, sixth and seventh, and consequently the race. Time, 2:51½; 2:53; 2:51½; 2:52¼; 2:52; 2:52¼; 2:51¼.

CINCINNATI SPRING TROTTING MEETING.—The Buckeye Club of Cincinnati have concluded to encourage trotting as well as running, and will commence a season of four days on June 23. This will be the first trotting of any moment Porkopolis has had for several years. The best driver and most gentlemanly is to be presented with a driving whip valued at $100. The entrance fee is fixed at five per cent., to go to the second horse in each race.

THE TROY RACES.—The spring meeting of the Rensselaer Park Association will be held at Troy, N. Y., on the 29th and 30th inst., and July 1st. Two races are announced to take place each day, and the premiums amount to $6,000. Entries must be made to Gates H. Barnard, 339 River Street, Troy, not later than the 10th inst.

THE ENGLISH TURF.

Derby Day.

THE RACE FOR THE DERBY STAKES—PRETENDER THE WINNER.

Derby Day, the greatest day of all days in the year to the patrons of the turf in England, came and went on May 26th, and resulted in Mr. Johnstone being the lucky winner of the Derby Stakes, the principal event of the day, with his horse Pretender, ridden by J. Osborne, to the chagrin, no doubt, of a great many, and to the gratification of many more, according to the way in which they had wagered their money. In our issue of the 5th inst., we gave the Atlantic telegraph's report, but as we are now in receipt of a detailed account of the great race, we here give it for the edification of the American public.

THE DAY.

A somewhat dull and threatening morning followed a night of drenching rain, but the clouds were dispersed before the morning was far advanced, and the day became beautifully fine. Since the victory of Pretender for the Two Thousand, the present Derby has increased in interest, and the struggle evoked an amount of enthusiasm and excitement that has rarely been surpassed.

Looking down from the gallery of the grand stand, the crowd below seemed packed as close as bees over the whole of the race course; and after the race was run when the barriers were opened, the green sward of the course was covered over in a second by the throng, who settled down upon it like a swarm of flies. And yet the crowd outside the railings scarcely looked diminished by the mass which had parted from it. The grand stand and all its minor rivals were crammed to overflowing. The new royal stand was graced with the presence of the Prince and Princess of Wales and their party.

THE RACE.

The majority of the horses starting for the "Derby Stakes" made their entry into the paddock soon after the Epsom Town Plate had been disposed of. More than the usual amount of interest attached to the saddling of the competitors, but the excitement under the stand was not were in the paddock, which, being removed from the bustle and excitement of a crowd, afforded a very pleasant retreat, and the proceedings enacted therein were far from uninteresting. The dapper De Vere, with his ungainly stable companion Rupert, were the first to submit themselves to the inspection of the critics. De Vere looked decidedly the finer of the pair, but it was evident he had but little pretensions to so important a prize, while Rupert will be better liked when the distance he is asked to run is more than a mile and a half. Benefited by his rest since the Two Thousand, the Duke of Beaufort looked greatly improved, as did Perry Down, who, though a purely English horse, was claimed as the representative of France. Martyrdom and Border Knight—the latter in blue cap—looking on the latter carrying a white belt to distinguish him from the other "blues" in the race—were saddled under the tree where Hermit's toilet was completed. Border Knight is a grand looking horse and appeared very fit, but Martyrdom did not appear to be too strong on his legs. Porter led Sir Joseph Hawley's pair into the paddock, and, in addition to the trainer, Pero Gomez had for attendants the blacksmith and the watchman, while Wells and J. Adams also accompanied the animals in their walks round the enclosure. Belladrum was walked from Sherwood's to the paddock with Butters on his back, and accompanied by crocus, Mr. Merry's colt was brought to the post, where he was completed. Mr. Merry's colt was tolling on hopelessly in the rear, in company with Ladas and Ethus, for both of whom the pace was much too strong. Neuchatel was still at the head of affairs, and, excepting that Ryshworth took a more prominent position on the extreme outside, no change occurred in the leading division till the competitors were fairly clear of the furzes, when it became evident that Neuchatel was gradually compounding, but before this Butler had been compelled to call on Perry Down, and Mr. Jenning's horse, being quite outpaced three quarters of a mile from home, dropped back. Descending the hill Neuchatel was beaten, and immediately retired; Lord Hawthorn, to keep the pace strong for Pretender, rushed to the front, with Belladrum, whose appearance is a treat, leaving The Drummer about a length in rear of Lord Hawthorn, Pretender being the immmediate attendant of Mr. Graham's horse, while the favorite was followed down the hill by Rupert, Ryshworth and Duke of Beaufort, the latter of whom was materially interfered with through something crossing him, and it required all Cannon's horsemanship to keep him fairly on his legs. He passed by Pero Gomez, King Cophetua and De Vere. To this lot the race was now apparently confined, as Martyrdom, Thorwaldsen, Alpenstock, The Ægean and Perry Down were a long way behind the front rank, and quite three hundred yards separated the leader from Belladrum, who, as he commenced the decline for Tottenham Corner, was the absolute last, the rear rank being at this point being Ethus, Ladas and Mr. Merry's colt. Rounding Tottenham Corner Lord Hawthorn was disposed of, and Ryshworth, who had gradually crept up on the outside, took up the running in the centre of the course, and was followed into the straight by Pretender and The Drummer almost side by side on his left, Pero Gomez lying next on the higher ground, while the most forward of the remaining lot was Rupert, with De Vere and Border Knight, Rupert holding a position on the extreme left. De Vere and Border Knight were both in difficulties before reaching the road, crossing which Ryshworth, who had been fairly pulling Maidment out of the saddle previously, "shut up," but his jockey, keeping pegging away at him, managed to hold a forward place. After his retirement from the front, Pretender took up the running with a slight lead of The Drummer and Rupert, but clear of Pero Gomez. Before the distance was reached, both The Drummer and Rupert slightly headed the favorite, but at the point indicated they were simultaneously in trouble, and Pretender was again left with the advantage, Pero Gomez, as they neared the commencement of the stand enclosure, leading the beaten pair, and drawing up to the quarters of Pretender. The latter was now reduced to a match between the two favorites, both of whom were going remarkably well. The riding of Wells and Osborne was brilliant in the extreme; and, as both animals ran with unswerving gameness, it will be readily imagined that the finish was a magnificent one. Though Pero Gomez rapidly decreased Pretender's advantage opposite the stands, and appeared, for a stride or so, to get level with the two thousand winner, Pretender got the best of an exciting and interesting struggle, and won very cleverly by a head. The race for place honors was not the less exciting, and The Drummer staying longer than Duke of Beaufort, obtained a third position, finishing a length in the rear of Pero Gomez; but he was not more than a head in front of Duke of Beaufort, close up with whom was Rupert fifth, and Ryshworth sixth. Then, at a clear interval, came Alpenstock seventh, Martyrdom eighth, and King Cophetua ninth; some distance in the latter's rear Thorwaldsen was tenth, while Defender, De Vere, and Ethus were together next. Perry Down, who fell lame as they entered the straight, was fourteenth, with The Ægean, Tenedos, Tasman, Lord Hawthorn, and Border Knight next, Neuchatel cantering past the post in the rear of the latter, while the last but one were Ladas and Belladrum, the absolute last. Time, as taken by Benson's chronograph, 2m. 52¾s.

THE DERBY STAKES of 50 sovereigns each, h ft, for three-year olds; colts, 8st 10lbs.; fillies 8st 5lbs.; second to receive 300 sovereigns, and the third 150 sovereigns. The last mile and a half to be run on the New Course. 247 subs

Mr. J. Johnstone's Pretender, by Adventurer—Perina, 8st 10lbs	J. Osborne 1
Sir J. Hawley's Pero Gomez, by Beadsman—Salaman-ca, 8st 10lbs	Wells 2
Mr. Graham's The Drummer, by Ratapian—My Niece, 8st 10lbs	Morris 3

Betting 3 to 1 against Pretender, 11 to 2 against Pero Gomez, 6 to 1 against Belladrum, 10 to 1 against Perry Down, 20 to 1 each against The Drummer and Martyrdom, 33 to 1 against Border Knight and Thorwaldsen, 50 to 1 against Duke of Beaufort, Ryshworth, Rupert, and De Vere, 66 to 1 each against Ladas and Ethus, 100 to 1 against Alpenstock, 1,000 to 5 against King Cophetua, and 1,000 to 5 each against the Ægean, Tasman, Tenedos, and Defender.

Place Betting—3 to 1 on Pretender, evens on Pero Gomez, 2 to 1 against Belladrum, 5 to 2 against Perry Down, 3 to 1 against The Drummer, 5 to 1 each against Thorwaldsen and Martyrdom, and 10 to 1 against Duke of Beaufort.

STEEPLE CHASE MATCH.—As a wind-up to the Eglinton Park Meeting, Eng., a race, which created a great deal of excitement, took place between two members of the "upper ten," viz:—the Marquis of Queensbury and Mr. Cobton, of the 100th Regiment, who, owing to a discussion as to how long it would take to run the course, which is 3 miles, 1,105 yards in length, made a match for £100 a side to test the matter. Some heavy bets depended upon the result, and after a good start the marquis made the running, with the "soldier" close upon his heels, both taking their forces and clearing the brook, which is 12ft in length, with a fence at the take-off, in rare form. When about 50 yards from the grand stand the marquis made his effort, but finding his opponent equal to the emergency, and that he had got the worst of it, he eased off a bit, and allowed Cotton to go in first by six yards. Time, 24min 15sec, a performance which might be fairly ranked as one of the best on record.

FATAL CASUALTY.—On the evening of the 10th ult., a shocking accident occurred at Wetherby, near Leeds, Eng., by which Mr. Thos. Haunam lost his life. The unfortunate gentleman was officiating as judge at a friendly hurdle race, in which three horses were competing, when, on coming in for the finish at the first heat, one of the animals, which had been almost unmanageable from the start, suddenly swerved on one side and came into violent collision with the deceased, who was holding the winning post in his hand, hurling him to the ground with terrific force, and killing him instantaneously, three of his ribs being broken, his head, hand and body sustaining wounds inflicted, rupture of the heart being the cause of death.

TEN MILE TROT.—A match which had been on the *tapis* for sometime, between Wm. Herbert's grey pony and Wm. Lowe's dun pony, was decided on the 10th ult., on the York and Easingwald road, Eng. The stake was £50, each animal being in harness, the distance ten miles, and Mr. Herbert's animal giving 400 yards start. Neither was to carry less than 13st. In the interim drivers of their respective sulkies. The dun pony is much older than the grey. The latter, after the start, gradually gained, and at about four miles from home went away, and won easily by several hundred yards. The winner was trained in the neighborhood of Leeds.

THE DERBY WINNER'S PEDIGREE.—Mr. Chaplin, the winner of the Derby, and the new Tory star in the House of Commons, is one of the richest men in England and an intimate friend of Tennyson, having been born in the same county and knowing the Tennyson family from his childhood. The brilliant woman who jilted him in order to become the wife of the Marquis of Hastings is at present a widow in somewhat reduced circumstances, and, if Chaplin is still willing, she may be perhaps won more easily than the Derby in 1867.

THE RING.

ALLEN AND MCCOOLE.—Concerning the engagement between these men, which is to be decided within fifty miles of St. Louis, on Tuesday next, 15th instant, we hear but little, further than that they are working steadily and with a determination to lose no chance by neglect. Allen was to have had a benefit at the National Theatre, Cincinnati, on the evening of the 5th instant, and Tom Ryan was to wind-up with him. He will take his departure for St. Louis during the latter part of the current week. The betting continues of course to be largely in favor of McCoole, owing to the numerous advantages he possesses, everything save skill being in his favor. He is not the least doubtful concerning the issue, but Allen is confident of his ability to "change his tune" upon the day though he keeps very quiet, and by his demeanor has made a very favorable impression on the Cincinnatians.

JOHNNY DILLON, one of the west side sporting-blades, was the recipient of a benefit at Continental Hall, corner of 34th street and 8th avenue, on the evening of Saturday, 5th inst., which was well attended and characterized by good boxing, mostly by new faces, however. Those who appeared were Billy McMullen and Billy Bennett, Young Brophy and Aikins, Young Rooney and Mike Magill, McBride and Scott, Johnny Smith and Young Haggerty, Feeney and Lane, Holland and Cash, and the winding up between Young Dillon, brother of Johnny, the "Connemara ram"). Uncle Tovee was master of ceremonies on the occasion, and it is needless to say that he did his work well.

A FORFEIT.—John Handley and Tom Ryan were to have fought near Cincinnati on the 30th ult. for a purse of $100. The ground was fixed at the old Queen City Race Track, near the village of Ludlow, Ky. Handley was on time, accompanied by Johnnie Lafferty and Jack Millet, but Ryan did not come to hand. After a long wait and considerable tall swearing, the stakes were handed over to Handley. This Ryan is not Tom Ryan, the well known amateur boxer, who was to face Allen at the latter's benefit.

WRESTLING MATCH.—Homer Lane and Henry Grace had another wrestling match at Harry Hill's, 26 East Houston street, on the afternoon of the 2d inst. Mr. Ball umpired Lane and Grace's interests were looked after by Mr. Grady, "mine host" acting as referee. The match was won by Lane, who gained two falls in succession.

A COUPLE of youthful Israelites residing at Washington, D. C., have signed articles, and have posted $25 for a fistical encounter, to be decided two months from date of signing, the winner to expend the stakes for wine, etc. Fun!

FRED BUSSY desires to express his thanks to Johnny Hamill, Jim Williams, Thos. Hughes, and Peter McDermott, for kindness shown him while in Pittsburgh.

SOL AARON is to give an exhibition at Sam Turner's hall, No. 119 Haverhill street, Boston, on the night of the 10th inst.

BILLY MCMULLEN intends, we learn, to pay a visit to the "cold dart" shortly, and will leave this port on the 9th inst.

MIKE TRAINOR is at present sojourning in Philadelphia, making the "Currency House" his headquarters.

WE HAVE A LETTER for Teddy McAuliffe.

PEDESTRIANISM.

TEN MILE CHAMPION RACE.

Some time ago Messrs. P. Waddacor & Co. announced their intention to give a silver cup, valued at 50 guineas, to be competed for at ten miles as a champion challenge trophy, the winner to hold it twelve months against all comers before it became his property, and £10 forfeit, and £25 a side, at six weeks notice. The race was fixed for May 15th, when there were nearly 3,000 persons present. Five peds entered, viz., George Hazell, of London; J. Sanderson ("Treacle"), of Whitworth, near Rochdale; Young Fleet, of Manchester; J. White, of Gateshead; and Teddy Mills (Young England), of London. The latter, however, broke down in training, and forfeited, and £15 a side to take the race and £15 more, £5 third, £2. Hazell is a most improving and promising ped of twenty-four years of age, and first saw the light at Deptford. He stands 5ft. 7½, in. in height, and weighs 8st 7lb. He took his breathings under the care of Young Springhall, of London. Sanderson has figured for several years with average success. He was born at Whitworth on December 24th, 1838, weighs 8st 10lb, is 5ft 7½in high, and was trained by J. Lee (the Boatman.) Of Fleet little need be said, as from one to one and a half mile he is perhaps invincible. He scales 8st 4lb, and was twenty-four years old on the 6th of April last. Hazell was made a hot favorite at 6 to 4 on; Sanderson met with substantial support at 6 to

THE PURITAN LOVERS.

BY MARIAN DOUGLASS.

Drawn out, like lingering bees, to share
The last, sweet summer weather,
Beneath the reddening maples walked
Two Puritans together.

A youth and maiden, heeding not
The woods which round them brightened,
Just conscious of each other's thoughts,
Half happy and half frightened.

Grave were their brows, and few their words,
And coarse their garb, and simple;
The maiden's very cheek seemed shy
To own its worldly dimple.

For stern the time; they dwelt with Care;
And fear was oft a comer;
A sober April ushered in
The Pilgrim's toilful summer.

And stern their creed; they tarried here
Mere desert land sojourners:
They must not dream of mirth or rest,
God's humble lesson learners.

The temple's sacred perfume round
Their week day robes was clinging;
Their mirth was but the golden bells
On priestly garments ringing.

But as to-day they softly talked,
That serious youth and maiden,
Their plainest words strange beauty wore,
Like weeds with dew drops laden.

The saddest theme had something sweet,
The gravest something tender,
While with slow steps they wandered on
'Mid summer's fading splendor.

He said, "Next week the church will hold
A day of prayer and fasting;"
And then he stopped, and bent to pick
A white life-everlasting.

A silvery bloom, with fadeless leaves;
He gave it to her, sighing,
A mute confession was his glance,
Her blush a mute replying.

"Mehetabel!" (at last he spoke),
"My fairest one and dearest!
One thought is ever to my heart
The sweetest and the nearest.

"You read my soul; you know my wish;
O, grant me its fulfilling!"
She answered low, "If Heaven smiles,
And if my father's willing!"

No idle passion swayed her heart,
This quaint New England beauty!
Faith was the guardian of her life;
Obedience was a duty.

Too truthful for reserve, she stood,
Her brown eyes earthward casting,
And held with trembling hand the while
Her white life-everlasting.

Her sober answer pleased the youth—
Frank, clear and gravely cheerful;
He left her at her father's door,
Too happy to be fearful.

She looked on high, with earnest plea,
And Heaven seemed bright above her;
And when she shyly spoke his name,
Her father praised her lover.

And when, that night, she sought her couch,
With head-board high and olden,
Her prayer was praise, her pillow down,
And all her dreams were golden.

And still upon her throbbing heart,
In bloom and breath undying,
A few life-everlasting flowers,
Her lover's gift, were lying.

O Venus' myrtles, fresh and green!
O Cupid's blushing roses!
Not on your classic flowers alone
The sacred light reposes;

Though gentler care may shield your buds,
From north winds rude and blasting,
As dear to Love, those few, pale flowers
Of white life-everlasting.

ABOUT ODD FELLOWS AND FREEMASONS.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY PAUL PRESTON.

There is a singular fascination in secresy, which has operated upon the human mind from the earliest ages in the world's history, and it is mainly to the mystery with which protective and benevolent associations of the present generation have seen proper to envelop their proceedings that they are indebted for the crowd of candidates constantly clamoring for admission within the portals of their mystic temples. In America the rage for membership in secret societies has become a feature in our social condition, inasmuch as we are educated to their appreciation, and consequently not a year passes without the introduction or invention of one or more of these oath-bound confraternities. In every college or other institution of learning there exist chapters of some association, designated by Greek letters, such as the Phi Beta Kappa, the Alpha Delta Phi, Sigma Phi and others, uniting the members of various universities in a literary and fraternal communion. It is owing to perchance this tendency of these in augmenting the body of Masons and of Odd Fellows when the students attain that legal age required to secure admission to the more ancient and widely disseminated mysteries.

While the Masonic fraternity holds the highest position in general estimation, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which, despite its trans-Atlantic origin, has been remodelled into a purely American institution, undoubtedly embraces a large proportion of the more rural districts, as in the larger cities the superior attractions of Freemasonry have engulphed the more recent society, which a few years back flourished almost to the exclusion of the Masonic association on account of the long continuance of the political excitement consequent upon the abduction and mysterious fate of an alleged apostate named Morgan.

Freemasonry had been introduced into America during colonial times by the establishment, under the authority of the Duke of Athol, of a lodge in Boston, whence the order extended to all the other colonies. During the French war the advantages of Masonry, as a conciliatory profession, tempering the virulence of partisan passions, became so recognized that at the commencement of the American Revolution lodges were to be found in every populous district. At the very outset of hostilities, the Masons experienced a severe loss in the death of their recognized head, General Joseph Warren, slain upon Bunker's Hill. But the fact of Generals Washington and Lafayette being enthusiastic members of the fraternity bestowed upon it an impetus which, after the declaration of peace, and the absolution of the American Masons from allegiance to the institution in England, produced ample material for the creation of grand lodges in each of the separate States.

The private history of the Revolution is replete with interesting Masonic incidents. Benjamin Franklin was initiated, as had been Voltaire, in the Lodge of the Nine Sisters, in Paris, composed of the most eminent philosophers of the age, who encouraged the French court in its sympathy with the republican cause. Lafayette, in bestowing a memento upon the Father of his Country, transmitted to Mount Vernon, as the highest evidence of sincere esteem, a master Mason's apron, worked by the hands of the machioness, his wife. Even the wild, turbulent and revengeful Mohawk chief, Joseph Brandt, was ever mindful of his Masonic obligations during the sanguinary civil struggle in which he participated towards the centre of our state. It was this Indian, who is so often represented in popular prints, as sparing the life of an enemy at the surprise of Minisink, through his making the sign of distress. But as the officer, a Major Wood, proved to be what is technically styled a "hedge" Mason, having clandestinely obtained knowledge of the omnipotent signal, Brandt grew indignant at the imposition practiced upon him, but having promised to spare the man's life, felt himself necessitated so to do, although holding him in captivity for a length of time.

Masonry was in prosperity in every section of the United States up to the period of the Morgan excitement, which succeeded the disappearance of that individual in September, 1826. All that can be gleaned from the elaborate law investigations into this affair is the simple details of Morgan's presumptive crime, and the preliminaries to his final departure—whither none can say. By birth a Virginian, Morgan, while a resident of Batavia, in this State, connected himself with a printer named Miller, for the publication of an exposition of the secrets of Masonry. Morgan, having reached a degree of Royal Arch, the members of the fraternity appertaining to that degree caused his arrest upon a frivolous pretext, and in the absence of the sheriff searched his house in the hope of finding and destroying the obnoxious manuscript. Shortly after, the printing office of Miller was destroyed by fire, and this crime was charged upon the Masons, who, if actuated by any design to frustrate the publication of the proposed work were greviously disappointed, for the work issued from the press and has not been out of print to the present hour.

The last known of Morgan was his imprisonment, during September, 1826, in the magazine at Fort Niagara, whither he had been carried by virtue of several warrants, issued by different magistrates in the towns through which he had been forcibly carried by unknown persons. During his confinement within the deserted fort, a Royal Arch Chapter was being installed in the neighboring town of Lewiston, which gave color to a suspicion that Morgan had been tried by the offended companions and in pursuance of their decision had been compelled to expiate the penalty of his violated obligation through being drowned in the turbid waters of the Niagara river. At least, such was the opinion of the Anti-Masons, waging an agitation which shook the public mind with more or less force during a period of nearly ten years, after which Masonry recovered its forfeited position.

During the temporary suppression of the Masonic fraternity, the Odd Fellows made their appearance upon the public scene, and, as they assumed to practice all the virtues of their proscribed predecessors, and to discard their alleged vices, the society grew rapidly into general favor. The first lodge was erected in the city of Baltimore, under the control of a gentleman named Wildey, taking his authority from a body in England known as the Manchester Unity, and from this commencement the order spread with amazing celerity throughout all parts of the Union.

Like their prototypes, the Masons, the Odd Fellows claimed a very questionable antiquity for their fraternity, their legends not quite reaching back to the building of Solomon's Temple, but extending to the destruction of that much vaunted pile, or its substitute, by the Roman soldiery under Titus. While intolerant Freemasons were ever ready to admit the comparatively modern origin of their fraternity, notwithstanding that ingenious forgers had frabricated the "Charter of Cologne" and the entertaining romance of Robert Bruce and his resuscitated Knights Templar, many of the prominent Odd Fellows were tempted to believe themselves lineal descendants of the pretorian bands of the Roman empire, until finally all these antiquarian vagaries were dissipated by the disinterested researches of a modern antique.

Towards the end of the last century, when the Freemasons in England had reached the plentitude of their power, some wags attempted, and carried out, a gigantic burlesque upon the pomp and ceremony of public Masonic processions. Christening themselves "Scald Miserables," they arrayed themselves in fantastic attires, and, upon foot, upon horseback and in every description of vehicles, paraded the public streets of London, avowedly as mourning attendants at the funeral of Hiram. Whether these mummeries provoked the anger of influential Masons, or were provocative of disturbance and disorder, it is impossible to say, but they were speedily suppressed by governmental interference, and a law passed against such demonstrations.

But the spirit of whimsical ridicule could in nowise be extinguished in this summary manner. A party of jolly companions, mostly attached to the Coast Guard, or veterans from the navy, conceived the idea of conducting a convivial society with burlesque ceremonials. Styling themselves Odd Fellows from the fact that few among them could boast limbs in like number, they endeavored to ridicule Masonry by assuming sonorous titles for their officers, whom they selected from the most unique of the memberhood. Hence they opened the famous Fox Lodge at Dover, beneath Shakespeare's Cliff, with a one-eyed man for Noble Grand, for his Right Hand Supporter one destitute of that physical member, while his guardian on the left was devoid of a leg, and so on with the entire catalogue of officers, whose chief duties lay in the singing of songs and the quaffing of beer.

The popularity of this convivial congregation led to the formation of similar associations in the other seaports, until gradually they extended into the heart of the country, particularly, as by degrees they assumed the characteristics of benevolent societies, relieving the wants of affiliated brethren traveling away from their respective localities. It was reserved for the energy of a Mr. Bolton, better known as the Poet of Manchester, to attempt to remodel Odd Fellowship into a purely beneficial and intellectual system, whereby the working classes, excluded from participation in Masonry, could enjoy the benefits of mutual assistance. He straightway commenced his reformation by advocating the suppression of convivialism in the lodges, but the older members were too strongly wedded to harmony and hilarity to dispense with these attractive features, and hence Mr. Bolton and his fellowers were compelled to secede and to create "The Independent Order of Odd Fellows—Manchester Unity."

Transplanted to American soil, the simple theory of Mr Bolton, which was purely democratic at its base, and in its application affording every member a moderate and fixed stipend in the event of sickness or distress, found but little favor in the sight of ambitious officials, longing to outrival Freemasonry in the splendor of regalia and in the sonorous nomenclature as to titles. The homely ritual of a practical mechanic, designed for the instruction of comparatively uneducated men, was very summarily discarded to give place to an improved and highly varnished system of ceremonial, while the constitution of the order was elaborated to recognize with grand loages, and encampments with patriarchs and other inventions, systematically repressed by Mr. Bolton's modest scheme. In consequence of these changes, and of a difference, as to jurisdiction, originating in the establishment of lodges, loyal to the Manchester Unity on this soil, the American Odd Fellows, about twenty-five years ago, severed their connection with the trans-Atlantic institution and can now be legitimately regarded as a purely independent and national society.

It may be looked upon as a singular circumstance, that out of the immense numbers of Masons in this country, few among them have any correct conception as to the origin and design of that wide spread organization, which has not only followed civilization in its rapid track of progress, but penetrated in advance to the remotest quarters of the world. This omission in knowledge may possibly be accounted for upon the assumption that Masonic history is not generally cultivated by us, who have as a general rule accepted the publications of French authors as gospel in the premises.

It is now almost universally acknowledged by educated Masons, that despite the foolish legends of ritual mongers, and the traditional statements of lodge orators, the germ of Masonry is to be found in the "New Atlantis," and its development became an actual fact during the continuance of the civil wars, constituting, according to Clarendon, the Great Rebellion in England. In Lord Bacon's work, which was immensely popular with the courtiers of James I, there is a description of a House of Six Days' Works, erected and controlled by a fabulous monarch—Solomon, and dedicated to the cultivation of universal science. The British king, pleased with the idea, contemplated the creation of an institution based upon Bacon's philosophic views, and, doubtlessly, would have done so but for his habit of procrastination. The design was resumed upon James' death by Charles I, with the approbation of the most learned of his courtiers, when occurrence of the civil war suspended its practical operation.

The decapitation of the English monarch and the flight of the royal family bestowed a political complexion upon the intended enterprise, which, from being a purely scientific institution, was converted, by the cavaliers, into an ingenious conspiration against the commonwealth, employing the language of operative Masonry, based upon preteyce of rebuilding Solomon's Temple, to mask an intercommunication between the royal refugees and their adherents remaining upon British soil. It was then that were introduced those stringent obligations which, although greatly modified, have been retained after the necessity for their exaction has passed away. In those troublesome times few men could trust their neighbors, while to insure recognition and protection, signs, symbols and financial assistance were absolutely indispensible for the agents of the regal cause to prosecute the "great work."

At the same period was composed the apocryphal story of the murdered Hiram, and any Mason acquainted with the historical characters of that day, can at once detect the latent allusions contained in that fable, which is still conserved as the legend of the third degree. By Solomon was meant the royal government; by Hiram of Tyre, the King of France, and by the martyred master builder, the decapitated monarch Charles, his three assassins representing the English, Irish and Scottish nations respectively. The members styled themselves, and the expression is preserved in France to the present day, "the Children of the Widow," as avowing their allegiance to the wife of the assassinated Charles.

After the restoration, the Royal Society having taken up the investigation of universal science, the practice of symbolical Masonry rapidly declined, and so remained until after the accession of Queen Anne, when, upon completion of St. Paul's Cathedral, at the instigation of Sir Christopher Wren, the lodges meeting in London were convoked and agreed upon a regular constitution, whereby the usages of the craft were permanently determined. Hence, despite all vain glorious pretensions to a remote antiquity, it is evident that the Masonic system in vogue in this country cannot be regarded as of an earlier date than about 1717, and furthermore that all traditions as to former congregations of Masons relate to assemblages of operative masons, who, like many other trades in England and upon the continent, had been vested with rights and privileges from time immemorial. By the action of Sir Christopher Wren and his associates it would appear that the operative and speculative masons were mutually united into a single body.

A Burial at White Pine.

A correspondent who has visited the new El Dorado, writes as follows concerning the manner in which burials are conducted among the mines:—

"Pious, too, as well as courteous, in a certain rough, offhand sort of a way, are these dwellers in the Po-go-hip. They will put themselves out of the way sometimes to give a friend a cheerful and pleasant burial. Instance a case which came under our notice while coming up here on the railroad. One of the seekers after sudden wealth sickened and died by the wayside, and his companions, desirous of bearing testimony to his many good qualities, decided to do the handsome thing by him in the way of respectable obsequies.

"They accordingly went around taking up a collection, and in due time succeeded in getting together enough boxes and bits of lumber to make a sort of rough box resembling a disproportioned hen coop, in which to bury him. 'Sardines a l'huile' and 'Dessicated codfish' at the head and foot; 'Peach blow' and 'Private cuvee' on the sides, with 'glass, with care' on the top—will be likely to puzzle the antiquarians of 1969 who may chance to light on his grave, as badly as did the inscriptions on the sarcophagus of Ghiddon's mummy the learned *savans* of Boston. They wrapped him in his second best pair of blankets, placed him in the box, and consigned him to the bosom of mother earth.

"Then they tossed up to see who should read a chapter of Scripture over his grave, and the lot falling on one not well versed in the matter, he opened the book at the story of Susannah and the Elders, and read it through, from first to last, with solemn unction. Then they dumped the earth and rock upon his packing box, and were preparing to leave him alone in his glory, when it occurred to somebody in the crowd that there should be something to designate his resting place. So they drove an old pick handle down into the dirt at the head of the grave, and nailed to it the sole of a soda-cracker box horizontally across it. The cross was now two-thirds complete; but the lumber was exhausted. A lucky idea occurred to help them out.

"One of the party had a bottle about half full of whiskey. They finished the whiskey, filled the bottle with sand and gravel to keep the wind from blowing it away, and set it upright on the box. The emblem of the faith was complete. But there should be some inscription on it. Oh, yes; that is so! I. H. S., or INRI, was proposed; but the learned man of the party, who took some pride in his scholastic attainments, thought it best to write the inscription out in full, which he did after his own ideas, and the label now read:—J. H. Cutter's old Bourbon whiskey. *In Hoc Signo Vinces.*' It was such a capital joke on Cutter, they said; it would be a pity if the dead man could not see it."

Funny Magisterial Examination.

"What is your name?"
"My name is Norval. On the Grampian Hills——"
"Where did you come from?"
"I came from the happy land where care is unknown."
"Where are you lodging now?"
"I dreamt I dwelt in marble halls."
"Where are you going to?"
"Far over hill and dale."
"What is your occupation?"
"I played on a harp of a thousand strings."
"Are you married?"
"Long time ago. Polly, put the kettle on."
"When were you married?"
"'Twas twelve o'clock one starlight night, I ever shall remember."
"How many children have you?"
"There's Doll and Bet and Moll and Kate, and——"
"What is your wife's name?"
"Oh, no, I never mention her."
"Was your wife good looking?"
"She was all my fancy painted her."
"Did your wife treat you badly?"
"Oft in the stilly night."
"What possessions have you."
"Old Dog Tray."
"What do you propose to do with him?"
"Send him to the other side of Jordan."
"How do you propose to make a living?"
"Pull off my coat and roll up my sleeves."
The judge could not stand any more, and accordingly shut him up for three months.

THE MONKEY AND THE HAWK.—The cook of a French nobleman had a monkey which was so intelligent that by severe training it was taught to perform certain useful services, such as plucking fowls, at which it was uncommonly expert. One fine morning a pair of partridges was given it to pluck. The monkey took them to an open window of the kitchen, and went to work with great diligence. He soon finished one, which he laid on the outer ledge of the window, and then went quietly on with the other. A hawk, that had been watching his proceedings from a neighboring tree, darted down upon the plucked partridge, and in a minute was up in the tree again, greedily devouring his prey. He hopped about in great distress for some minutes, when suddenly a bright thought struck him. Seizing the remaining partridge, he went to work with great energy and stripped off the feathers. He then laid it on the ledge, just where he had placed the other, and, closing one of the shutters, concealed himself behind it. The hawk, who by this time had finished his meal, very soon swooped down upon the partridge, but hardly had his claws touched the bird, when the monkey sprang upon him from behind the shutter. The hawk's neck was instantly wrung, and the monkey, with a triumphant chuckle, proceeded to strip off the feathers. This done, he carried the two plucked fowls to his master, with a confident and self-satisfied air which seemed to say:—"Here are two birds, sir—just what you gave me." What the cook said on finding one of the partridges converted into a hawk is more than we are able to tell.

THE IRISHMAN'S DREAM.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Listen, kind gintlemen, 't may be amusin',
In troth I'll endeavor the best that I can—
To picture me drame while I was yet snoozin',
The drame of a FAINIEN—a wild Irishman.
Ye's must know I'm not long in this land of invinsion,
It's only a month since from Ireland I came;
To speak o' me family's not me intinsion—
But merely to picture an Irishman's drame.

Last night I'd been tasting a drop o' th' craitur,
Wid Jemmy McCaffrey and one or two more;
An' when I got home, an hour or two later,
'Twas Biddy I found sittin' close by the dure.
She placed me in bed, and soon I was slapin',
As snug as a bug, when a vision it came;
In Washington City, I found miself kapin'
The company of General Grant in me drame.

I went to the White House and paid me addresses
To Mrs. Ulysses, who wore a blue frock;
The herd that besieged her—th' likes! the Lord bless us—
'Twas worse than the crowd round a guillotine block.
There were postmasters, editors and carpet-baggers,
Wid scores o' young preachers—and greater's the shame,
All rushin' about, like they had the blind staggers,
Wid bundles o' letters—I saw in me drame.

Then I wint to the minstrels, and paid me half dollar,
And jedge o' me wondhur when out they all came;
The first was Old Sumner—the nation's great scholar—
And the SPRAGUE o' sheilalah, who followed the same.
There was Senator Fenton, who played on the fiddle,
And Cameron slung a heavy banjo;
Wid Anthony stickin' himself in the middle,
Playin' the divil wid Parson Brownlow. GAMMA.

VALKING DOWN BROADWAY.—No. 11.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY OOFTY GOOFT.

Come ride along, Sharley, dese fellers are so ecksited dis morning dot dey vill not look to see of ve are tooking notes or not. Since ve vas down der market has peen off und ombsteady, der bears hafing a leedle der bead of it for a vile, but eferyding is a burchase now, und somepody vill got varmed; of dey voodn'd "Oofty" don't know vat he says. I nodice, also, besides, dot der Hook-noses dook a goot deal of oxcebtions to vat I told you bond dem last week, und of dey efer can got a shance to git efen mit us you bed your boddom dollar dot dey vill do it. Our shoulders vas proad, Sharley, und ve are dwendy-von years old nexd grass; conseykerwendiy, ve are hungydoree und ve don'd care a dinker's blame for dem.

Obserf dis big fat feller, Sharley; dis is anoder Sharley—Sharley O'Born. He is a clefer feller, shborts a nice mustdash, und lifes ub town in a big house. Osborn lifes vell und is a bartner of dot brince of goot fellers, Addison Cammack. He sings a goot song—"My Pretty Jane" for insdance, ven accombanied by a goot baridone like Ed. Van Schaick, und dake him altogedder is "a heafy man."

Here is a goot feller, a feller dot can took a joke mitoud gottin mat ofer it—dis shum looker, mit der rusdy lookin hair; is Mark Hermann, a big banker, und is a life yunk feller. He is said to hafe a nice biece of broperty ub town, from vich he realizes a handsome rendal, und does his pisness ub sharb und vell.

Here comes a man mit a head like Demosdenes; dis, Sharley, is Josh Lazarus—he is a fine looking, handsome man, und he is a grade favorite mit der fair sects—Josh is von of der best judges of der market in der shtreed, und of he hafn't bodhered by Aleck Henriques, vood be der most amiaple man in der board. "So say dey all." He is now vasding his dalents by doing a sdrictly commission pisness.

Dis shord, dick sized feller, Sharley, is Moses Mitchell, und he is a goot feller und a sbirited bidder; he dinks venefer der market drops off dot it is sale; he is villing to bid it up, but he veaksens quick, Sharley, und dot makes him careful. Dere is noding like being careful, und Moses knows it.

Sharley, did you efer saw a brigand? I dond mean a brigadier, cause of I did I vood go to der Boor house to find dem. I mean such a brigand dot you read abound. Vell, you see dis shord, dark comblexioned man mit der black hair und peard. He looks like a wild brigand, dond he? Dots if he vas shocked, der coal blooded, und he is a creat friend of "Old Buyer Sixdy."

Dis dall, shlim man is Fred Nathan. Nathan vas a creat feller to bid a ½ to call for shtocks ven dey are sdrong, or vill bed a "Den shot" on deir rising.

Dis shord, leedle feller is young Jakey Hays. Jakey is a shard, shimard feller, Sharley, exbesially alder a order. He mints his own pisness, und vill hafe a parrel of money some day; he use to live ub at Invood, bud he dond any more, cause he moled.

You see dis leedle feller dot veighs about fifdy-five bounds und a half? Vell, dot's von of der nicest leedle fellers in der coundry, he is so generous; and anoder ding, Sharley, he vas so modesd und unassuming dot no von vood nodice him in a biace of he vasn'd so vell known for his coodness of heart und his liperal disbosition. Of you vas ackwainted mit him dot voodn'd be more as a minnit before he vood ask you to go and took lunch mit him und he vood call for everyding on der bill of fare of you didn'd shtop him; he vas so generous und hospitable; und cigars, Sharley, he carries a box of dem in each von of his bockets to gave avay to his friends. Of he has a order he dond say anyding to anypody but goes about his pisiness und inderferes mit nopody. Somedime ago he slibbed and fell in der mutgudder, und a toldagraff boy heibed him oud, und vat do you subbose he done to dot boy? He chust took off his diamond ring und gafe dot to him on der spot. Yes, sir; he's a nice feller und his name vas T. S. Vanderhoef—Marvin's boy.

Dis dall, vell bult, goot lookin man is John W. George. He vas a goot broker, und vell bosted in der operations of der "Cendral" pardy; he is a good, genial kind of a man, eckedreamly fond of a joke und dukes der vorld easy.

Sharley, here is a fine looker. Dis is J. K. Gracie. He chust did recofer from a awful addack of someding in his neck. He has had dot tied ub in a hankershfit, und dot inderfered mit his goot looks somevatly; but, Sharley, he is O. K. agin, und looks bretty vonce more. Gracie is a varm yunk feller, Sharley, und he vill buy or sell at a half any dime to keeb himself pefore an admiring crowd und made dings lifely.

Here is a man dot is disgusted mit der uncomfordable shtidness of der marked—dis large man mit short side viskers—dis is Jo Mills, der big operator in "Bacific Mail." Mills says dot "he vill redire from der turf on der 1st of June, und vait undil dings got to be nearer reasonaple brices to buy at. Mills don'd mind a leedle "Poker" at der Vorth House, cause he don'd understood how to blay dot—he couldn't told der Jake from der ten specker.

I sind sure, Sharley, bud I rudder dink dot I bointed oud dis gendleman to you der following Duesday brevious ven ve vas down here again—down here before I mean—but for der fear of I didn'd, I vill told you someding bood him now; dis shord leedle fat man is Ed Willard—a goot feller und somedimes vas misdooken for Jim Fisk. Willard is a big oberador in Erie, und he understands his pisness, and addends to dot, und keeps his own counsel, and lolds noding to nobody but Ed Willard. Sharley, vile I dink of it, aind dot a vonder dot Flsk ven he vas buying up der Obera Houses didn'd dry und buy oud Tony Pastor's in der Bowery streed?

Dis gread big, fat looking man mid side viskers und musdash is George Maxwell. George is well known as a ecksdreamly modesd, rediring yunk man; never crowds anypody but minds his backyard himself; never says anyding pad aboud anypody, and vas as sholce in his langwidge as Lord Shesterfield or John W. Brown. Maxwell has a multitood of friends, Sharley, a multitood of friends; bud I cuess dot vood bodder him to find dem—dey aind down here.

You see dot old yunk feller? Dots A. M. Cahoon, "a yunk man mit a pald head, vuey dirdy-eight years old." Cahoon is a goot feller, Sharley, und he is von of der best in der board; can told a goot shtory, und blays billiards ecksceding goot. He is a memper of der "Prooklyn Club," und can bead der vorld makin a salad; he tells a shtory vell, Sharley, und can took off a Irishman, Dutchman or Frenchman, bully.

Sharley, did you efer had der mullygrubs? I mean der choiers. Vell, dere is a man dot shows symdoms of it; dis shlim man mit der round shoulders und liddle, clergyman's viskers, und dot high-necked collar—dis is W. B. Mott, und he is familiarly known as Collar-more.

Here is anoder von of der Prooklyn Club—dis shord, shighd-built man, mit mahogany hair und viskers—dis is J. R. Bache, of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co. Bache is very beady on der horse, und he is gedding ub a deam dot vill surbrise der peebles und make der rag of der bushes. He is shtill a Bache-lor. See dot joke? Dot aind mine, Sharley. I hafe heard vorse—not much dough.

Dis finishes ub "der New York Shtock Exchange," und ve vill say "goot bye" to dem, for a vile at leastd, as ve bromised dem GOLD fellers dot ve vood look dem efer und say a shmall someding aboud dem. No doubts aboud it, Sharley, dey is a goot many of der Bulbocks und Bears dot is kinder pad oud ondil dey didn'd got deir names in der CLIPPER, bud dot is deir own fauld, dey vasn'd vorth it, und ve are nod resbonsible. Yes, sir, I am going to took you around der corner und bint oud dem GOLD fellers, und den, my son, I'm goin oud on der road und take in dem shorters dot like to ride efery afdernoon ven der vedder is goot. Dere is a goot many of dese lads down here dot like to ride vensy ve may catch dem oud; of ve do ve vill use dem right. Sharley, ven you go mit me indo der Gold Room dond acd as of you chust come from der olt coundry, but acd loose und careless, und pay addention to eferyding I told you. Come, I vant to go ub, as I hafe got to shtob at Bill Runnett's in Broadway for someding to fill a embty decander mit.

DO BEEN CONDINUED.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MAN.—One of the most extraordinary cases of peculiar formation in the human body we witnessed a few days since at Connelly's Hotel, Mercer, in the person of a colored man, a stranger. It is hardly correct, perhaps, to call it a case of malformation, as the phenomena were entirely internal, the man presenting no unusual appearance whatever. This person, by some inward muscular power, which he cannot explain, can shift the position of his heart at will. We went to see him, not believing more than half that we had been told, but were convinced in less time than it takes to write it. He requested us to satisfy ourselves that his heart was in the position usually occupied by that organ. Placing our hand on his breast, we could feel its beating distinctly. He then commenced a series of contortions with his abdomen, rolling it over and over several times. At the conclusion of this striking exhibition we placed our hand upon a lump in his left side below his waist, and there was the heart thumping away as if nothing unusual was the matter. A few more contortions and the frisky organ passed across the abdomen, and on the *right side* kept up its work of throwing the blood through the system as regularly as if in its natural position. More contortions and it traveled back home, its course being easily traced under the skin till it passed under the ribs. The man then commenced a sort of rotary motion of the bowels, apparently turning them over several times, when we felt a complete set of ribs covering the abdomen, the regular set being in their usual place. Turning the bowels in the opposite direction, the false ribs disappeared. On being asked if his parents had any more children like him, he replied that he had a brother, over six feet high, who could reduce his stature to something less than three feet. We believe him readily after having witnessed the above performance.—*Mercer (Pa.) Dispatch.*

ATTEMPT TO LASSOO THE IRON HORSE.—It is currently reported that a new tribe of Indians have been discovered near Independence, on the line of the Central Pacific, who would not seem to be as well posted in regard to railroad matters as their red skin brethren of the plains. The other day, a locomotive, having passed by to their bewilderment, they resolved to lay in wait or pursue and lariat the monster. Accordingly they made a lariat, and, perceiving the monster approaching, stretched it across the track, either end being held firmly by twenty or thirty of the would-be captors. The engine came tumbling along, the lariat was struck just below the head light, and it is said the Indians exhibited greater feats of ground and lofty tumbling than was ever seen in a first class circus.

OUR GAME BAG.

Golden Gleanings—Merry Thoughts—Wise Proverbs—Fun and Sentiment.

CONUNDRUMS.

WHAT kind of ease is disliked by all? Dis-ease.

WHY is a newspaper like an army? Because it has leaders, columns and reviews.

WHY is a bashful girl like a chameleon? Because she often changes color.

IS THERE anything in the world that can beat a good wife? Yes, a bad husband.

WHY is a distanced horse like a man in a shady place? Because he is out of the heat.

WHY is U the gayest letter in the alphabet? Because it is always in fun.

WHAT workman never turns to the left? A wheelwright.

Do June-iper berries grow this month? If not, why not?

BREVITIES.

A SEEDY FELLOW.—A gardener.

WHARF PAPERS.—Dock-uments.

THE LOVE THAT ALWAYS LASTS.—Self-love.

A JEWEL OF AN UNCLE.—A *carb-uncle.*

A MAN OF PASTS.—A man part knave and part fool.

NOT A SPORTING EVENT.—The Scandinavian race.

WHAT KIND OF FARE IS BEST TO LIVE UPON.—Wel-fare.

MONEY is in a bad way. It is reported as "tight."

PROUD looks spoil fair faces.

QUIET conscience gives quiet sleep.

RICHEST is he who wants least.

THE boughs bear most that hang lowest.

HE who is indifferent to praise is generally dead to shame.

A DEBATE ON THE CONSTITUTION.—A consultation with a physician.

FROM the lowest depth there is a path to the loftiest height.

A PART of the perfection of this life is to believe ourselves far from perfection.

PROSPERITY is no just scale; adversity is the only true balance to weigh a friend.

TEARS are nature's lotion for the eyes. The eyes see better for being washed with them.

NO man has a right to do as he pleases except when he pleases to do right.

A THOUSAND parties of pleasure do not leave a recollection worth that of one good action.

HE who is not willing to fill a place he is fitted for will find no place fitted for him to fill.

SCANDAL is a bit of false money, and he who passes it is frequently as bad as he who originally utters it.

REAL difficulties are the best cure of imaginary ones, because Heaven helps us in the real ones, and makes us ashamed of the others.

IF is with the diseases of the mind as with those of the body, we are half dead before we understand our disorder, and half cured when we do.

FATE AND TRIFLES.—Oft what seems a trifle, a mere nothing by itself, in some nice situations turns the scale of life, and rules the most important actions.

THE fewer the traces that appear of the means by which any work has been produced, the more it resembles the operations of nature, and the nearer to sublimity.

A MAN that marries a widow is bound to give up smoking. If she gives up her weeds for him, he should give up the weed for her.

THE most laconic will on record is that of a man who died in 1792. It ran thus:—"I have nothing; I owe a great deal—the rest I give to the poor."

AN indiscreet man confided a secret to another, and begged him not to repeat it. "It's all right," was the reply; "I will be as close as you were."

REDUNDANCY of language, and words even, is never found with deep and thoughtful reflection. Verbiage may indicate observation, but not thinking.

ONE of the finest qualities in a human being is that nice sense of delicacy which renders it impossible for him ever to become an intruder or a bore.

THE editor of an eastern paper says, "We have adopted the eight hour system in this office. We commence work at eight o'clock in the morning, and close at eight in the evening."

AVARICE has ruined more men than prodigality, and the blindest thoughtlessness of expenditure has not destroyed so many fortunes as the calculating but insatiable lust of accumulation.

HOPE is a prodigal young heir, and experience is his banker; but his drafts are seldom honored, since there is often a heavy balance against him, because he draws largely on a small capital, is not yet in possession, and if he were would *die.*

MERRY MOMENTS.

A "SPIRITED" REPLY.—A poor fellow rescued, half drowned, from a river, was asked to take some spirits and water. "No, I thank you," replied he, "I have had water enough already; I'll take the spirits alone."

BORN TIRED.—An incorrigible idler, being taken to task for his laziness, replied:—"I tell you, gentlemen, you are mistaken. I have not a lazy bone in my body, but the fact is *I was born tired.*"

EPITAPH ON A LOQUACIOUS LADY.

"Here rests in silence clay
Miss Arabella Young,
Who, on the 21st of May,
Began to hold her tongue."

MAKING HIS BREAD.—A gentleman having occasion to call on a solicitor, found him in his office, which was very hot. He remarked the great heat of the apartment, and said, "it was as hot as an oven." "So it ought to be," replied the lawyer, "for 'tis here I *make my bread.*"

A CHECK.—Public opinion has found somewhere the following original joke:—"The earliest mention of a banking transaction, when Pharaoh received a *check* on the Bank of the Red Sea, which was crossed by Moses and Aaron." Was it a Pharaoh Bank? If so, why should there be A-run upon it?

SAMSON.—Some gentlemen were in a tavern, and at the height of their jollity in came a friend of theirs, whose name was Samson. "Ah," said one, "we may now be securely merry, fearing neither sergeant nor bailiff, for, though a thousand such Philistines should come, here is Samson, who is able to brain them all." "Sir," replied Samson, "I may boldly venture on as many as you speak of, provided you lend me one of your jaw bones."

A DIRECT QUESTION AND AN EQUIVOCAL REPLY.—A ferocious fellow, brought up to the police court for beating his wife, said, in a bullying tone, to the witness who appeared against him, "Was I drunk, or was I sober—can you tell me now?" The witness, somewhat frightened by the threatening manner of the prisoner, stammered out, "I don't know that you were exactly drunk, but you could neither stand nor walk, and fell down four times in five minutes."

A KIND HUSBAND.—At one of the last *soirees dansantes* given in Paris by the Duchess of Hamilton (Princess Mary, of Baden), the absence of Madame de —— was much regretted, more especially when it became known that she was seriously ill. It appeared, however, that the lady in question was constantly relieving herself to her dying. Her husband is absent on a political mission, and she accordingly sent him the following telegram:—"Return instantly. I am very ill—dying." To which M. de —— has waited. M. de —— answered by telegram: "Pressing business. Wait a fortnight."

RULES TO REGULATE OUR CONDUCT.—A man should be wise in dispute; a lion in the battle and conflict; a teacher in his household; a counsellor in the nation; an arbitrator in his vicinity; conscientious in action; content with his state; regular in his habits; diligent in his calling; faithful in his friendship; temperate in his pleasure; deliberate in his speech; devoted to his God. So he will be happy in his life, easy in his death, and an esteemed example to his successors.

PERFECT CURE.—The following story is told of a father of the church. At an association dinner a debate arose as to the use of the rod in bringing up children. The doctor took the affirmative, and the chief opponent was a young minister, whose reputation for veracity was not high. He maintained that parents often do harm to their children by unjust punishment, from not knowing the facts of the case. "Why," said he, "the only time my father whipped me was for telling the truth." "Well," retorted the doctor, "it cured you of it, didn't it?"

ENOUGH.—A Frenchman was being terribly beaten by a brawny two-fisted sailor, who held his victim to the earth while he severely thrashed him. The Frenchman kept yelling with all his might, "Hurrah! I say hurrah!" A man passing by, who knew the predicament of the frog-eating gent, called him to cry "Enough!" "Enough! Enough!" shouted the soundly belogged foreigner; "by Gar, dat is the word I try to think of dis several minutes gone." The sailor let him up, when the Frenchman cried:—"Enough; by Gar, 'tis very much good word for little fellow to remember."

GRATITUDE.—One day when Giotto, the painter, was taking his Sunday walk, in his best attire, with a party of friends, at Florence, and was in the midst of a long story, some pigs passed suddenly by, and one of them, running between the painter's legs, threw him down. When he got on his legs again, instead of swearing a terrible oath at the pig on the Lord's day, as a graver man might have done, he observed, laughing, "People say these beasts are stupid, but they seem to me to have some sense of justice, for I have earned several thousands of crowns with their bristles, but I never gave one of them even a ladleful of soup in my life."

THE HIGHWAYMAN AND THE PEDESTRIAN.—A Scotch pedestrian, attacked by three highwaymen, defended himself with great courage and obstinacy, but was at length overpowered and his pockets rifled. The robbers expected, from the extraordinary resistance they had experienced, to lay their hands on some rich

crease of 47 from the year before. The counties of New Haven, New London and Middlesex gain in the aggregate 128, and the greatest falling off was in the counties of Litchfield, Hartford and Tolland. New Haven and New London counties never reported so many, and Tolland county has not returned so few since 1843. There were registered 7,549 deaths—206 more than in 1867. There were 478 divorces, the husband being the petitioner in 160 cases, and the wife in 318 cases. There were 80 in New London county, and 48 in Windham county. During the year there were 12,469 births registered in the state.

DIVORCE SUITS IN GOTHAM.—In the Maverick vs. Maverick case, Judge Clerk has decided that no alimony can be allowed, except as an incident in an action for divorce; it cannot itself constitute the sole purpose of an action. ..... BELL vs. BELL. In the divorce case of Hannah G. Bell against James B. Bell, Judge Cordozo, on the 3d inst., fixed the amount of alimony at $600 a year, with $2,000 security for its payment..... A change of venue was granted on the 3d inst., in the suit for divorce by Mary E. Lord vs. Daniel M. Lord..... In the divorce suit of Frank Leslie against Sarah Ann Leslie, a motion was made, on the 3d inst., on behalf of the plaintiff, for a discontinuance, but the defendant opposed, not being satisfied with the settlement, because Mr. Leslie has not paid her $50 a week alimony, as decreed by the court. Decision reserved..... Decrees of divorce were granted in the cases of Kruse against Kruse, Ellen Parker against Eli C. Parker, Anna E. Springstein against Jacob Springstein, Emily A. Stratton against Wm. H. Stratton, Amanda M. Eaton against Alfred Eaton.

DOMINO !—While Mlle. M., a beautiful *ballet* girl of rather loose morals, was dancing at the Paris Odeon a few weeks ago, her mother entertained a select party of fast young men and demi-mondaines at the new house which her daughter had just rented. "A nice house, this," said the old lady to her rich young guests, "is it not? Unfortunately, there are a great many things yet wanting for us, as, for instance, a nice box of dominoes, a fine grand piano, some Gobelins which my daughter has seen at the store in the Rue Vivienne, and which she would like to have, etc." The next day twenty-two *commissionaires* brought twenty-two packages to Mlle. M. These twenty-two packages contained twenty-two boxes of dominoes.

A PISTOL FOR SEVERAL.—At Tripoli, Iowa, recently, at the wedding of Chester L. Dwyer and Leonora Warner, a gang of boys proceeded to "charivari" the newly married couple. The father of the bride first warned the boys to desist; then fired two or three blank cartridges among them; then loaded his gun with peas; and at last sent a load of shot among them, wounding five of them severely but not fatally.

A FRACTIONAL DIVORCE SUIT.—A Mormon lady lately got a forty-eighth part of a divorce (that being her share of the wife arrangement) from a dilapidated old Salt Lake polygamist, and married a Gentile named McDonnell, at Corrine, Utah. She left the City of the Saints before asking the divorce.

GOOD GIRL !—A young clerk in Paris stole $4,000 from his employer and went off to spend it with a loose female of his acquaintance; but she persuaded him to confess his theft and make restitution.

RAPSCALLION.—George Crowley was sentenced in Springfield, Mass., recently, to five years in the state prison for committing a rape on Mrs. Honora Toorny of West Springfield. He is 16 years old, and she 60.

THE RING.

AN OLD FASHIONED MILL.

Without the slightest interruption, a real old English mill was satisfactorily decided on May 20th at a well known spot in the London (Eng.) district. Only a chosen few were trusted with the secret, and even these were sent by three different routes, which all converge as nearly as possible at the same point. The ropes and stakes had been previously sent down, and it proved to be one of the most quiet and orderly matches that have been seen for a length of time. The combatants were Jacob Climo, a native of Cornwall, and Dick Richards, who hails from Plymouth. For some time past both have been residents of London, where they are employed as stonemasons, and as it is proverbial that two of a trade cannot agree, it has proved no exception to the rule; on the contrary, they have quarrelled whenever they have met, and at length the needful was provided for them, and they made a match to box, at catch weight, for £10 a side. Climo completed his 34th year in June last, stands 5 feet 9 inches, and scales about 11st.; he has had several rough mills for small sums, but has never appeared in the P. R. Jerry Hawkes and Mike Cocklin were his seconds, and it is only fair to state that they did all that was possible to make their man win. Richards is a mere stripling compared to his antagonist, as he was born on February 14, 1850, stands an inch taller than his opponent, and seemed to be a few pounds lighter. Denny Nunan and Ned Dwyer seconded him, and their conduct throughout was also exemplary. A few gentlemen who had never seen a pugilistic encounter expressed their surprise and admiration at the quiet and orderly way in which everything was conducted under the new rules. Amidst a smart shower of rain the men put up their hands at at 1.55:30 for

THE FIGHT.

Round 1. As they stood on the defensive the attitude of each was more resolute than artistic, and it could at once be seen that neither meant throwing a chance away. After a somewhat long spar for an opening, Richards shot out with his left, and landed a harmless one on the chest; this brought on a few rapid exchanges, and Climo slipped down.

2. Richards was the first to toe the scratch, and as soon as his opponent got within range he let him have a pile driver on the ribs: Climo retaliated on the shoulder and neck, and Richards got down suspiciously. Time, 1min. 30sec.

3. Both came up quickly and were not long in getting to work, Dick commencing with a heavy left hander on the jaw, and getting away without a return. Although some what staggered, the old 'un followed him up resolutely, and a few scrambling exchanges took place; Richards again got down suspiciously. An appeal was made, and the referee cautioned him. Time, 2½min.

4. Both men well up to time, and eager for the fray. As soon as they were within distance each shot out simultaneously, Climo investing on the mouth and ribs, and his opponent on the right eye and chest. They broke ground and renewed the sparring until Dick got home on the right eye, jaw and ribs, Climo retaliating with some floundering blows on the body. Again they shifted and sparred for wind. Dick, seeing a fine opening, landed a vicious one on the left lamp, drawing the ruby (*first blood* for Richards). This riled the old 'un, who rushed at his opponent, and administered some well meant body blows, and Dick got down. Time, 5min.

5. They had now thoroughly warmed to their work, and both were up quickly. Dick again visited the damaged optic, and followed it up with some hot 'uns on the nose and ribs. Climo rushed to close quarters, but napped it pretty heavily in the facial region, and was fought down. Time, 8min.

6. By the advice of his seconds, Dick, who had now got the measure of his man, forced the fighting, and landed three times in succession on the nose. This led to some rapid counter hitting and exchanges, Master Dick being fairly fought down. Time, 11min.

7. This was a scrambling round, no damage being done on either side, the young 'un being eventually fought down.

8. Dick rushed at his opponent, who was nothing loth, and some rattling exchanges took place all over the ring. Dick planted a stinger on the right cheekbone, cutting it, and turning on the tap freely. The old man rushed a close and peppered away merrily, but Richards finished the round by cross-buttocking him cleverly, and both rolled outside the ropes.

9. Climo was first up, and led off with a tap on the jaw as his opponent was stepping back. Some good exchanges followed, mostly in favor of the old one, who sent his man to grass by a round-handed hit on the side of the head, thus reviving the hopes of his partisans. Time, 14½ minutes.

10. Jacob again led off with several hot 'uns on the ribs. This brought on some rattling exchanges much in favor of Dick, who drew fresh supplies of carmine from the nose and mouth, and ultimately fought his man down.

11. Dick, as soon as he got within distance, shot out straight from the shoulder right and left, landing on the nose and mouth, completely staggering the old 'un, who, however, soon recovered, and rushed wildly at his opponent. A rally ensued, and Dick cross-buttocked his antagonist cleverly. Time, 18½ minutes.

12. After a few scrambling exchanges they fought to a close; Dick upper-cut his antagonist heavily and broke away. The old 'un, however, would not be denied, and, rushing at his opponent, they closed and fell side by side.

13. Richards went to the scratch with scarcely a mark, while Climo showed that his opponent had been there or thereabouts. They soon got together, and some rapid exchanges, all in favor of Dick, brought them to a close. In wrestling for the fall Dick was about to cross-buttock the old 'un, when Climo shifted cleverly and threw him a complete somersault.

14. Climo was evidently getting weak, for, although he planted several blows on his opponent's face, they made no impression, whilst Dick landed several straight ones on the eyes, nose and mouth. They closed, and Dick cross-buttocked his man heavily.

15. Climo led off, but was neatly stopped, and in return received on the nose and mouth, causing more claret to flow. Dick again tried the buttock, but slipped, and fell undermost.

16. Good slogging exchanges, all in favor of Dick, who now held the trump card, and planted on his man almost where he liked. In struggling for the fall both were down together.

17. This was a bustling rally, Dick again visiting the dial with effect, and finished the round by cross-buttocking his antagonist. Time, 23min.

18. Climo was now getting very slow, his right eye was fast closing and the left following suit. After a few exchanges Dick again sent his man to grass by the cross-buttock.

19. Dick had to wait for his man, who had no sooner reached the mark than he received some steadiers, and was quickly fought down.

20. and 21. These rounds were precisely similar to the last. Time, 36½min.

22. To the surprise of most persons the old 'un fought his man all over the ring, and a severe struggle ensued for the fall, both trying for the back heel; Dick, being the stronger, gained it.

23. Dick gave his antagonist no rest, but as soon as he got near rushed at him, and the old 'un was fought down.

24. After a few smart exchanges Climo backheeled his opponent. Time, 44½min.

25. Dick handed several hot 'uns, raising bumps all over the face, and ended the round by cross-buttocking his man heavily.

26 and 27. Climo's seconds urged him to give in; he, however, insisted on going up, but it was merely to be punished, as his antagonist soon fought him down.

28 and last. Mike Cocklin, seeing that Climo had not a chance, threw up the sponge after they had been engaged 53 min. Dick rushed across the ring and shook hands with his opponent, for whom a collection was made, and all returned to town in good time.

OFF-HAND FIGHT AT THE HUB.

ARREST OF THE PARTIES.

Steve Williams and George Marsh, more generally known by the *sobriquet* of "Crappy," had a prolonged and exciting discussion in the modern Athens recently concerning their relative abilities as handlers of their bunches of fives, and as neither would admit that the other could "lay over" him even the sixtieth part of an inch in this respect, it was finally agreed to adjust the "slight difference of opinion" by an appeal to muscular force, and preparations were at once made for a contest in accordance with the rules of the P. R., barring the hemp, a stake, of sufficient amount to make it worth enduring some pummelling for, being added. The ground selected was a secluded yard surrounded by a high fence, situated at the rear of a liquor saloon belonging to William Taylor, and formerly kept by Tom Grew, on Portland street, below Sudbury. The spectators numbered about a dozen persons, and the men, after divesting themselves of all garments, except shirt and pantaloons, the antagonists "sailed in" just before three o'clock on the afternoon of the 29th ult. The sparring was not scientific, to say the least, but blow after blow was put in with tremendous force and damaging effect. Williams received a rap upon the mouth at an early stage of the mill, and his lip soon puffed out as though they had gone through the process of inflation. He had the satisfaction shortly afterwards of getting in a powerful blow on one of Crappy's orbs, which commenced to close rapidly. The rounds followed in rapid succession, and the combatants gave and took their punishment like old stagers. The faces of both men were disfigured greatly after twenty minutes of fisticuffing, and their visual organs were becoming rebellious and refusing to perform duty. The exertion was gradually having its effect upon them, and although the blows were weaker as time advanced they were more frequent, and the frontispiece of each, after half an hour's battering, was frightfully disfigured. Neither of the men could be named positively as the winner when half an hour had elapsed, and the fight continued to progress for five minutes longer (twenty-two rounds having been fought), when the cry of "Cops!" was raised, and the spectators rushed for the fences, climbing over precipitately and running as though for dear life. The principals were so weakened from exertion and loss of blood that they were unable to follow as hastily as they desired, and consequently they fell into the hands of the police, as also did James Roberts, one of the spectators. Williams, Marsh and Roberts were taken directly to the Third Station and locked up.

The parties known to the affair were greatly surprised that the police should be aware of the "scrap," and they would undoubtedly have been unmolested had not a young man who was looking on from a neighboring window perceived the encounter, and, becoming frightened for his own safety, informed the police. Officers Bliss, O'Neil and Knights, of the Third Precinct, were detailed to visit the scene, and they endeavored to enter by the front door, when the bar-keeper, John Kane, attempted to persuade them that the place was as quiet as it could be. They pushed through the saloon, however, and reached the yard in season to arrest the parties above named. Subsequently Kane was taken into custody for aiding and abetting in the mill, and the clothing of the men was found secreted behind the bar. Two of the parties endeavored to get out on bail, and Kane succeeded in procuring bondsmen, but the Bail Commissioner refused to receive sureties, and the prisoners are still in durance.

RING FIGHT IN COLORADO

BETWEEN

EDWARD LOONEY AND JOSEPH ROGERS, FOR $500 A SIDE.

LOONEY WINS IN 19 ROUNDS.

The match announced some weeks ago as having been arranged between Ed. Looney and Joe Rogers, for $1,000 and the gate money, was brought to a focus about three miles from Central City, Colorado Territory, on Saturday, May 22d. Looney is a native of the Isle of Man, is 23 years of age, stands 5 feet 10 inches in height, weighs 154 pounds, and sported an ensign of emerald green. This was his first appearance within the roped arena. Rogers hails from the land of the rose, is six years the senior of his opponent, reaches an altitude of 5 feet 7 inches, and pulled down the scales at 153½ pounds. He claims to have appeared in the squared circle four times previously, but he is not upon record as having done so. His colors were the Cornish rosette on a white kerchief, bordered with red. A plot of ground, three hundred feet square, had been enclosed by a high board fence, to enter which two dollars' worth of pasteboard was demanded. A large number of persons forked over the required amount, but just before the "fun" commenced the large number outside, who had not the necessary "stuff," or were not disposed to put it out, made an attack upon the barrier, and it was speedily leveled with the ground. Looney was waited upon by Jim Grout and Tom Welch, while Bill Updyke and Max Williams attended Rogers. Wm. Chamberlain was chosen referee, and Dick Beadle held the time-piece. About fifteen hundred persons were present, and as the principals entered the ropes both were heartily welcomed. After Patsey Layden, the stakeholder, had read the new rules, time was called, and the men, after shaking hands, stood up for

THE FIGHT.

1. Looney was the first to commence hostilities, and got in a blow on Rogers' left eye, the latter falling short in his break for the ribs. More sparring, when Looney planted a heavy blow on Rogers' ear. They clinched and the latter was thrown. *First blood* claimed and allowed for Looney amidst much applause.

2. Both were quick to time. Joe tried hard to get in his left mauler on Looney's ribs, but the latter was away, and got in hard on Joe's nose and left blinker, when they clinched and the Cornishman was thrown, Looney winding heavily upon him. $100 to $80 offered on Looney, with no takers.

3. Looney got in a light blow on his antagonist's peeper, which began to show signs of distress. Joe again went for Ed's ribs, but received another tap on his damaged peeper, when he clinched and was again heavily thrown. Fresh betting, $100 to $80 on Looney as before. It now seemed that Looney's science, superior quickness and advantage in reach was too much for Rogers. Joe seemed unable to do what his friends expected.

4. Ed. got in several blows on Rogers' eyes, and was away before Joe could return the compliment. The latter is again thrown.

5. Rogers again receives punishment about the eyes and is thrown.

6. Some very good half-arm fighting. Rogers again thrown heavily.

7. Both quick to the scratch. Rogers tried to retrieve his fortunes, and planted several heavy blows on Looney's ribs, and gave him a light cut over the mouth, drawing blood. They then clinched and Looney is thrown heavily for the first time.

8. Rogers led off but was neatly stopped, and received a blow on his fast closing eye. "Foul" claimed for Looney, but not allowed. From this round Looney took the lead and fought Rogers down in every round.

19 and last. Rogers came up unsteadily on his pins, his face terribly bruised and swollen, and his left eye entirely closed. Looney was lively and confident, and giving an ugly right hand blow on Joe's temple, which staggered him, followed it by a heavy one on the mug, and a clinch, in which Rogers was thrown heavily on his head. He was carried to his corner and appeared to be totally insensible. Time was called, but his seconds were unable to get him to the scratch. They carried him forward two or three steps, but he appeared quite helpless. Amid great excitement, noise and confusion, they threw up the sponge and the umpire declared that Looney had won the fight. He was then raised aloft on the shoulders of his friends, and afterwards walked away, apparently not at all injured by the contest. There were no knock downs in this fight, and no disturbance occurred after the fight. The time occupied by the fight was 37 minutes. Joe claims that something was wrong, thinks he was drugged, and has challenged Looney to fight again for $500 a side, six weeks from signing articles.

CRICKET.

A COLLEGE ELEVEN BEATEN.

The Resolute Club, of Philadelphia, visited Haverford College on the morning of the 29th ult., and played a match with the "Class of '72," the score whereof we append:—

First Innings.	Resolute.	Second Innings.
Carryl c Sharpless b Huston	2	not out	16
Shirley run out	3	run out	1
H. Madeira run out	3	not out	8
Magee b Ashbridge	0		
Trotter b Ashbridge	0	c Huston b Harlan	8
Fox b Ashbridge	4		
Perot run out	2		
L. Madeira run out	0	b Ashbridge	2
Kennedy not out	0	c Ashbridge b Huston	2
H. Burroughs c Ashbridge	1		
Bye, 1; wides, 2	3	B. Fitzger-ld b Harlan	12
		Byes, 2; leg bye, 1; wide, 1	4
Total	18	Total	57

First Innings.	CLASS OF '72.	Second Innings.
Gummere c H. Madeira b Trotter	0	b H. Madeira	1
Cadbury c and b Trotter	5	c and b H. Madeira	5
W. Huston b Trotter	8	b Trotter	1
R. Ashbridge c Trotter b H. Madeira	3	c Fox b H. Madeira	0
Harlan c Carryl b Trotter	0	b H. Madeira	1
Sharpless run out	2	c and b Fox	1
Ed. Wistar b Trotter	0	c and b Fox	1
Chase c Perot b Trotter	6	b H. Madeira	6
Downing run out	0	b Fox	5
Howland b Trotter	1	not out	3
J. T. Morris not out	0	run out	0
Bye, 1; leg byes, 3; wides, 4	8	Wides	4
Total	33	Total	36

MERION vs. YOUNG AMERICA.

On the 28th, the first eleven Merion and second eleven Young America Club, of Philadelphia, played a match on the ground of the latter club, the Merion winning in brilliant style. We give the score; the Y. A., as will be seen, had made 57 runs, with 6 wickets down, on the second innings, when game was called:—

First Innings.	Merion.	Second Innings.
Stroud b Wright	2	run out	0
Horner run out	4	c Butler b Wright	14
Law c Baird b Wright	7	b Stocker	10
Harris b Stocker	9	c Logan b Wright	8
Ewing b Wright	18	b Stocker	0
Farwell c Wright b Carpenter	4	c Carpenter	5
Montgomery b Wright	8	c Baird b Carpenter	6
Ashbridge c sub. b Wright	22	b Carpenter	16
R. Evans run out	25	b Baird	7
Townsend b Stocker	5	b Carpenter	78
A. Evans not out	0	not out	4
Byes, 5; l. b., 5; w., 7; n. b., 4	18	Byes, 11; l. b., 5; w., 3; n.b., 5	12
Total	122	Total	115

First Innings.	YOUNG AMERICA.	Second Innings.
Bayard c Montgomery b Law	3	c Purves b Law	9
C. Baird c Law b Montgomery	35	c A. Evans b Law	19
Carpenter c R. Evans b M'Carty	18	c Montgomery	13
Garrett l b w b Law	3	c A. Evans b Montgomery	0
Stocker b Law	0	run out	10
Van c R. Evans b Montgomery	0	not out	7
R. Wright b Law	3		
Henry l b w o Montgomery	0		
Butler c Purves b Montgomery	2	b Montgomery	5
Fox c Law b Montgomery	0		
Logan not out	3		
Byes, 4; wides, 3; no ball, 1	8		
Total	79	Total	57

CRICKET AT FREDERICKTON, N. B.

An excellent willow-wielding contest, between the first eleven of the Fredericton Club and a military eleven, was brought to a close on the 24th ult., after a two days' *hors du combat*, in favor of the Fredericktonians by 38 runs. Read the score:—

First Innings.	FREDERICKTON.	Second Innings.
Jenner c Foster b Swinney	17	c Seeley b Yeates	4
Beckwith run out	22	not out (bat)	3
M. Hanlon run out	12	b Mr. Barnes	10
Street l b w b Yeates	10	c Seeley b Yeates	5
G. Coldwell b Yeates	4	b Seeley	6
Morris c Swinney b Yeates	10	b Yeates	26
R. Coldwell run out	4	c Godiff b Barnes	10
McCarty c Edge b Howard	0	run out	0
J. Hanlon run out	0	l b w b Barnes	3
Thompson c Somerset b Yeates	7	c Godiff b Yeates	0
O'Brien not out	0	not out	0
Byes, 9; leg byes, 2; wides, 7	18	Byes, 5; leg byes, 3; wides, 8	16
Total	121	Total	77

First Innings.	MILITARY.	Second Innings.
Seeley b Morris	15	c Street b Morris	0
Godiff b Hanlon	14	b Hanlon	13
Foster c Thompson b Morris	1	run out	0
Swinney b Morris	11	absent	0
Howard b Hanlon	0	c Thompson b Hanlon	1
Edge c McCarty b Hanlon	4	not out	8
Yeates c McCarty b Hanlon	2	b Hanlon	6
Anderson not out	3	c Coldwell b Hanlon	5
Grimshaw b Morris	2	l b w b Morris	7
Barnes c Thompson b Morris	0	b Morris	0
Somerset b Morris	0	b Morris	0
Byes, 17; l. b., 1; w., 14; n. b. 1	33	Byes, 4; leg byes, 1; wides, 9	14
Total	87	Total	54

THE SECOND ELEVENS of the Philadelphia and Germantown Clubs played a match on the 29th ult., the former winning by a score of 182 to 100. The best score, 45, was made by J. Hopkinson.

NONANTUM vs. HARVARD.

These prominent eastern cricket clubs played their return match on the 29th ult., which, because of the evident mastery of the batting over the bowling and fielding and the consequent heavy scoring, consisted of one innings only, the Harvards proving victorious by a total of 118 to 90, thus making it match and match, and leaving the door open for another opportunity to decide the question of superiority. Of those who distinguished themselves in willow-wielding on either side were Messrs. Sanderson, Hodges, Curtis, Howard, Fasset, Bixby, Smallwood and March, as will be seen by a glance at the appended score:—

Harvards.		Nonantums.	
Frothingham b T. Linder	0	G. Linder, run out	0
Sweranee b W. Linder	6	Miner b Sanderson	4
Sanderson b T. Linder b W. Linder	31	Smallwood b Sanderson	15
Fasset c Hodges b W. Linder	10	Bixby, run out	25
Curtis, run out	17	T. Linder l b w, b Sanderson	0
Jones b Smallwood	2	W. Linder b Sanderson	7
Hodges b W. Linder	20	Wood, run out	1
Howard b W. Linder	13	Parker, c Sanderson b Jones	1
Scott b W. Linder	6	March c Sanderson b Jones	14
Roich, not out	12	Page b Jones	0
Sullivan c Miner b Smallwood	5	Ely, not out	1
Byes, 2; wides, 4	6	Byes, 2; l b's, 2; wide, 2; n b, 4	10
Total	118	Total	90

MONTREAL vs. MILITARY.

The return match between the Montreal Club and the 60th Rifles, one innings each, was played on May 29th, and resulted in favor of the "soger b'ys," as per score appended:—

1st Batt. 60th Rifles.		Montreal Club.	
Turnbull c Rose b Scott	3	Clare b Wallace	13
Toole c Gault b Scott	9	Grant b Northey	4
Davies b Grant	46	Rose c Sub b Turnour	4
Wallace run out	8	Glaney c Dundas b Wallace	17
Norther c Rose b Grant	15	Stevenson run out	0
Holbech b Grant	0	Galt b Wallace	9
Dundas c Smith b Lang	10	Tetu run out	1
Andrews b Lang	1	Lang not out	0
Dickenson b Grant	0	Scott b Floyd	1
Floyd b Grant	3	Smith b Floyd	1
Lepere not out	4	Stannus b Floyd	0
Byes, 13; leg byes, 4, wides, 10	28	Byes, 7; leg bys, 1; wides, 7	15
Total	177	Total	77

BASE BALL.

ATLANTICS vs. "HAYMAKERS."

THE EX-CHAMPIONS IN A TIGHT PLACE.

As announced in our last issue, the Atlantics left town on Sunday evening, May 30th, on a visit to Lansingburgh, N. Y., to assist the famous Union Club, of that place, in opening their new ground. The Brooklyn boys took their first nine with them, for, although the game was a friendly one and not included in the championship series, they had no idea of running a chance of losing it through being short-handed. And it was well that they went fully prepared. Lansingburgh has always been a tough place for visiting clubs, as nearly all the first class clubs in the country know to their cost. The Atlantics arrived at Troy bright and early on the morning of the 31st, and made the Mansion House their headquarters, where they were waited upon by a delegation of the "Haymakers," who always look after the wants of their visitors. About 1 o'clock the party entered carriages provided for the purpose, and were driven to the new grounds of the Union Club. Here some 3,000 spectators had already gathered to witness the contest, and, by the time the game was fully under way, there must have been over 4,000 people present, nearly one-fourth of whom were ladies. As we did not witness the game, we cannot speak in detail of the play on the occasion. From parties who were present, and from the newspaper reports, we find that it was one of the most hotly contested matches ever witnessed in that section of country. The new nine of the "Haymakers" exceeded all expectations formed of them by their most sanguine friends. Fisher, the new pitcher, astonished the natives by his swift and steady delivery, while Craver, who has few equals as a catcher, exceeded all his previous efforts behind the bat. The Atlantics played an average game, but acknowledge themselves that the "Haymakers" were too much for them on that particular occasion. The Unions held the advantage which they obtained on the second innings up to the eighth, when the score stood 11 to 8. In the next two innings the Unions made 8 and the Atlantics 8, thus it was only by their plucky, up-hill kind of play (for which, by the way, the Atlantics are famous), that they were enabled to save themselves from defeat. At the end of the ninth innings, with the score a tie, it was mutually agreed to call the game a draw. This was done to accommodate the Atlantics, as they had very little time in which to get aboard and catch the boat, which left Troy at 7. A correspondent sends us the following short account of the meeting:—

"The game between the Atlantics and Unions, to open the new grounds of the latter club, was one long to be remembered. It was the sharpest, most scientific, and best game ever witnessed in these parts. The day was very warm, but in every other respect most excellent for ball playing. About 3,000 people witnessed the game. The fielding of the Atlantics may have excelled that of the Unions, but, as for batting and briliant scientific display, I think the 'Haymakers' outshone their opponents."

Below we append the score, which includes first base on hits, and left after clean hits:—

Union.	H. L.	R.	1st. L.	Atlantic.	H. L.	R.	1st. L.
McAlen, 1st b	3	2	2	Pearce, c	1	3	1
Fisher, p	4	2	3	Smith, 3d b	4	1	2
M. King, 3d b	3	2	3	Start, 1st b	6	1	3
Honker, ss	4	1	2	Pratt, p	3	2	1
Flynn, r f	1	2	3	Chapman, l f	3	2	2
Craver, c	3	2	2	Ferguson, s s	4	2	3
S King, l f	1	3	4	Crane, c f	1	3	3
Ward, 2d b	1	1	1	Pike, 2d b	2	3	4
Abrams, c f	4	2	2	McDonald, r f	3	2	2
Totals	27	19	26	Totals	27	19	25

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Union	1	4	0	2	1	0	3	8	5—19
Atlantic	1	2	0	0	1	0	2	6	6—19

Total bases on hits—Atlantic, 53; Union, 56. Fly catches—Pearce and Smith, 1; Chapman, 3; Patterson, 1; Craner, 5; Pike, 1; McDonald, 1—total, Atlantic, 16. Fisher, 2; M. King, 1; Flynn, 3; Craver, 1; Honker, 2—total, Union, 11. Umpire—Mr. McCall, of the Live Oak Club, of Albany. Scorers—Messrs. Penfield and Garfield. Time of game—Three hours.

ECKFORD vs. ROSE HILL.

The Eckfords paid a visit to Fordham, Westchester County, on the 3d inst., to play the first of a series of games with the Rose Hill Club, of St. John's College. The Brooklyn Club had out a strong nine, all the players being on hand with the exception of Jewett. From the success which had attended their efforts in all their previous contests this season, the Eckfords thought they were going to have an easy time with the collegians. In this they were mistaken. The Rose Hill, like all our college clubs, has plenty of time to practice, and has thus early this season brought its players to a state of perfection equalled by few and excelled by none. The game opened slightly in favor of the visiting club, and at the end of the second innings stood 4 to 2 in their favor. From this time to the last innings the Collegians were unable to hit the deceptive pitching of Mathews, and he struck five times in succession. In the fourth, fifth and sixth innings the Eckfords added six runs to the four already obtained, and here they came to a stand still, for, in the last three innings, they were retired without scoring. The Rose Hill boys entered upon their ninth innings with the score 10 to 2 against them; but by a series of fine hits they made four runs, which left the score 10 to 6. This was a very flattering finish to the contest, and left the collegians in a happy frame of mind. It will be seen from the number of times first base was made on hits, that the collegians outbatted their noted opponents, and would undoubtedly have won the game if they had been able to hit Martin as easily as the Eckfords punished Burns. In the matter of fielding the collegians have nothing to be ashamed of, and will be found a hard club to with their famous antagonists. The game was played in the most friendly spirit, and was, without question, the prettiest exhibition of the beauties of our national game witnessed for many a season. The usual courteous attentions were paid to the visitors, and the two clubs parted with kind wishes for each other's prosperity. The annexed score includes first base on hits, total bases, and left after clean hits:—

Eckford.	H. L.	R.	1st. L.	Rose Hill.	H. L.	R.	1st. L.
Allison, 1st b	4	0	0	Cristadoro, l f	5	0	1
Patterton, 2d b	5	1	2	Villanueinel, c	4	1	1
Martin, p	4	0	0	Mathews, p	4	1	1
Nelson 3d b	4	0	0	B. Mason, 1st b	3	0	3
Hodes, c	4	0	0	Madden, 2d b	4	0	0
Eggler, c f	5	0	0	Gallagher, 2d b	3	1	0
Tracy, l f	4	0	0	Trempe, s s	3	1	1
Pinkham, r f	3	3	2	T. Mason, l f	1	2	1
Carlton, s s	2	1	3	Murphy, c f	2	1	2
Totals	37	10	10	Totals	37	6	12

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Eckford	1	2	1	3	1	2	0	0	0—10
Rose Hill	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	6

Umpire—Mr. Lawrence, of the Mutual Club. Scorers—Messrs. G. Fallon and Dr. Watson. Home run—Pinckam. Fly catches—Murphy, 2; Villa, 3; Gallagher, 2; Madden, 1; Tempe, 1; total, 10. Hodes, 5; Nelson, 3; Patterson, 1; Eggler, 1; Carlton, 1; total, 9. Foul bound catches—Villa, 3; T. Mason, 1; Hodes, 4. Catches on strikes—Eggler, 5. Out on bases—Eckford, 15; Rose Hill, 8. Double plays by Murphy and B. Mason; Tempe, B. Mason and Gallagher; Carlton, Patterson and Allison.

A WELL PLAYED GAME.

The first game of a series between the Naval Club, of Norfolk and vicinity, and the Old Point Club, took place on the ground of the latter, in Fort Monroe, Va., on the 25th ult., and was one of the most exciting games ever played South of Baltimore. The day was exceedingly warm, the thermometer ranging about 120, and was very trying on the endurance of the players; hence the large score. The greatest excitement prevailed during the 9th innings, which resulted in a tie, 37 to 37. In the 10th the Navals made 4 to the O. P's, thereby winning the game. Of the players, Heaton and Howell, of the N.'s, deserve special mention, and Ware, Maloney, Taylor, Price and J. J. Baulch, of the O. P's. The return game will be played in Portsmouth, Va., on June 12th. Below is the score:—

Naval.	H. L.	R.	B.	Old Point.	H. L.	R.	B.
Turner, s s	2	7	6	Baulch, J. J., c	2	7	0
Cooper, l f	5	6	0	Maloney, s s	2	7	1
S uhard, c	5	5	0	Taylor, 2d b	4	4	1
Magrin, p	3	5	0	Holder, r f	3	3	1
Hunley, p	6	2	1	Price, 3d b	1	7	0
Jones, r f	3	4	3	Ware, p	5	1	3
Harmon, 3d b	4	3	0	Baulch, W., l f	3	4	1
Heaton, 2d b	5	4	0	Wiane, 1st b	5	2	1
Howell, 1st b	2	8	0	Hanley, c f	4	5	0
Totals	30	41	4	Totals	30	40	8

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	
Naval	8	6	8	0	8	1	3	7	4	4—41	
Old Point	3	5	5	0	8	1	3	7	2	3—37	

Umpire, W Dunleavy; Scorers, Hemer and Manning.

CONCORD vs. FIELD.

On the afternoon of the 27th ult. the Concords turned out to play a game with a nine from the Polytechnic, on the Capitoline Grounds, Brooklyn, but the latter failing to make their appearance, a nine was made up from the players present, and the Concords played them, with the following result:—

Concord.	H. L.	R.
Rankin, p	2	4
Pearson, c	3	4
Wood, r f	3	4
Moody, c f	3	3
Decker, 3d b	3	3
McKinley, s s	1	3
Kooker, 2d b	3	2
Stenman, 1st b	1	3
Ruggles, l f	1	4
Total	22	

Field.	H. L.	R.
Crombie, c	0	4
Treadwell, 3d b	3	1
Keller, 1st b	2	3
baldwin, r f	3	1
Lefingwell, 2d b	1	1
Ridgeway, s s	1	2
Brown, c f	3	1
Hinman, p	3	0
Hicks, l f	1	2
Total	14	

Innings.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th
Concord	4	7	7	14	8—38
Field	0	3	5	5	1—14

Home runs—Pierson, 1; McKinley, 1; Ruggles, 3; Crombie, 1; Ridgeway, 1; Hinman, 1. Umpire—Mr. Harris, of school No. 11.

THE OCCIDENTAL CLUB, of Quincy, Ill., have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—President, Frank Bradley; Vice President, James Furlong; Treasur

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Memoranda, Business, and Incidents of the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Post Office.

☞ A STAMPED ENVELOPE, plainly addressed, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for. Where there are two or more persons of like name in the profession, the line of business followed by the party addressed should be given in order to prevent mistakes.

Jno. W. Abbott,
M. Allen,
Wm. F. Aymar,
Albert F. Aymar,
Lewis D. Aymar,
Johnny Allen,
W. Arlington,
Geo. Adams,
Fred Adams,
C. B. Bresile,
Fred G. Berger,
J. Blum,
Christian Borgquest,
Richd. Buckholy,
Eugene Blitz,
W. H. Bristol,
Cool Burgess,
Lew Benedict,
McK. Buchanan,
Brockway,
Willie Rudd,
Ritwell & Locke,
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Sam. S. Beckett,
Frank Cummings,
Geo. Cuter,
W. H. Collins,
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Chas. H. Day,
Henry Dekson,
M. C. Boright,
Harry Duncan,
Rollin Daus (2),
Chas. H. Duprez,
Claude De Haven,
Harry S. Duffield,
Derda,
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Eddie Fox,
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Prof. Chas. Forbes,
C. W. Felton,
Harry H. Wood 2d,
Frank Damont,
Joseph E. Kelley,
Mrs. Arlington,
Annie Blake,
Selina Brown,
Amy De Brent,
Therese Berrie,
Mlle Carolleta,
Nellie Garnesi (2),
Ada Harland,
Nellie Howard,
Mrs. E. M. Post,
Rose Massey,

N. C. Forrester,
Prof. Girard,
Henry Greenwall,
Peter Gannon,
E. M. Hall,
C. B. Howard,
Geo. Hanlon,
Geo. L. Hall,
Rollin Howard (2),
John Holtum,
Harry Hall,
Hearne,
G. W. Harrison,
Hash Hamo,
Wm. Hanlon,
Fred Hanlon,
Tom Hodge,
Geo. W. Howard,
H. Hurley,
J. Joel,
Adam Karn,
Jule Keen,
D. A. Keyes,
Lewis Kline,
Harry Lesle,
Mattesay Little,
W. V. Leonard,
Joe Lang,
Harry Macarthy,
A. A. Mallen,
T. L. Mortimer (2),
J. B. Murphy,
Chas. Melville,
Johnny McInnis,
C. Myers,
H. A. Marshall
J. W. Morton,
James Mack,
John Barclay McDonald,
Charley Merrett,
Chas. H. Morton,
Aug. Messerschmidt,
Andy McKee,
Prof. Noble (3),
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G. S. Norris,
W. H. Maxwell,
Joseph Norrie,
Jennie Johnson,
Clara Louisa Kellogg
Jennie Kimball,
Lizzie Le Fevre,
Catharine Lorette,
Hattie Arnold Lee,
Mad. Lopez,
Lotta,
Miss Mackworth,
Mad. Macarie,

Duane A. Perry,
A. W. Purcell,
S. S. Purdy,
Ira Payne,
Chas. Parker,
J. H. Roberts,
The boy Ricardo,
Joseph Rampone,
Ricardo (2),
J. J. Rainey,
Sam E. Ryan,
Add Ryman (2),
J. W. Sandford,
Martin Setz,
L. Slocum (2),
J. F. Sherridan,
W. P. Spaulding,
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J. Tieman & Co.,
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Jas Taylor.
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Frank Whittaker,
A. J. Whitcombe,
Chas. Winan,
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Dave Wilson,
Edw'd Watson,
Jno. Webster,
J. B. Williams.
Wilson & Clarke,
W. S. West,
Geo. E. Tillotson,
D. G. Waldron,
Sisters Rosalie,
Miss Rachel,
Mrs. R. Rosewood,
Maud St. Leon,
Florence Temple,
Mad. Tourniaire,
Lucille Western,
Jennie Wallace,
Ada Webb (2).

Songs for the People.

In this department we intend to give, either weekly or from time to time, as space will permit, original songs, composed expressly for the CLIPPER, comprising sentimental, comic, Ethiopian, etc., which our friends are at liberty to make use of, as we do not intend to copyright them. Of the series, below will be found

THE SOUTHERN DARKEY.

A SONG.

Massa's gone a sojering, Missis' primping up,
And Nurse is feeding baby from out the china cup;
The Niggers are in the cotton field, the Manager's asleep,
He is so fat and lazy that he isn't worth his keep.
Chorus.—With the rake upon your shoulder,
And the cotton on your head,
Walk up, boys, to the overseer's shed!

I wish the day was over, for then I'd see my Nell,
She's got another name, but what, I ain't agoing to tell;
Her eyes are like the starlight, her voice is soft and low,
I could tell you where to find her, but I guess you needn't know.
Chorus.—With the rake, etc.

When the sun gets up in the morning this nigger's work's begun
When the sun sets in the evening then this nigger's work is done;
I tell you what it is, honey, the day is mighty long,
But when I'm tired I think of Nell and start to sing this song.
Chorus.—With the rake, etc.

I hear that up in Washington there is a high old fuss—
They don't care much for white folks, but a mighty sight for us;
I wonder what the end of this tremendous row will be—
Whose a going to have the care of us now that they've got us free?
Chorus.—With the rake, etc.

Yes, when this row is over, and they've finally got through,
What on earth's going to become of us—what's the niggers going to do?
I hear they're getting uneasy and taking themselves off,
But what they gwine to do there way up in the North?
Chorus.—With the rake, etc.

That's what I want to know—that's what I want to know!
And until I find out certain I ain't a going to drop the hoe;
The Nigger's life is hard enough down South, indeed, it is,
But I ain't agoing to leave here to go up North and freeze.
Chorus.—With the rake, etc.

So I've just made up my mind, I ain't agoing to run away,
But here with lovely Nellie I am going for to stay;
For if we are like the starlight, her voice is soft and low,
And that she loves this Nigger is enough for him to know.
Chorus.—With the rake, etc.

J. H. B.

Introductory Overture.

MONDAY, June 7, '69.

THINGS have been quite dull since our last, the sultry weather of the past week inducing a look after dog-house trunks, summer apparel and a consultation of the various direct cries to summer resorts. Two or three places of indoor resort were well attended, but the majority wore a somewhat discouraging aspect. Everywhere we hear repor is of bad business, and the dispersion of some "grand combination," owing to a lack of appreciation on the part of our country cousins, or a lack of rupees, the latter, most likely, the chief cause of so many dramatic failures. This apparent apathy on the part of the public has not been relieved even by a second encounter between manager and critic, which made things so lively the previous week, and brought out the strong points of one of the belligerents. "Our Jim" thinks the dull times may be traced to the various strikes we have had the past season, not the critical strike we have referred to, but the operative strikes.....Traveling shows meet with some funny people and incidents in their peregrinations. A friend of ours, now with a circus company, picked up a letter a few nights ago, after the tent had been cleared of its crowd of night see-ers. We give it *verbatim et punctuatum:*—

MORCH CHUNK, St Yowlentines Da.

Deer An I thot I wod rite you a Letter iur its a good whild seen you This very kold wether now hese at present it makes a feller feel bad to sit up these kold mornins out uv bed I git up every mornin at dark to dig Cole the old man feeds fede is mity skeerse Cole bisness is awful dull this winter hear The roads so bad yu no shoken nite ol mane Here this winter not much snow ketched wen it set last week, sich bad rodes people Cant hal much cole these days I've sole right smart this year say 3 loades this winter and wan last fall besides the old man Hald one lode to Kunsus for groceries and Mulasses the people are so glad to get it here wen it comes grunten about like common I ketched a bad cold myself which bothers Me rite smart in diggen cole it makes a feller So allired blo your nose you no frolks is awful skeerse here sum weddins the ol time goin to git married in but its not so * * * I had agreed so I thought ide rite And ask you about it if yu likes me as strong As I do you wee will git marred sure so i. Thot to rite these fu lines to let you no time Well at present and hope these fu lines una find yu injoyed the same Hoping to hear from you and hasent no End, and so hasent my love for you anerest Free I got a new cole cost ate dollers I Look fust rate in it yu ar rite pretty and a Rite good hand to git a soen yu in har wen yu no I wud like to ov seen yu when yu was At ole greens hall it felt a leetle skeary bout Comeu fur foer yu wudent like it so i thot I Wud fast tel yu how I leal ile cum and se yu at ole greens when sure there ar a lot yu must Answ this and tel me wen yu cum up The night is red and the ski is bli and no nite shi cat our luv en too ide like tu she yu our new cole bank dun a power uv wurk In it this fal ime driven the mane entry now Cole diggen is durty work but beiber it pays me More than enee I way to and more than I Ever dun any dony is a party gurl but dont like her as well as yu shes so stuk up liven in town So is mary dumolt but dont like her too Xxuse mi bad ritin fur it felt kind of curious in Ritin yu must rite to me sune fur I hope to be always yure sweet Valeniine.

Yure derest Thomas —

P Yu luv me and I luv yu suger is sweet and yu are tu.

P From all of which it is but fair to infer that the present dull state of affairs may be attributed to the "cold" trade and the "frozen" limit of "fede."..... Churches are preparing for an early closing movement, for it is a sad truth that our pious friends are lukewarm in their piety when the dog star rages, and desert the church just as the worldly sect desert the theatre. And, talking of good things, we see by the papers that a clergyman in Massachusetts, being "unavoidably absent" from his charge, telegraphed his sermon to his flock. This *is* something new. We have often heard of preaching in *thunder tones*, but we never before heard of a preacher conveying his sermon to his people by means of *lightning;* it is surely a new way of *en-lighten*-ing a congregation.....It is well to be remembered by one's friends—that is, when they do not wish you to call for them, or go bail for their appearance to answer a charge of assault and battery. The annexed poem was written in honor of a gentleman who seems to have left a good name behind him. It was written, "Our Jim" says, "by his self," but we shrewdly suspect that James has been aided in its make up by our poetic mother. Out of feeling to the gentleman so feelingly alluded to, we omit names:—

OUR FAVORITE.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.
BY "OUR JIM."

Oh! of all the actors that there is,
Or all that was ever seen,
There's none as good as the leading man
That has in this city been.
In tragedy he's very good,
In light comedy can't be beat;
To see him do Rogue Riderhood,
Oh! that is such a treat.

Old Catarangus is his own—
At least in acting makes it—
And the audience they moan
When he's obliged to exit.
His last appearance here it was
The eleventh day of May,
The year eighteen 67,
The "Doom of Deville" the play.

Two years ago since he left here—
This, the city of Louisville—
And though it's twenty-four months ago,
We are thinking of him still;
And we will welcome him again—
That is, if he's not too stuck up
To come and see old friends again—
Say, are you, bully pup?

.....It is said that a number of the followers of the pretty blondes contemplate the organization of an ugly club, the ugliest member to be chosen President. Let us mildly suggest that, in making choice of the leading man of the club, the members practice the precept of St. Paul—"In honor preferring one another!".....How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child." This familiar quotation reminds us of a good thing which occurred the other night. It was——: "Jimmy, what was that good thing I told you to make a note of?" "About the fatted calf?" "No." "That's the only thing *I* made any note of." Ah, well, the story may occur to us at some future time, when it will be served up to our readers in proper style. "What about the fatted calf, Jimmy? There are so many calves fattened on bran now-a-days, that it is very difficult to discern the mock from the real." "You illude to the blonde calfs, don't you? This is a calf of another color, in tender lines handed down to me by a Wall street bull."

COVERING THE CALF.

"Are *these* my boots? I tell you, sir,
They are too short by half,
My orders were to have them made
To cover *all* the calf."
"Why then," replied with twinkling eye,
The knight of wax and awl,
"To cover *all* the calf they should
Be over six feet tall."

"Jimmy, we're afraid the Wall street bull has been making a calf of you, for it has a ring of an ancient lay about it." "So has a stale egg, and yet it's an egg." "But a very bad egg, you must admit, James." "I'll recite you a little story that I made the other night while looking at the *ballet* girls at Niblo's, in the green room, where I'm admitted owing to me connection with the press. This is entirely me own invention:—I was a standin in the green room before the lookin' glass, when a sperret of the other wurld behind me tried to pass; her gold died ringlets fell beio her little bit of waste, while her poutin lips, of cherry hu, mite loor a bee tu taste. Her skin was witer than the sno, which falls on S. Pike's peak, and her legs stuffed in io skin-tite stuff, hole volumes seemed to speke; a fary warnd was in one hand, nice flowers on to her hed, and she warked so litely on the stage, I most couldn't hear her tred. She cum so nere I felt her breth which went rite to me hart; my ise met hurn (tu tell the truth they pearced her like a dart.) She rased that little wand of hurn, with her ise all black and blu; then said, "young chap, just sherry your nibs, I cannot see thru you."..... At Wallack's—the "model theatre of the country," and the "home of the legitimate drama"—they are playing that highly fashionable piece called "Mother Hubbard." Mrs. Vernon is about the only witness this desecration of the stage with which her name has so long and favorably been identified..... The Brevier Brothers, minions of the gymnastic profession, of which, also, they claim to be nonpareil, will soon strive to make an impression in this city.. ..Dan Bryant will stand on his head all this week at the Fourteenth Street Opera House. As a stand-on-his-headist Dan is not quite up to Signor Blitz..... At the Bowery Theatre the lively Herring, coming after a Fisher, may be seen playing with the gurgling Brooks..... The Clodoche Family, in order to make things look natural, don flesh-colored tights, but in addition to these wear stockings and garters. Why go to this trouble, when the tights can be so readily dispensed with? We are ready for almost anything imported troupes may favor us with. Why not strip off everything these warm evenings? "The most fastidious taste" can no longer be offended by such natural and life-like representations.

City Summary.

MRS. VERNON, so long connected with the New York stage, died suddenly on Friday evening, June 4th, at her residence in this city. She was born in Brighton, Sussex, Eng., in 1792. Her maiden name was Jane Marchant Fisher, she being a sister of Clara Fisher Maeder. She made her *debut* on the London stage in 1817 at the Drury Lane Theatre, in "Lilliput." In 1827 she came to America and made her American *debut* Sept. 11th of that year, at the old Bowery Theatre, this city, as Cicely Homespun in "Heir at Law." On Oct. 6th, same year, she was married to George Vernon, an actor, who died in Albany, N. Y., June 13th, 1830, aged 30 years. Mrs. Vernon remained at the Bowery for some time, after which she became attached to the company of the old Chatham Theatre, and in the season of 1830-31 she went to the Park Theatre, opening there Dec. 21st, as Minette in "A Bold Stroke for a Husband." Here she became a fixture, and with the announced list of the company for the next season was to be found prominent the name of Mrs. Vernon. Probably no artist ever seen on the American stage was more of a favorite than Mrs. V. with the Park audiences. Her last appearance upon the boards of this theatre occurred Dec. 17th, 1847, as the Countess Molings, Miss Pickle and Mrs. Bundle. She was then engaged at the old Broadway Theatre, and at Burton's Chambers Street Theatre. She then commenced under the Wallackian management at the theatre on Broadway below Broome street, and continued with Mr. Wallack's company up to April 5th, 1869, when she appeared for the last time on the mimic stage as Mrs. Sutcliffe, in the comedy of "School." When Edmund Kean was in the first flush of his popularity, and his "Richard" had become what might almost be called a "household word," a third performance of the tragedy was prepared for Drury Lane Theatre, London. The chief attraction in this was Clara Fisher, youngest daughter of a widely known provincial manager, and sister of the deceased lady, the latter being the Richmond of the occasion. It was an extraordinary spectacle—one which those who witnessed it cannot easily forget—a mere baby in the royal purple, challenging a kingdom for a horse; along with other juvenile representatives of grown up men and women. Jane Fisher (as Mrs. Vernon was then known) after her appearance as the Seventh Henry, came before the lamps, in the costume of a Grecian heroine, and treated her audience with the song of the "Soldier, Tired"—a very difficult piece—being replete with scientific elaborations, but in which, notwithstanding, she was sure to win the favor of her hearers. Of an old theatrical race, Mrs. Vernon, it may be worthy of observation, had a countenance strongly resembling the portraits of many English professionals of the Shakespearean and other eras, and as a strong evidence of her attachment to her art, could always sit out a play, enjoying the same with a gusto that was as hearty as it was undisguised. Of late, the veteran was Clara Fisher's other days, has long been known in this country as the wife of Gasper Maeder, an Irish gentleman of approved musical talent. Mrs. Vernon was a very lady-like and well dressed woman, off and on the stage, with a face of pleasant contour, and what in England would be called "old fashioned," from its identity with the faces so often found in ancient picture galleries. She was a lady of extraordinary intellectual endowments, of the purest morality, and of the greatest refinement. As an actress, she was the favorite of all, and, as a member of society she performed her duties in a manner which charmed every circle in which she moved. Yet, although she has passed away from the chequered and exciting scenes of life, though that countenance will no more be seen before the footlights, though the hand is cold and motionless, and her voice hushed forever, still her memory will remain green in the hearts of a large circle of friends. As the representative of what are technically called "Old Women," Mrs. Vernon had few equals on the American stage. Her perception of character seemed to be intuitive, and the illustration of a Mrs. Candor was as much within her scope as that of Betsy Trotwood. Old or young, the antiquated spinster, the pert chambermaid, or the lady of fashion, she had few equals. There was a buoyancy, an ease and richness about her performances so like to nature, that art was indistinguishable. It was the perfection of art in the concealment of all study, and the rigidity of its lines. She made no sacrifice to appearance, and in all her personations seemed wholly unconscious of the effects she was producing. Her talents were of so sterling a quality as not to lose their force, up to her last appearance on the stage, when time with its decaying hand stripped her of the last autumn leaf:—

"Another broken link.
One of the last connecting present actors with the past, Mrs. Malsprop has gone—Tabitha Store, farewell.
None but yourself was e'er your parallel.
A player now to live on history's page.
An actress of note gone from the stage."

A LARGE ORGAN for Christ Church, Yokohama, Japan, is ordered from Messrs. Jardine & Son, of this city. It will be the first ever heard in the dominions of the Tycoon.

THERE WAS quite a change and thinning out of the company at the Tammany, the latter part of the past week. The Lanfrettas, and all the dancers were given leave to leave on the 3d, thus detracting from the previous attractions of the burlesque of "Clorinda," and making it less enjoyable than it had been. There were barely enough people left to get up the song and walk around in the ball room scene. As now presented, the honors of the burlesque are fairly divided between the fairy-like Leona Cavender and the gushing soubrette Miss Cavender has already become a great favorite with Tammany audiences, and she is well entitled to all the applause she nightly receives.

LISA WEBER AND MISS LIZZIE KELSEY, late of Niblo's, sailed on the 5th, in the steamship City of Paris, for Liverpool. So Young America has seen "Weber's last waltz," for the present at least.

MISS BESSIE SUDLOW, and the Lucille Sisters, late of Tammany, left here on Sunday afternoon, for Boston, where they will perform for a month or longer. Miss Rose Lucille is the young lady who made the transept flight of Tammany after the abdication of Senyeah.

SAMUEL N. PIKE has purchased four acres of ground near the Staten Island, Long Branch, on which he intends to erect a summer residence.

OPERA BOUFFE retains possession of the boards of the Fifth Avenue Theatre, with Irma and Aujac in the leading *roles*. The operas to be presented this week consist of "Barbe Bleue" and "Perichole."

THE FRISCO MINSTRELS are in the last week of their present season at their Hall, 585 Broadway. On June 14th, Bobby Newcomb takes a benefit. Bobby is a loving Desdemona. Tony dressed, sang and acted well his part, in true burlesque style, while Addie Le Brun was very pleasing as Desdemona. J. W. McAndrews re-appears this week. The season closes in three weeks, when the Opera House will be thoroughly cleansed.

THE ERYANT MINSTRELS are enjoying a succession of good audiences at their hall in Forteenth street, during the past week Dan Bryant was off duty for three nights, as business called him to Canada, and his end was occupied by Dave Reid.

"ROBINSON CRUSOE" is announced as in its last week at Wood's Museum. It is to be followed by "The Maid and Magpie," with a new pantomime and *ballet*.

WITH FULL SAILS SET, "Sinbad the Sailor" is having a prosperous voyage at Niblo's Garden, meeting with many storms in the shape of adverse criticism from the press, but crowded audiences witnessed its representation every night the past week. Much of its success is no doubt attributed to the Clodoche Troupe, who are a novelty and are really worth seeing once, after which the novelty is gone. Unlike the burlesque of the "Forty Thieves," "Sinbad" has very little that will force a laugh, as in the former piece the antics of a donkey caused more fun than anything else. In the present rehash the author has taken good care that the blondes shall not play second fiddle to a donkey.

JUSTICE CONNOLLY was serenaded on the evening of the 4th inst., the programme consisting of Irish and American national airs.

LUCILLE WESTEEN commences a brief season of the sensational drama at the Grand Opera House on June 21st.

THE FELIX ROGERS TROUPE continue at the Waverly Theatre, and announce the present as the last week of the burlesque of "Axion." Emily and Betty Rigl, *danseuses*, appear each evening in some of their most popular dances. Business was pretty fair the past week.

MISS ALICE WHITE, pupil of Matilda Heron, an actress favorably known in the west, intends visiting Europe the coming summer under professional engagements.

NO CARDS.—Edwin Booth was married on Monday, the 7th, to Mary McVicker—whose right name is Mary Runnion—at the residence of her step-father, J. H. McVicker, Long Branch. With the exception of Edwin Booth and wife, and the immediate family relations, we understand that no one was invited to the banquet, notwithstanding quite a number of well known managers who reside at the Branch during the "heated term," were in the immediate neighborhood at the time. Mr. Booth, with his wife, proceeded to Philadelphia, where they will remain this week, and then take up their summer residence at the Branch.

ALG. PENNOYER returned from England on the 5th inst., and proceeded to Philadelphia.

TOMMY EVAN, song and dance performer, is lying dangerously ill in this city, and his recovery is extremely doubtful.

MRS. GLADSTANE, having terminated her engagement at the Grand Opera House, is at present resting in this city preparatory for the fall season, when she will start out on her starring tour. In justice to this lady, we would state that her performance of Dolores in "Patrie" during its last week was not only a great improvement over her first rendition of it, but was a most pleasing interpretation of the character. Parties informed the lady that she must speak at the top of her voice in order to be heard in the Opera House, and acting on this suggestion, she over-reached the mark at first by the tone, but after it was pointed out to her by the press, she acted upon it, and toning it down, appeared to advantage.

A RUMOR has been current the past week that the abrupt closing of the Grand Opera House was owing to the foreclosing of the mortgage held by Mr. S. N. Pike for the property sold by him to Mr. Fisk; that Mr. Fisk had paid only $150,000 cash, and that the many theatrical enterprises of Mr. Fisk having proved failures, he was unable to make any more payments. These reports are all unfounded, so we are informed upon the authority of Mr. Pike, who says that he received for the first payment $350,000, and that he is not anxious to regain possession of the house.

ADA WEBB returned to this city the past week from her western tour, which is said to have been a successful one. She will take a rest in this city before commencing her next tour.

SOHLKE, *danseuse*, sailed for Europe on May 29th.

THE WORRELL SISTERS have returned to this city from their lengthy traveling tour.

THE AMERICAN DRAMATIC FUND.—According to the twenty-first annual report of the Secretary of the American Dramatic Fund Association, we learn that it was first incorporated April 10th, 1848, and the present invested capital is $48,708.14. The amount paid aged and sick up to March 31st, 1869, was $60,585.55. There were, during the past year, forty annuitants, thirteen widows, eight sick, and one orphan. Five died and eight were ruled out for non-payment of subscriptions and fines. For the year ending March 31st, 1869, the total expenses were $8,838.61, while the receipts were $8,643.89. Those of the Association who have died during the year 1868 were:—W. C. Forbes, Williamsburgh, April 14; Mrs. M. H. Ornet, Morrisania, May 26; Mrs. C. Kincade, Baltimore, July 17; Wm. Deering, Long Island, Oct. 17; John Sefton, New York, Sept. 19. Among the claimants on the fund were:—Widows—Mrs. E. Watson, Phila.; Mrs. D. Eberle, Phila.; Mrs. W. H. Bellamy, Long Island; Mrs. W. R. Blake, L. Branch; Mrs. F. Whitman, Mass.; Mrs. J. Cooke, N. Y.; Mrs. W. Peterschen, N. Y.; Mrs. J. L. Cowell, England; J. B. Stoddard, Sr., England; Mrs. J. A. Johnson, Boston; Mrs. Wm. Heild, Highlands; Mrs. W. F. Brough, Brooklyn, and Mrs. C. Burke, New York. Mrs. E. Kinlock, Phila.; Wm. Anderson, Phila.; E. N. Thayer, Phila.; Mrs. E. Da Costa, Phila.; Henry Lewis, Phila.; W. S. Fredericks, L. Branch; Mrs. C. Blake, L. Branch; Mrs. M. H. Cramer, Morrisania; Mrs. A. F. Bowen, Louisville; Mrs. C. Kincade, Baltimore; Mrs. M. Deering, Long Island; Wm. Deering, Long Island; Mrs. A. Bannister, Boston; Mrs. Julia Ring, Boston; Mrs. McKeag, England; Mrs. Louisa Rowe, N. Orleans; Geo. T. Rowe, N. Orleans; Mrs. R. Carpenter, Mass.; Mrs. E. Logan, Chicago; J. B. Addis, New Jersey; W. Heild, Highlands, N. J.; J. Wetzian, Illinois; Mrs. Wray, Long Island; Mrs. E. Archbold, England; Mrs. S. A. Austin, Mass.; C. W. Taylor, New York; Mr. Cronta, New York; Mrs. Russell, New York; G. R. France, New York; Mrs. C. Atwood, New York; Chas. Hill, New York; Wm. Henry, New York; Mrs. Henry, New York; Maria Thorne, New York; J. Squier, New Jersey; Mrs. France, New York; Mrs. D. Nicholls, Cincinnati; Thos. Hadaway, Long Island; Thos. Ward, Jersey City, and Mrs. M. Gould, New York. The sick claimants the past year were:—Mrs. A. Maddocks, England; Mrs. M. Stoddard, New York; Mr. T. C. Gourley, New York; Mrs. J. Cooke, New York; Mr. Chas. Pazzaglia, Italy; Mrs. C. Meyers, Brooklyn; Mrs. a'Becket, Philadelphia, and Benjamin Young, Philadelphia. The present officers are:—President, S. L. M. Barlow; Trustees, D. Kingsland, Jas. Gordon Bennett, Jr., L. W. Jerome, Jas. Bryce and Barney Williams. Directors—Messrs. John Brougham, H. Hillyard, F. Chippendale, D. Whiting, C. K. Mason, N. B. Clarke, W. B. Harrison, J. H. Stoddart, H. Isherwood, W. Davidge, Theo. Moss, J. Moore, J. W. Wallack, W. J. Florence and John G. Gilbert. Treasurer, J. H. Oxley. Secretary, Charles S. Bernard. In his report the Secretary says:—"The great advantage of members of our profession associating together for the purpose of mutual relief and support has been manifested during the last eight years by the work performed by this association. For a long time with us it was a struggle for existence; but at length a new era has dawned upon our 'Fund.' It has been timely and truly said that there is no other charity so widely popular, and none which possesses so generally the elements of success. It is, however, to be regretted that the comparatively small means at the disposal of the directors prevents them from doing all that could be desired for the relief of such a large number of claimants, being one claimant out of every three members. There ought to be under investment at this day the full sum limited in our charter (one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars). This could be easily and quickly accomplished by the unaided efforts of our profession, were the managers and actors. Ten thousand dollars annually might be realized from benefits alone. Not a manager ought, or would refuse the use of his theatre for an annual benefit. Not an actor would decline to give one night's services to so needful and holy a work, if the same power could be brought to bear upon them that has been invariably exerted in other quarters to help our cause. The last annual fete, given at the Academy of Music, in this city, was a great financial success, yielding a net profit of two thousand and fifty-eight dollars."

JAMES HERNE and Lucille Western arrived in this city from the west early the past week. Miss Western proceeded to Boston.

THE KIRALFY TROUPE OF HUNGARIAN DANCERS, consisting of eight *coryphees*, two male dancers and Mlle. Haniola, *premier*, made their American *debut* at the Olympic Theatre on Monday, May 31st, appearing in the fourth scene, act second, of the pantomime of "Hiccory Diccory Dock," and we have not witnessed a triumph equal to that which was awarded this troupe for a long time. The ladies and gentlemen appeared dressed in Hungarian costume, and presented an attractive appearance. From the beginning to the end of the *ballet divertissement* the audience were enthusiastic, and encores were unbounded, and shouts were incessantly drawn from the densely crowded house. Mlle. Haniola possesses a pretty figure, sparkling eyes, and her wonderful rapidity of motion has never been excelled on the American stage; the only one that ever possessed so much wild *abandon* was the late lamented Cubas, whom Haniola reminds us of very much. She is beautiful and graceful, while the winning grace of her *poses*, her elasticity of bounding from the graceful position, when the company were assisted by the 78th Highlanders. On June 1st the "Streets of New York" was given, with Frank Roche as Badger and Katie Estelle as Mrs. Fairweather. Georgie Langley is in the company and is well spoken of.

MCKEAN BUCHANAN'S COMPANY opened in Ogdensburg, N. Y., on May 27th, with "Othello," followed on the 28th by "Macbeth," and 29th, "Pizarro."

JENNY BOUTON'S DRAMATIC COMPANY closed their season of nine weeks in Bloomington, Ill., on June 5th.

FANNY B. PRICE, supported by the company from the Opera House, Detroit, Mich., closed in East Saginaw, Mich., on May 29th, and opened in Bay City, Mich., on May 31st, for a few nights.

JAMES GRANT, who was tried for assassinating Pollard, in Richmond, Va., is reported to have been engaged by the Richings' Opera Troupe for the coming fall and winter season as *basso*. He is to sing in a church choir in this city until the season commences.

JEAN HOSMER opens an engagement at the Academy of Music, Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 10th, supported by Morton Price and Catherine Lucette.

OF PHILADELPHIA THEATRICALS our advices are to June 5th, from our correspondent, "Pinto."—"At the Walnut Street Theatre on Monday, May 31st, Mr. Joseph Jefferson appeared to an immense audience in his great personation of the vagabond Dutchman, who let the world slide by him for twenty years without taking note of time, and then awoke one fine morning utterly unable to account for the fact that he was just twenty years behind the age. If all of 'Rip's' prototypes could leave society as he did, and slumber under a spell of enchantment amid the Kaatskills or Alleghenies, or any other mountains where they could be out of harm's way, the wheels of civilization would be out of harm's way, the wheels of civilization would not remain ungreased. Mr. Jefferson's personation of Rip Van Winkle is the same pathetic, humorous, and highly wrought effort of genius that it was three years ago, when it was first revealed to our playgoers. Mr. Jefferson has performed this part so repeatedly that it has become almost a second nature to him, and he gives it with the finished ease and grace that come of long practice, but with no falling off in power, and no diminution of any of the finer lights and shades of the artistic picture, such as almost might be expected after so many repetitions. The crowded house that greeted Mr. Jefferson, and the heartiness of applause, indicated that 'Rip Van Winkle' has become a favorite with the public. He continued to draw full houses all the week, and will be the attraction the present week, which is the last of Mr. Jefferson's engagement.....At the Arch Street Theatre during the second and last week of Mr. John Collins' engagement has been to very slim houses; his *role* of characters, which are good but ancient to all playgoers in this city, fail in attraction. 'The Soldier of Fortune,' 'His Last Legs,' 'How to Pay the Rent,' 'King O'Neil,' &c., comprised the week's programme up to Friday evening, when, for his farewell benefit and last appearance, he performed the 'Irish Ambassador,' 'Nervous Man' and Craig's burlesque, 'Le Gladiateur.' On Saturday evening, Mrs. John Drew appeared in the play of 'The Marble Heart,' performing the *role* of Marco. On Monday, June 7th, the great drama by Wilkie Collins and Fechter, called 'Black and White,' with every scene new, and a great cast of characters, will be produced in the usual excellent style that characterizes every new production at this popular theatre.....At the Chestnut Street Theatre the Elise Holt English Burlesque Troupe brought their season to a close June 5th. 'The Judgment of Paris' was withdrawn after Tuesday night, and 'Lucretia Borgia' substituted for the balance of the week. Messrs. W. H. Donaldson and Harry Gilbert's velocipede ascension from the stage to the gallery upon the slight rope, has been a great feature; and was accomplished with great skill, amid rounds of applause; in fact, these breakneck exhibitions appear to be quite the rage. Managers seem to have the impression that the most daring and terrific acts are the most attractive. On Friday evening, at Miss Holt's farewell benefit, Mr. R. Craig, of the Arch, volunteered and performed in the farce of 'Love Made by Mimicry.' This theatre now is to be altered extensively—the auditorium is to be torn down and rebuilt on the same plan as the Academy of Music, and with equal splendor and comfort for the audience. There are various rumors regarding parties who are to become the lessees for the fall, but I am in doubt as to the right one. So, more anon..... At Fox's American Theatre on Monday evening, May 31st, a new *ballet* was produced by Mons. Maxwell, called 'Ki Ki;' the scene is laid in China, and is very beautifully arranged. Mlle. De Rosa and *corps de ballet* are seen to advantage. Andy Level's sketch upon 'Rip Van Winkle' was also produced, in which Joe Emmett as Rip created the greatest merriment. Master Clarence, the child wonder gymnast, the Dashwood Sisters in their vocalisms, are also prominent. The present week introduces again the Love Sisters, Lillie and Zoe; these gymnasts are of the Senyeah style, and, we are informed, will accomplish some most startling and fearless feats. On Thursday evening, Joe Emmet takes his farewell benefit. Mr. John Fielding and Addie Johnson are also added to the company; the manager announces to keep open all through the summer."

ARRIVED—To wish immediate engagements at the Academy of Music, Pittsburgh, are requested to address as per advertisement in another column.

IN BOSTON the past week was one of the most exciting of the season. Our correspondent thus writes of theatrical affairs:—"At the Boston Theatre, Tony Denier began on Monday last (May 31) a summer season with 'Humpty Dumpty,' which has been played to very respectable houses during the whole week. It will hardly be as successful as it was in New York, however. Denier as Clown, Beane as Pantaloon, and Harry Leslie as Harlequin, were all good. The *ballet* is not good.....At the Museum was presented on Monday, May 31, a new play from the French, entitled 'A Cup of Tea,' of which I spoke briefly in my last. It was cast to Messrs. Warren, Barron and Ring, and Miss Annie Clarke, and, of course, it was well acted. It is one of the most refreshing, delightful little plays we have had for a long time. The interest never flags for a moment, but the curiosity is kept on the *qui vive* from the rise to the fall of the curtain. Altogether, it is one of the most enjoyable performances of the season. Tuesday, 'Victim of Circumstances' and 'Hard Struggle' were given. Wednesday afternoon and evening, 'A Cup of Tea' and 'Paul Pry' were repeated, and Thursday Ada Gilman, a favorite *soubrette*, had a benefit, giving 'Always Intended,' 'Katy O'Shea' and 'Betsy Baker,' a fine bill. Friday (4th inst.), 'Guy Mannering' and 'Always Intended' were performed.....On Monday (7th inst.) Ada Harland's burlesque troupe opens at the Comique in 'Forty Thieves.'.....At Selwyn's on Saturday, May 29, Mr. H. A. McGlenan had a benefit, the bill being 'School' and 'The Spitfire,' with Barnabee in his descriptive song of 'Watkins' Evening Party.' 'School' and the song passed off all right, but when it was time for the farce, Mr. Barry, the stage manager, came before the curtain and said that Mr. Robson, who had a short time before come on the stage in apparent good health, was now lying senseless behind the scene, having been suddenly taken with a fit. The farce was, therefore, omitted, Mr. Barnabee making up for it by reciting 'Darius Green and His Flying Machine.' Many supposed that the real difficulty was that Robson was 'indisposed' spiritually, but that was not so, for I was informed by competent authority that it was some affection of the heart to which he is subject, and that he was senseless for more than an hour. On Monday, 31st, Mr. Barry had a benefit, playing Sir Anthony Absolute, supported by Mesrs. Robinson, Vandenhoff, Robson, Daly, Josephs, Pearson, Dinsmore, Miss Barry, Miss Harris, Miss Anderson and Miss Cary. The house was quite full and the performance went off capitally. Mr. Barry was called before the curtain, and thanked his friends in a neat speech for their uniform kindness to him during the season, and for their reception of him that evening.....On Tuesday, June 1st, 'Sunshine Through the Clouds' and 'Billiards' were given. On Wednesday, 2d inst., the treasurer, Geo. B. Farnsworth, had a benefit, when 'Sunshine Through the Clouds' and 'To Parents and Guardians' were presented, Mr. Farnsworth making his second appearance on any stage in the last piece as Waddilove, playing it remarkably well. Miss Kittie Blanchard played Bob Nettles. Thursday, 3d inst., the largest audience ever in this theatre assembled to witness 'Sam.' It was Mrs. Chanfrau's farewell benefit, she leaving the company at the end of this season. Mr. Chanfrau came on especially for this occasion to play Sam. The cast consisted of Frank Chanfrau, Messrs. Griffiths, Le Moyne, Vandenhoff, Daly, Josephs, Bascomb, Hague, Mrs. Chanfrau, Mrs. Barry, Miss Harris, Mrs. Davenport, Miss Cary and Mrs. Hunter. The piece was thoroughly enjoyable. At the end of the third act Mrs. Chanfrau was called out, and had innumerable flowers presented to her. Her husband made a short speech in her behalf, saying that she hoped at no very distant day once more to appear before a Boston audience. Whether that means that she intends joining Selwyn's again or not, I don't know; but I hope it does, for

"She's Like a Sunbeam." The afterpiece has been Shaw's burlesque on "Undine," entitled "Undone," Fred Shaw appearing in the title *role*. The piece had several hitches in it on the first night, but on the second everything went well. A burlesque *ballet* and the Parisian can-can are introduced. On the third night Miss Hathaway, was unexpectedly called to her home in Illinois, and the part of Hope Irwin was assumed by Alice Seidler. This week the "Three Fast Women" will be given.

W. C. SMYTHE plays Solon Shingle for his benefit on the 10th inst., at the American, Pittsburgh, Pa.

VON HAMME, the *ballet* master, was arrested in Toledo, Ohio, on June 2d, charged with obtaining money under false pretences, it being alleged that, shortly before his first appearance there, he obtained $77.77 of J. C. Wilder, of 261 Broadway, New York, by representing that he wanted the money to pay fares for a number of *ballet* girls whom he had engaged for the Theatre Comique. The complaint was made by Mr. C. M. Welch at the request, by telegraph, of Mr. Wilder, and on the 3d Von Hamme compromised by paying the demand.

MILLIE JESBRENE, *danseuse*, was underlined to appear at the Varieties, Norfolk, Va., on the 7th, where Chrissie Morrell, vocalist, Millie Daile, *danseuse*, P. H. Miles, Jack Reynolds and J. B. Ferrie are also engaged.

AT THE THEATRE COMIQUE, Detroit, the leading features the past week were the vocal duets of Adah Richmond and E. D. Gooding, the *ballet* of the "Fairies' Frolic," and Edson's drama of the "Cigar Girl of Cuba." George R. Edeson as Sol. Switch, and W. H. Danvers as Don Sebastian were good, whilst Adah Richmond appeared to advantage as Lola, the cigar girl. Nellie Taylor, vocalist, closed on the 5th.

AT UNION VARIETIES, Philadelphia, they have a good troupe, but more talent is wanted, as will be seen by Billy Turner's card in our advertising columns.

Negro Minstrelsy.

PROF. SCHAFFER, late with Skiff and Gaylord's Minstrels, advertises in the CLIPPER for an engagement.

GEO. C. DOBSON'S new patent banjos have a reputation, we understand, second to none in the market, for harmony of tone, durability of head and ornamental appearance. By a card in our advertising columns it will be seen that he has patented additional improvements, calculated to enhance the value of the banjo as a musical instrument, so that those intending to procure one should not fail to give his an examination.

EMERSON AND MANNING'S MINSTRELS, a troupe that includes a number of the leading artists in this line of business of the day, having brought their successful tour of the Great West to a close, are about to make a trip eastward, and give entertainments in the principal cities thereaway, under the directorship of J. R. Kemble. For the names of those who comprise the company, and other information, read the manager's card in another column.

AN ARRAY OF MINSTREL TALENT is wanted by Manager Duprez, of Duprez and Benedict's Minstrels, who should be communicated with promptly, as instructed in his card in our advertising columns.

SAM SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS perform in Utica June 10th and 11th, and Troy 15th and 16th.

NEWCOMB'S MINSTRELS, who played in Toledo, O., on May 27th and 28th, are announced for the same city on the 8th of June.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS close their present season at Quincy, Mass., on June 6th. Next season they present their burlesque operas once more.

THE BANJOCIALLY INCLINED Ally wishing to procure an instrument on which to exercise their thumb and fingers, and instructions thereon, should obey John Bogan's mandate in our advertising columns.

AT THE ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE, Philadelphia, on Monday evening, May 31st, Lew Simmons and E. N. Slocum had a joint benefit and presented a fine programme to a crowded house, comprising an excellent first part, good Ethiopian sketches, songs, dances, etc., concluding with the burlesque of the "Blessed Baby." This is the last week of the minstrel season. On Monday evening, June 14th, the Lubin Brothers, conjurers and magicians, commence an engagement there.

HARRISON'S MINSTRELS, composed of several performers of the late Kelly and Leon's and C. W. Jackson's parties, gave an entertainment at the Opera House, Newark, N. J., on the 3d inst., to a crowded house. Our correspondent says:—"The performance was good, considering the short time the company have been together. G. W. Jackson sang 'Shamus O'Brien' in an excellent manner, and received an *encore*. J. H. Surdige was *encored* in his song. The end men, Johnny Brassel and H. F. Dixey were not up to the usual standard of performers in their line."

WAVERLY'S MINSTRELS played to crowded houses at Buffalo, N. Y., on the 4th and 5th. A correspondent says:—"A better company never visited this city; a finer quartette than Bideaux, Sweet, Long and Bavins does not exist, and with Pettingill, Reynolds and Purdy the humorous part is always attractive."

"THE ASSOCIATED ARTISTES" of Kelly and Leon's Minstrels were announced to commence an engagement of six nights at the National Theatre, Washington, on the 7th inst.

EMERSON AND MANNING'S MINSTRELS opened for a summer season at Wood's Theatre, Cincinnati, on the 31st ult. They had a big house for the reception night, and continued to draw well during the week. Since their last appearance in Porkopolis, writes our correspondent, "the troupe has been almost remodeled having incorporated several of Fred. Wilson's best men. The instrumentation of the company always has been good, and has been strengthened by the somewhat unusual addition of a harp, which is very nicely fingered by P. Marks. J. R. Kemble has replaced Doctor Hammer as middle man, and he is hard to excel. He and Manning got off together the well known end gag 'Erickson's Bull' in a style to approach Walter Bray. C. S. Fredericks, a splendid baritone, and Charles Herman, a very fine tenor, are two more of the recruits. The Reynolds brothers, and Master Eddie still remain, and now execute a triple clog. Manning is on the bones and end Emerson opposite. Their capabilities are well known. The principal danger with the boys is that success is apt to make them careless. This is often shown in Emerson's dances. Billy opened in the new song and dance 'Love Among the Roses,' followed on the *encore* by 'How is That for High?' One of the best things on the programme was the burlesque tragic acting of Kemble, which made not a few believe him capable of serious attempts in that line. The company misses Allen in his specialties."

NEW MINSTREL COMPANY.—Johnnie Allen, late of the Emerson and Manning Company, and Sam Sharpley have associated together, and are forming a new company for a tour through the west. They expect to play in Cincinnati in the course of two or three weeks.

HAVERLEY'S MINSTRELS are billed for Rochester, N. Y., on the 7th and 8th, and Auburn, 9th.

HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS are billed for Auburn, N. Y., for the 10th, and Rochester' N. Y., 11th and 12th.

Circuses.

BAILEY'S MENAGERIE was to be in Kansas City, Mo., on June 7th.

YANKEE ROBINSON has been proverbial for placing upon the road, luggage, vans, private carriages and band wagons for his circus company, equal, if not superior in design and magnificence to those of any other manager in the country. It is seldom that the paste brigade, as the bill posters are termed, receive so much encouragement as the Yankee has given his party this season, for the wagon, in which they are perambulated through the country, from its description, beats anything yet put ahead of a circus company.

DE HAVEN'S CIRCUS exhibited in McGregor, Iowa, on May 31st. Joe Wallace, formerly of Deagle's Varieties, St. Louis, is the clown.

CAMPBELL'S MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS, with Hyatt Frost as manager, is traveling through Vermont, meeting with good business. We are told that since this concern started, the business has been good, but not great, while the manager is meeting all his daily expenses, and having a little to spare. At Burlington, Vt., on June 15th, the manager will pitch, for the first time, a new four pole canvas. The leader of the band has been obliged to leave in consequence of a failing he had of drinking too much—water. The inside concert show, by the Hartzog Brothers, is said to bring in large returns. While driving over the Hoosick Mountains, lately, Geo. Guilford and Farnsworth's wagon upset, breaking the pole, and they were compelled to go back eight miles to have it repaired, which caused them a loss of one day. This concern is advertised for Fair Haven, Vt., June 8th; Rutland, 9th; Brandon, 10th; Middlebury, 11th, and Bristol, 12th.

STONE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS will appear this week in Gloucester, Mass., June 7th; Salem, 8th; Lowell, 9th and 10th; Lawrence, 11th, and Haverhill, 12th, and goes thence to Manchester, N. H., 14th; Concord, 15th; Deerfield, 16th; Dover, 17th; Portsmouth, 18th; Great Falls, 19th; Saco, Me., 21st, and Portland, 22d.

BRYAN'S MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS was billed in Altoona, Pa., for June 7th.

THE EUROPEAN CIRCUS will be in Greenwich, Mass., on the 9th.

JAMES L. THAYER'S CIRCUS shows in Tecumseh, Mich., on the 9th; Adrian, 10th, and Hudson, 11th.

FOREPAUGH'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE exhibited in Fort Wayne on May 29th. They have two new round top canvases now. The one devoted to the animal cages measures 100 feet, while the other, beneath which is given the circus performances, is 110 feet. Everything about the show is new, and the stock is in good order.

YANKEE ROBINSON'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE, with his "line of gold and glitter nearly a mile long," visits Cleveland, Ohio, on June 8th and 9th. This show is coming east.

DR. JAS. L. THAYER'S CIRCUS AND TRAINED ANIMALS gave an exhibition at Illyria, Iowa, on May 22th to a crowded pavilion. This show has done, it is said, a good business the whole season, which is attributable to their excellent company and artistic performance. Kelly, the leaper, and Morgan, the burdle and bareback rider, are with Dr. Thayer.

GARDNER AND KENYON'S MENAGERIE AND JAMES ROBINSON'S CIRCUS has been doing a good business ever since the company started out. They exhibited to a crowded house on May 31st at Dunkirk, N. Y., notwithstanding the rain poured down in torrents. Jimmy Robinson is the great attraction, but the show is good in every other particular. They were to go to Erie on June 3d, and then into the oil regions, exhibiting at Corry, May 5th.

DAN RICE'S CIRCUS has been unfortunate, so far, this season, and business has been "sadly deranged," to say the least. People are beginning to comprehend Daniel, and therefore they let his show severely alone, preferring to visit a tent exhibition where they can be amused by a man in the garb of motley, and not be compelled to listen to a political harangue or a rhodomontade by a person calling himself a jester. This concern, if nothing interferes, will exhibit in Sa Salle, 7th; Ottawa, 8th; and thence to Chicago for one week.

COOPER AND HEMMING'S CIRCUS is showing in the small towns in Indiana with a pretty fair "biz." The concern is small and they keep "near shore" on that account.

FRENCH'S CIRCUS pitched tent in Watertown, N. Y., on June 4th.

STICKNEY'S CIRCUS is reported to be doing well down east, and is advertised ahead as follows:—Winthrop, Me., June 7th; Bangor, 8th and 9th; Waterville, 10th; Skowhegan, 11th; Augusta, 12th; Richmond, 14th; Yarmouth, 15th. A correspondent writing from Waterville, says:—"For the benefit of circus advertisers coming this way, I would say that the City Marshal, of Lewiston, was notified by the Chairman of the Committee on Licenses not to grant any more licenses to circuses after that date, and this was published in the Lewiston *Daily Journal* of May 28th. In Waterville they also intend to prohibit any more circuses from coming. But both of these towns are so situated that you can show across the river, where the license would be much cheaper, and business, in all probability, would be equally as good."

C. W. NOYES' "CRESCENT CITY" CIRCUS was at Little Rock, Ark., on May 27th, 28th, and 29th. Isaac Huyck, an old time jester of the south and west, who has been out of business for a long time, and been a resident of Little Rock as a livery stable keeper, appeared on the last night the "Crescent City" showed there. Mr. Huyck traveled with Jerry Mable's Circus fifteen years ago.

CIRCUS AND SIDE SHOW MANAGERS in want of tents, &c., should make a note of Messrs. Martin & Son's card in our advertising columns.

FOREPAUGH'S MENAGERIE exhibits in Chicago, Ill., the first three nights of the present week.

LAKE'S CIRCUS pitched tent in Nashville, Tenn., on May 24th, and continued there two days. Lake left his old wagons in that city to be sold, and there he received thirteen new ones. Johnny Lawton, clown, took Sam Lathrop's place there, and took well. Eddie Ainsley, formerly an Ethiopian comedian, joined there as second clown.

O'CONNOR AND CO.'S GREAT WESTERN CIRCUS gave its initial performance in Galesburg, Ill., on May 15th. Since then it has been "on the road" without missing one stand or one afternoon performance. Yet it has encountered a wonderful amount of rain and bad roads. Johnny King has joined the concern as second clown. This show will be in Aurora, Ind., on the 17th, and go thence north to Wisconsin. Billy Banks and R. Scott are in the concert show.

JAMES ROBINSON'S CIRCUS exhibits in East Liberty, Pa., June 16th, and Allegheny, 17th, 18th and 19th.

FRENCH'S CIRCUS is billed ahead as follows:—Rome, N. Y., June 8th; Utica, 10th; Mohawk, 11th; Little Falls, 12th; Canajoharie, 14th; Gloversville, 15th; Amsterdam, 16th; Schenectady, 17th; Albany, 18th and 19th, and Troy, 21st. The monster elephant, "Empress," which arrived in this country on June 1st, was purchased in Europe expressly for this show, and will join this concern in Albany.

A NUMBER OF CIRCUS PERFORMERS are advertised for. See the manager's address elsewhere.

NED TURNER goes as clown with the Great Western Circus, which makes its first stand on June 4th at Stapleton, Staten Island.

Miscellaneous.

C. S. NICHOLS, who styles himself the champion bill poster of the west, is located at Quincy, Ill.; he advertises in another column that he has more than ordinary facilities for carrying on his business, and that letters in regard to the Opera House or Circus lot should be addressed to him.

KIMBLE HALL, Kenosha, Wis., which is well located, and has a seating capacity of 800, may be rented for first class entertainments by addressing J. H. Kimball, as per advertisement.

A YOUTH advertises that he wants to learn the profession.

WHISTON, the humorist, opened in East Saginaw, Mich., on May 31st, for four nights.

OWEN FAWCETT'S "Paul Pry Songster" has just been published by A. Winch, Philadelphia. It contains a number of popular comic songs, and may be bought at the low rate of ten cents.

GENERAL J. B. MAGRUDER, the Confederate General, delivered his lecture on "Mexico" in Covington, Ky., on Friday, the 4th, and was to repeat it at Hopkins' Music Hall, Cincinnati, on the 7th.

MALE AND FEMALE TALENT is advertised for to join a combination. See the advertisement.

THE DODSON BROTHERS gave a variety concert in Newark, N. J., on July 5th.

CHARLES E. DODSON, who has been traveling with the Worrell Sisters, was the recipient of a silver medal during his visit to St. Louis. On one side is an engraving of Mr. Dobson seated and playing the old ormoloy, while above is engraved "C. E. Dobson, King of the Banjo." On the reverse is "Presented to C. E. Dobson by M. J. Ryan, T. E. Costello and J. G. Mulin." It is the size of a silver dollar.

BARNE'S INDIAN SHOW exhibited in Burlington, Iowa, on the 5th.

WHISTON, the humorist, performed in East Saginaw, Mich., for four nights., commencing May 31st. On June 7th he was to open in Saginaw City for two nights.

CLOG TERPSICHOREANISTS AND JIGGERS who want an outfit, including breeches, shirts, clogs, shoes, etc., should make a note of W. Roberts & Son's card in our advertising columns.

TOM THUMB closed his regular season at Harlem, N. Y., on the 5th. He has gone down east for two weeks, but will commence a summer tour at Hudson City, on the 21st inst., and goes to Elizabeth, N. J., for the 22d.

Amateur.

AMATEURS IN PHILADELPHIA.—Wheatly Dramatic Association gave on June 2d, their thirty-third and last performance this season, when "All Is Gold that is not Gold" was presented. Mr. Keene made a good Jasper Plum; Mr. Rogers played Stephen Plum very well, he having a dialect for the part. Mr. Edwin's Toby Twinkle is spoken of highly. Mr. Lawson was excellent as Sir Arthur Lassel, Mr. Dye as Frederick Plum, Mr. White as Harris, Miss Montgomery as Martha Gibbs, Miss Mapleton as Lady Leatherbridge, Miss Perry as Lady Valeria, were all nicely taken. ... One of the closing events of the season was a performance by the Irving Literary Association of that city. A correspondent says:—"Their entertainment was a success in an artistic as well as a pecuniary point of view. The bill for the evening was Morton's comic drama called 'Our Wife,' and Broughan's drama of 'Temptation.' In the first piece Mr. D. S. Cohen deserves especial mention for his rendition of Count de Brissac; Mr. Lipser as Marquis de Lignay was most excellent; Pomerat, by Mr. Doran, and Dumont, by Mr. Michels, were well done. Rosine and Marleite by two lady amateurs of this city were both exceedingly well acted. In the last piece Mr. Cohen as Michel Perrin from Mr. Morton with considerable spirit. Mr. Cohen was good as O'Bryan; Sterling by Mr. Doran was a fine piece of acting. Mr. Granite was well done, also Henry Wavers by Mr. Sommer. Polly Bobalink, Mrs. Grumskin and Mary Travers were very good. Bouquets fairly rained on the stage, the ladies being nearly overwhelmed. One of the principle features of the evening was the 'Dilletanti Orchestra,' composed entirely of amateurs. Their playing compared favorably with many professional orchestras I have heard. Mr. M. K. Langsdorf deserves great credit for courtesy shown to strangers.....The Davenport played 'Caste' on the 3d; they close next (this) week with three farces.....The 'Shakespeare' have commenced alterations at their hall."

THE ORLEANS DRAMATIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION, says "Crescent," "gave one of their charitable performances at the Varieties Theatre, New Orleans, on the evening of the 31st. ult., for the benefit of the Sanderdale Orphan's Home, one of the many institutions established in the South for the protection and care of the children of those who fell in the lost cause." It coming to the Association's knowledge that the Institution was in need of funds, they generously tendered their services, as on previous occasions, regardless of sect, they had done in behalf of the Ladies' Benevolent Association of Louisiana, the German Protestant Orphan Asylum, the Jewish Widows' and Orphans' Asyium, the St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum twice, the sufferers by the famine caused by the overflow of the Mississippi, and Louisiana Relief Lodge, No. 1 F. and A. M. By their efforts over ten thousand dollars have been raised and paid to these societies. The bill on the occasion of Monday night was Bulwer's comedy of 'Money,' with the following cast of characters, viz:—Alfred Evelyn, C. F. B.; Sir John Vesey, C. M. De C.; Sir Frederick Blount, J. N. A. W.; Mr. Graves, W. P. D. Jr.; Mr. Stout, (M. P.,) V. C. P.; Lord Glossmore, E. La H.; Captain Dudley Smooth, S. W. G.; Sharp, G. W. D.; Servant, ——; Clara Douglas, Miss Alice Placide; Lady Franklin, Miss M. W.; Georgina, Miss Emma Stanley. The house was comfortably filled in spite of the sultriness of the evening and a short rain storm, and the performance went off so smoothly as to indicate that considerable pains had been taken by the participants in the study of their several parts."

THE MAPLE CITY AMATEURS, of Hornellsville, N. Y., gave a performance on May 27th, for E. M. Smith's benefit, which is said to have been the most successful of any of its attempts. This Society is pronounced a good one, and embraces some fine amateur talent. This was their sixth performance since their organization within a year.

THE DAVENPORT CLUB, Cincinnati, gave a public exhibition at Becker's Hall on the 4th inst., for the purpose of supplying deficiencies in their treasury, and were greeted with a full house. They gave the play of "Money," with J. E. Sherwood as Evelyn, Churchill as Vesey, Kennedy as Blount, Schiedemantle as Sharp, and Miss Belle D. Linn as Clara Douglas. Sherwood and Schiedemantle are members of the first nine of the Buckeye base ball club.....The Woodward Circle, of the same city, closed for the season on the same evening, with select scenes from "She Stoops to Conquer," "Everybody's Friend," "The Honeymoon," "Julius Cæsar" and the farce of "Ici on Parle Francais." The quarrel scene between Brutus and Cassius was rendered by Meagher and Boake, also members of the Buckeye nine.

Foreign Show News.

THE LATEST LONDON SHOW NEWS.—Why, the coming of the Whitsuntide holidays came bad weather, and the lovers of amusement were in a great measure debarred from enjoying themselves as they otherwise would, more pardeularly as regards out door sports. The managers of the metropolitan theatres made many changes in their programmes and all novelties were successful. Adelina Patti appeared at the Italian Opera House on May 15th, for the first time this season, and received a hearty welcome, appearing as Amina. "Don Giovanni" was presented on May 17th, with Patti as Zerlina, followed on the 20th, with "Don Pasquale." At the Princess', Strand, New Royalty, Prince of Wales', and Holborn Theatres, no change has occurred....."The Ticket-of-Leave-Man" has been revived at the Olympic, at which house the season will shortly conclude.... The Pavilion re-opened on May 17th, under the direction of Messrs. Warde and D'Auban. A concert, a couple of *ballets*, Lawrence's troupe of living sculpture, &c., were the attractions.....Mrs. John Wood has secured many *artistes* of high position in the profession for her coming campaign at the St. James' Theatre, among whom are Miss Sallie Turner, Miss Everard, Miss Marion Lafferty, Mr. J. G. Shore, Mr. Gaston Murray, Mr. Grainger, of Liverpool, and Mr. A. W. Young. It is proposed to have three distinct companies for the different styles of entertainment presented.....As an illustration of the modern railroad facilities afforded the theatrical profession, we may mention that a few evenings since Henry Montgomery, of the Prince of Wales' Theatre, London, played in the first piece "A Winning Hazard," and the same night acted Dame Martha, at Dover, in Burnand's burlesque of "Alonzo the Brave," the performance being for the benefit of a local charity, and principally sustained by the officers of the Fourth King's Own. The same feat was accomplished by Mr. Montgomery the following night, the two theatres being thirty miles apart. Brougham's railroad trip to Philadelphia, November 13, 1856, beats this, as he performed in New York and Philadelphia the same night (a distance of 93 miles) and returned to New York before morning.—ED. CLIPPER.].....Edith Sandford made her first appearance in England on May 17th, in the equestrian drama of "Fire Fly." It is in a prologue and three acts, and is founded upon the story by Ouida, "Under Two Flags." The piece ends with a fighting scene, in which Etna, with Fire Fly on her back, mounts a blazing road, crosses a bridge of fire amid shots innumerable, and becomes the means of saving a child who is in imminent peril.....Buckstone was announced to open at the Standard on May 31st in "She Stoops to Conquer."..... "The Corsican Brothers, or The Troublesome Twins," was the holiday attraction presented at the Globe..... Alfred Thompson's "Columbus, or The Original Pitch in A-Merry-Key," was produced at the Gaiety on May 17th..... Thomas McGinnis, of the Royal Italian Opera, died in London May 20th, of consumption.....Most of the London theatres have abandoned the plan of "half price at nine o'clock."..... Among theatrical novelties we see announced at the Royal Alfred Theatre, a room for children under five years of age has been established, where on a small payment per head they can be left while the mothers see the performance..... A sensation scene occurred at Astley's Theatre on May 29th. In the scene where the inspection of the French army takes place by the hippo-dramatic spectacle of "The Battle of Waterloo," one of the mounted officers by some means lost control of his charger, and the animal, feeling, doubtless, somewhat awed by the sight of the Emperor, commenced a retrograde movement which brought him and his rider close to the orchestra. The audience began to feel uncomfortable, the musicians left their seats, but the horse still kept backing, until at last rider and horse both tumbled into the orchestra. Fortunately neither were hurt, but one of the musicians received some injuries. The scene caused some commotion, and for a time delayed the action of the piece. When the musicians appeared they received a hearty cheer. The music selected to beguile the time was, by a curious chance, Mr. Maccabe's air of the "Galloping Horse."..... George Conquest's drama of "The Devil's Gap" was produced at the Victoria on May 17th, also a burlesque extravaganza called "The Wood Demon," by F. Marchant. .....E. A. Sothern appeared at the Haymarket Theatre on May 20th, as Hugh de Brass in "A Regular Fix," which was followed by "High Life Below Stairs."....."The Streets to the Hulks"—the title of Conquest's new drama—drama of "Not Guilty."..... An effective drama entitled "Hop-pickers and Gipsies" by Hazlewood has been presented at the Britannia with success....."Rip Van Winkle" was produced at the Alfred Theatre on May 17th, with W. Sidney as Rip....."The Battle of Waterloo" has been revived at Astley's..... Sadler's Wells re-opened on May 17th, with Susan Denin in "East Lynne," and she was favorably received.....William Ball, lyrist and musician, died in London, May 14th, aged eighty-five years. The older generation of vocalists were much indebted to his fluent pen for the popularity they acquired through the songs with which he so liberally furnished them. "Jack's lament for the loss of his tail," written when pigtails were abolished in the navy, was one of the most popular songs of the day ever written. Mr. William Ball's "Drawing Room Concerts," which may be said to have originated the series of entertainments of the John Parry school, were a great success forty years ago.

ACCIDENT TO A GYMNAST.—An accident occurred lately to the gymnast Bonnaire at the Cirque de Pimperatrice, Paris. When springing from one trapeze to another he missed his grasp, but succeeded in seizing hold of a rope which hung from the ceiling, and down which he slid so rapidly as to knock to a distance one of the men who stood below to hold it taut, while he himself struck against a heavy weight suspended for the same purpose, and fell rather heavily on the ground. He was carried out insensible, and although he shortly after showed himself, supported by two of his comrades, he was still pale and evidently suffering from the shock.

MRS. ALICE DODD, widow of Henry Dodd, died in Liverpool, May 12th.

BERNHARD MOLIQUE, a celebrated violinist, is reported to have died in Cannstadt early in May. He was born at Nuremberg, and from 1826 to 1849 was musical director of the court and second director of the opera in Stuttgard. In 1840 he came to settle in London, where he became deservedly popular in the musical world. He returned to Germany, and spent his last days in Cannstadt.

MUSICAL COMPETITION IN GERMANY.—A musical competition, in which 150 composers took part, was recently opened at Wurzburg, when the Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg Gotha gained the third prise with a "Hymn to Peace," the words, in French, being by M. Gustave Oppeln. The piece was executed by 2,000 singers and ninety instruments.

THE FLORA THEATRE at Cologne has been totally destroyed by a fire which broke out just after the performance had been concluded. The catastrophe is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, and the more so that the Grand Theatre was burnt to the ground a few months back under similar circumstances.

THE DAUGHTER of Jenny Lind Goldschmidt, a girl of twelve years, is said to possess much of her mother's great talent, and an excellent voice.

ADAMS, the American tenor, is singing in "Masaniello" in Vienna.

MISS GRENNAN, a young lady who has just made a hit as Oscar, in the "Ballo in Maschera," at Belluno, a small town of North Italy, was a few years ago a choir singer in New York.

JAMES HENRY HORNCASTLE, well known in this country as a meritorious vocalist and actor, died in Worcestershire, Eng., on May 6th, from gastric fever. Mr. Horncastle was born in London, Eng., May 26th, 1801. Made his London *debut* at Drury Lane Theatre, in 1820, as the First Witch in "Macbeth. Came to America in 1839 with the Harrison and Pyne Troupe, and made his *debut* at the National Theatre, Church street, New York, as Amalia. First appeared in Philadelphia, January 28th, 1839, at the Chestnut Street Theatre, for the benefit of Mr. Wilson. Resided in Philadelphia, and was attached to the Princess' Theatre, London, for some time. He retired from the stage, and was at the time of his death an annuitant of the General Theatrical Fund. He was musician, actor, author and composer.

A PRIVATE CONCERT was recently given by Queen Victoria at Buckingham Palace, to seven hundred guests. The programme included nineteen pieces, interpreted by an orchestra and chorus of one hundred and sixty performers, with De Murska, Nuilssen, Edith Wynne, Gardoni and Stanley as the solo singers.

FLOTOW'S "MARTHA" was first produced in Vienna in 1847, and excepting Verdi's "Trovatore," has been sung in more European cities and languages than any modern opera.

GENEVIEVE, the daughter of Halevy, has just been bound in wedlock to M. Bizet, composer of the opera entitled "The Pearl Fishers."

BERNARD MOLIQUE, famous as a violinist and composer of "Abraham" and other oratorios, died at Stuttgart on the 13th ult.

THALBERG is now in Paris, and is reported to be very rich, and plays at private parties only.

JENNY LIND is announced to sing in her husband's oratorio, "Ruth," at Hamburg.

MINNIE HAUCK, the American cantatrice, is now in Paris, having recently arrived there from Holland, where she was very successful. She is engaged for two years at the Grand Opera, Vienna.

Paris, having recently arrived there from Holland, where she was very successful. She is engaged for two years at the Grand Opera, Vienna.

MADAME DE LAGRANGE, the operatic *prima donna*, is at present in Paris, and is reported to be very rich. She plays at private parties only

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